



# STEEL TUBE AND PIPE HANDBOOK



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### Note:

Page numbers of actual product sort and groups – see production program on the page 4–5.

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### Dear customers, dear ladies and gentlemen,

we prepare this technical tube guide with the view of continual development of our firm mutual business relations. Tube guide includes technical data of steel tubes and tube semi-products, made in company Železiarne Podbrezová. Technical data are included in national and world-wide standards or regulations, or bilateral technical delivery conditions and terms.

Application of tube products have to be in compliance with particular law and rules, concerning safety, health protection and environment. For this reason is short standardisation survey listed in handbook.

### Attention:

In the countries of European Union there were European standards (EN) adapted into the system of national standards. Previous standards are not valid by now. Previous standards **should not be used in commercial communication** for this reason, but valid EN standards.

Data from previous standards, shown in surveys, **during temporary period** support the comparison of individual tube parameters, older technical documentation study, possible tube alternative to previous standards finding e.t.c.

**GOST, USA (ASTM, ASME, ANSI, API) and JIS standards are still valid.**

## **Committee for standardization and standard**

**International, worldwide recognized actual standards are issued by two standardization institutions resident in Geneva:**

**ISO (International Standards Organization)** – issuing universal standards

**IEC (International Electrotechnical Commission)** – issuing electrotechnic standards

ISO standards are accepted worldwide and therefore they usually do not go through the national standard systems. For steel tube they are applied rarely. ISO numbers are in brackets.

### **European standardization**

European standardization is analogous to global system, but it consists of three committees. Two first resident in Brussels, the third one in Sophia Antipolis (France):

**CEN (Comité Européen de Normalisation)** – issues universal standards. Standards regarding iron and steel are issued by European Commission for Standardization of Iron and Steel (ECISS) and appropriate Technical Committees.

**CENELEC (Comité Européen de Normalisation Électrotechnique)** – issues electrotechnic standards

**ETSI (European Telecommunications Standards Institute)** – issues telecommunication standards

### **National committee for standardization**

They issue national standards. Connecting to European Union enlarging are European standards (EN) implemented into the national standard systems (technical standard harmonization). Unlike ISO standards are EN implemented without modification and hereby all discordant national standards have to be cancelled. Connected with this the philosophy of standard use has essentially changed: in the past was performance of standard regulations obligatory. At present appear two terms: relevance and obligation of standard. The standard is valid but, except some clauses, its observance is not compulsory. Standard gives recommend technical terms, which need not be applied. On the other hand two factors arise:

- if the standard is specific in the contract between seller and buyer, it will become a part of contract and all its demands have to be executed
- in the case some damage occurs in consequence of failure of harmonized standard claims, he who failed terms, defined by government act, bear liability. That's because by law if national standard system assumes harmonized EN, it will become also harmonized. After publishing in Official publication of national standards standard may be used for advisement of technical terms execution.

### **Another standards**

Here belong mainly company standards. These can not be contrary to national standards.

Further class are the standards of craft companies, e.g. in USA (AISI, ASTM, ASME, API, SAE).

Valid bilateral technical terms or specifications can be shut-down between commercial partners.

### **Technical standards**

are a part of legislation valid in appropriate industrial field. Specific connection of particular regulations is shown in the captions of individual tube range.

## **Steel tubes – classification and terminology**

Mentioned terms of steel tubes are in standard EN 10079 or others (ISO 6929).

**Tube classification** goes out several aspects: mode of production, cross section shape, tube ends treatment, sphere of tube usage.

**According to EN 10079** tubes rank among so-called long products. It is a product having permanent circular or another hollow section along, with both ends free and with relatively long length.

**By mode of production** are tubes divided to two big groups – seamless and welded. Each of this groups can be sectionalized by method of tube production – hot or cold production.

A part of tube products are also so-called **hollow sections**. Here belong seamless or welded tubes of circular, square or rectangular section, used as part of building steel constructions or machine units.

**Hollow bars** are seamless tubes of circular section designed for production of machine parts by machining. Different from the two first tube groups hollow bars have qualitative and dimensional parameters, which fit to requirements of workability, heat treatment or surface quality.

Tubes in this guide book are ordered **by application** considering mode of production, similar to ordering in new steel tube EN.

## **Technical standards of steel tubes**

Technical characteristics of steel tubes are detailed in the appropriate technical standards.

Pipe parameters could be divided into three main groups:

- dimensions and their tolerances (depending upon the tube manufacturing method)
- steel grade and steel conditions
- technical delivery conditions

Individual national bureaus of standards use different procedures for data standardization of steel pipes. In real life three options are used:

- each main group of parameters is contained in a single standard. The standards are interconnected using references to the related ones. Dimensional standard contains dimensional tables and their tolerances; steel standard contains its chemical composition and mechanical properties for various methods of pipe manufacturing and steel tempers. The third standard of the technical delivery conditions (TDC) sets out all remaining requirements for pipes – testing, acceptance, certificates, packaging, marking, etc. At the same time it contains references to other standards where these activities are described (e.g. STN, ČSN).
- the second option is when steel and its characteristics are included into the TDC standard, and this one contains dimensional tolerances. Two standards are used to describe a pipe – dimensional standard that contains dimensional table and the TDC standard (e.g. DIN).
- the third option – pipe parameters are in a single standard, which also contains the dimensional table, or extraction from the general table of dimensions constituting which is the content of the general dimensional standard (e.g. NFA, EN).

In real life there are cases, where both the seller and the buyer make bilateral TDC contracts, or they deliver pipes in accordance with the buyer's specifications, which can also include the references to national standards. Normally, this is the case, where the demands for pipes are higher than those set-up in the national standards.

## Production programm – products classification by application

### Continuously cast steel blooms

Page 13

### Seamless steel tubes for building and mechanical and general use

Page 14

#### Steel tubes for building (hollow structural sections)

Page 14

#### Tubes for mechanical and general engineering

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#### Tubes for machining

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#### Tubes for machine parts and general use \*

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#### Precision tubes and HPL tubes (seamless and welded)

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### Seamless steel tubes for pressure equipments

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#### Tubes with specified room temperature properties

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#### Tubes with specified elevated temperature properties

Page 34

#### Alloy fine grain steel tubes for pressure equipments

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#### Tubes with specified low temperature properties

Page 44

#### Tubes for heat exchangers \* \*

Page 48

#### Tubes with internal riffling

Page 53

### Pipes suitable for welding and threading

Page 54

### Line pipe

Page 56

### Casing and tubing (upon agreement)

Page 58

\* Upon agreement also tubes (sections) with non-rounded cross section

\*\* Special offer upon agreement:  
Seamless or welded tubes for heat exchangers:  
carbon-, low alloy-, ferritic- and austenitic alloy steels  
the possibility of deliveries of long tubes  
U - bending and finning capabilities

**Precision cold drawn seamless steel tubes** Page 60

**Standard precision tubes** Page 60

**Cylinder tubes (for mechanical treatment – HPZ)** Page 72

**Cylinder tubes (HP – „ready to use“)** Page 74

**Tubes for hydraulic and pneumatic lines – HPL** Page 76

**Tubes for automotive industry** Page 84

**Injections tubes (for Diesel engines)** Page 84

**Bearings tubes** Page 85

**Precision welded steel tubes** Page 86

**Cold sized precision welded tubes** Page 86

**Cold drawn precision welded tubes** Page 88

**Cold sized precision welded square and rectangular tubes** Page 91

**Precision welded tubes for automotive industry** Page 91

**Precision welded tubes for hydraulic and pneumatic lines** Page 91

**Precision welded tubes for heat exchanger** Page 48

**Tube semiproducts** Page 92

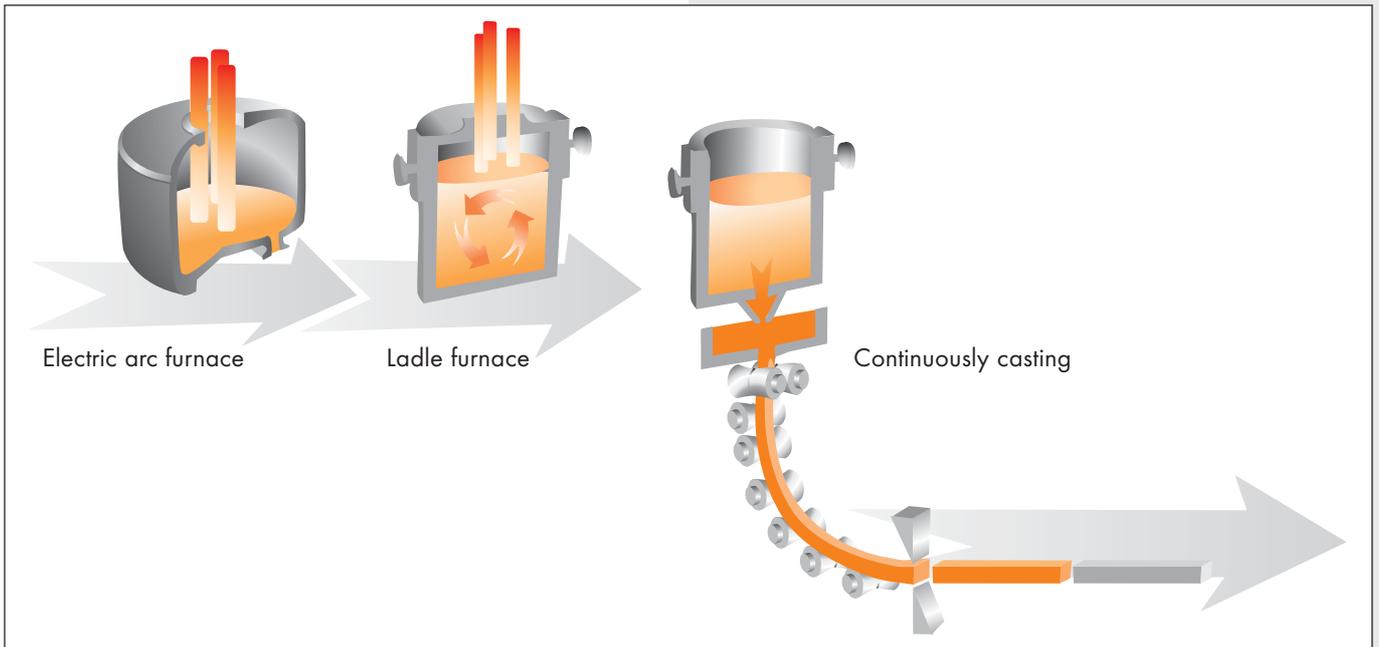
**Buttwelding steel pipe fittings** Page 94

**Submerged arc longitudinal welded steel tubes and pipes** Page 102

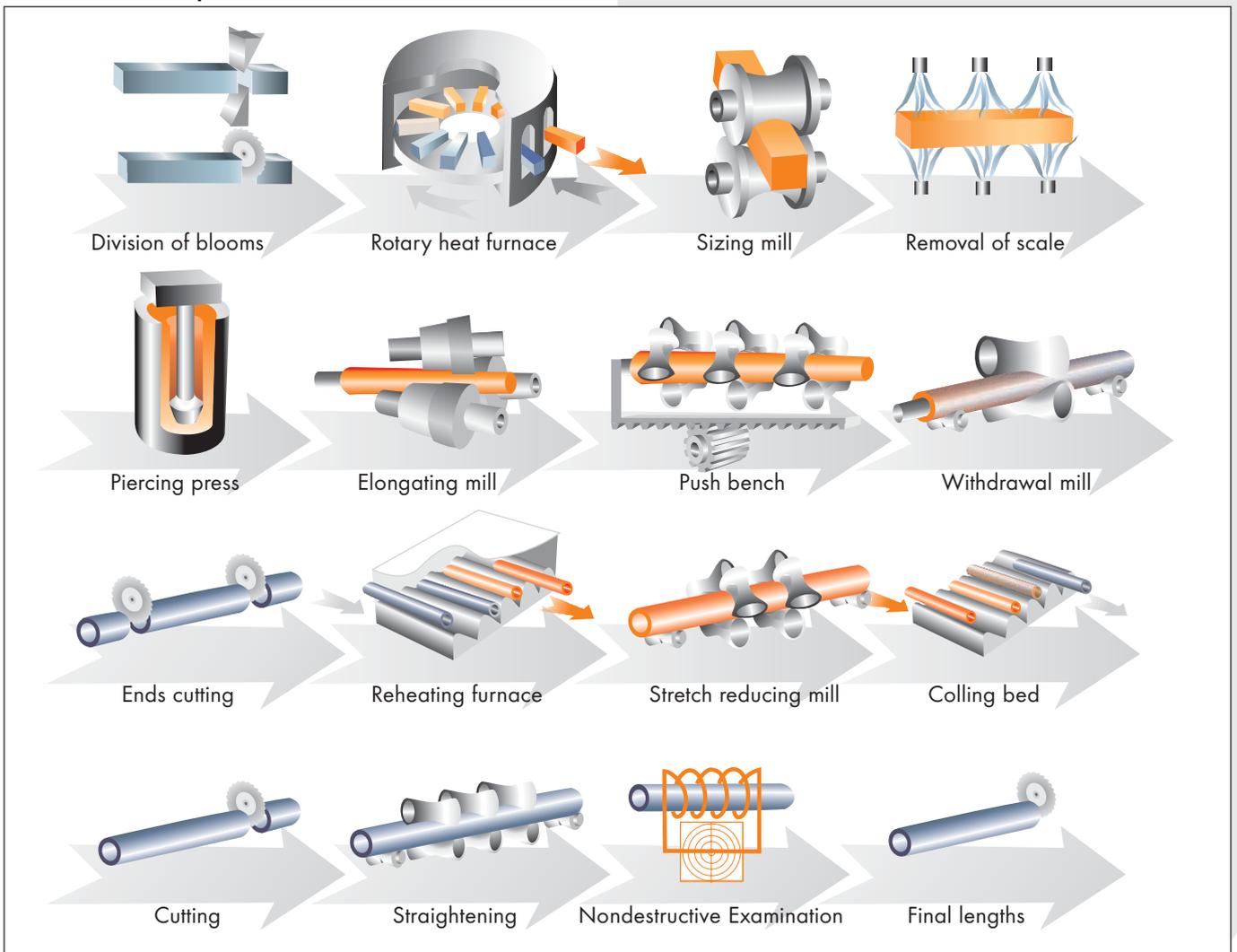
Summary of technical delivery conditions for groups of tubes according to purpose of application see page 124.

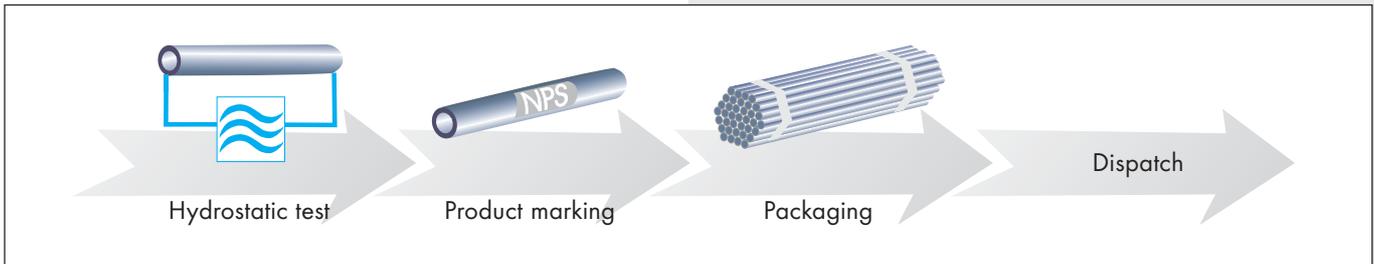
# Production flow chart in Železiarne Podbrezová

## Steel production

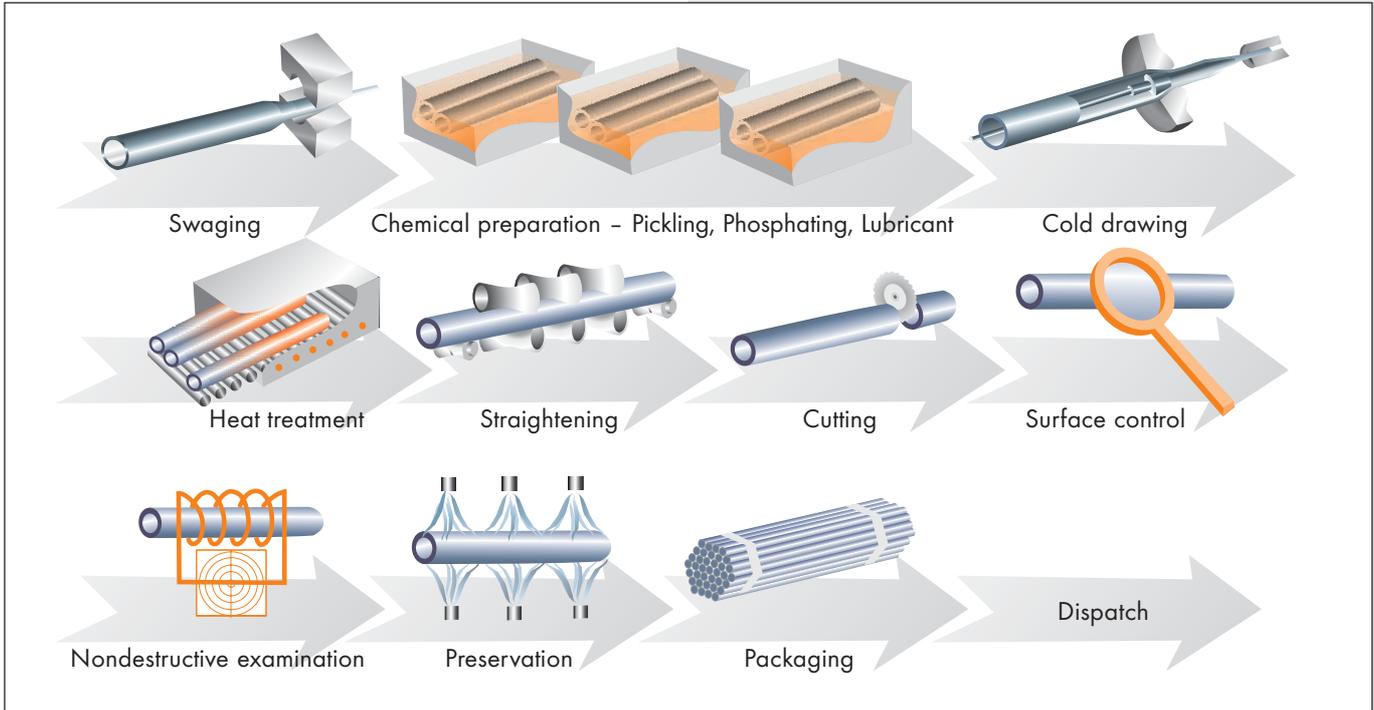


## Hot finished tubes production

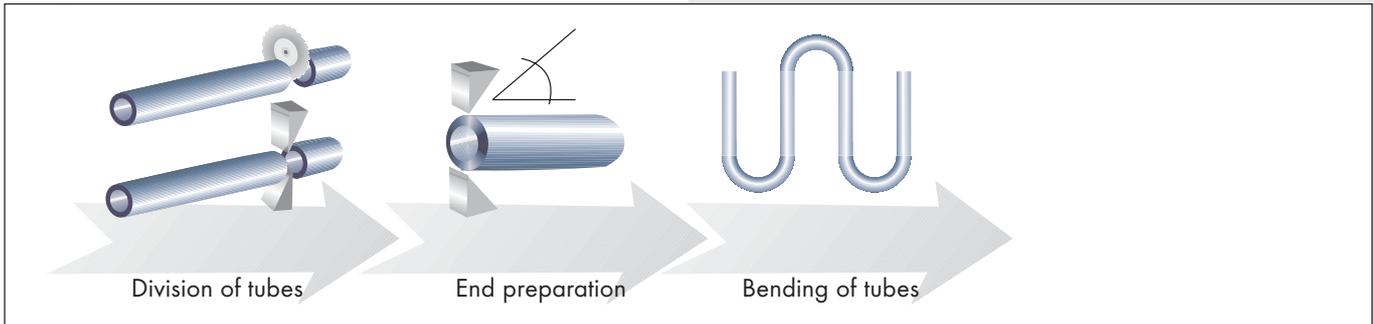




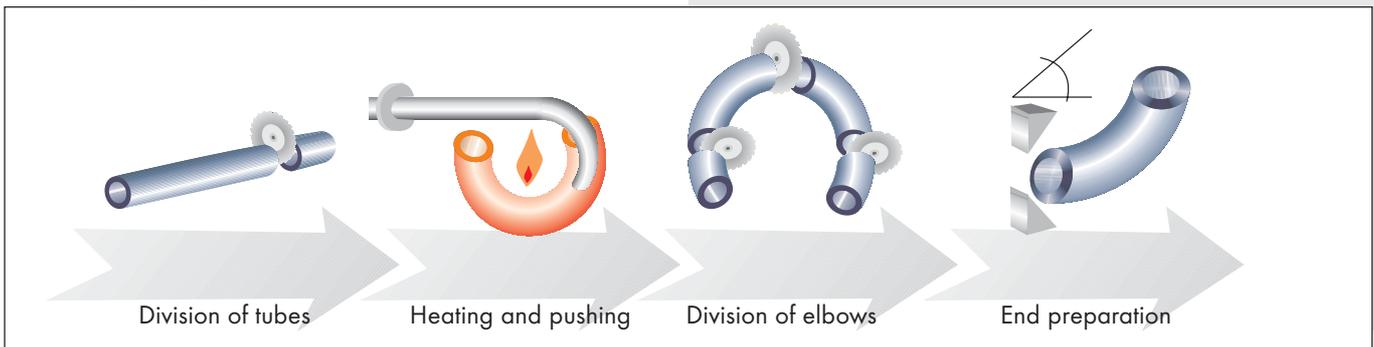
**Precision cold drawn tubes production**



**Semiproducs fabrication**



**Buttwelding fittings production**



## Review of basic characteristics of steel tubes

The basic characteristics classification is detailed in the previous section. In this chapter there is a general description of these characteristics with the aim to serve as basis for description of individual particular types and groups of steel tubes. They are:

- tube sizes
- steel for tubes
  - steel classifications and definitions
  - steel marking system for tubes according to EN
- technical delivery conditions (TDC) of tubes (excludes testing)
- tube testing
  - test types
  - types of document control
  - individual tests

### Tube dimensions

The tube dimensions belong among the basic characteristics of tubes. For industry needs and general use, tubes are manufactured in diameters ranging from tenths of millimeters to those having diameter of a few meters.

It is mandatory that the tube sizes be set out in such a way that they define the tube completely from this point of view. In the tubes with circular cross section, there are, except for the length, three main dimensions: outside diameter, inside diameter and wall thickness. In circular tubes two values out of those mentioned are given. According to tube types we can also assign to dimensions the appropriate dimensional tolerances.

Dimensions of individual tubes are not created by chance, but they are arranged into the dimensional sequels under the specific system. The tube sizes are in mm; in the USA and some other countries they use inches ("Zoll" in German). In this case tubes are also classified into two groups - "Tubes" are those used in mechanical applications and in energy facilities, while inches are used for the actual outside diameter. "Pipes" are those used in pipelines for different matters. Pipe size is denoted as the nominal pipe size, and up to 12 inches the denotation is given as an approximate value (clearance) of the inside pipe diameter (more details can be found in the particular pipe types).

After converting the pipe dimensions to millimetres used in the SI system there is a first and preferred sequel of outside diameters of steel pipes created (the first series in EN 10220, DIN 2448, etc.). However, this doesn't mean that the pipes within Series 2 and 3 are not used at all. The sizes in Series 2 and 3 (for use in Europe, and supplemented by rounded off dimensions in mm) constitute the standards for Tubes, used in energy facilities design, and in tubes intended for mechanical usage.

Sequel of pipe wall thicknesses has its origin in the inch Unit system, where in order to express a size uses fractions. The series "Schedule" forms pipe wall thickness (40, 60, 80, 120, etc.), and in some dimensions is interconnected with the mass class (STD, XS, XXS). These values, converted to millimeters, form a part of pipe wall thickness series. (Note: size - value Schedule, e.g. 40, is not constant, but dependant upon the outside diameter of a pipe). In the Tube category the wall thickness values are derived either from "scales" BWG, SWG, or other ones. After conversion to millimetres, these values become a part of sequel in steel tube wall thicknesses.

For precision tubes used in Europe and in countries using SI units are established the dimensional series with rounded off measures of outside diameters and wall thicknesses.

**The following formula is used for calculation of reference weight (mass):**

$$M = (D - T) \times T \times 0,0246615 \text{ (kg/m)}, \text{ or } \times 10,69 \text{ [in(lb/ft)]}.$$

Formula is applicable for carbon steel. For other steel the value is multiplied by the following coefficient:

Steel	Specific weight	Coefficient
Carbon	7,85 kg.dm <sup>-3</sup>	1
Austenitic stainless	7,97 kg.dm <sup>-3</sup>	1,015
Ferritic and martensitic	7,73 kg.dm <sup>-3</sup>	0,985

### Steels for tubes

Steel definition and division according to **EN 10020** - steel is defined like:

- material with iron mass rate upper then rate of any other elements
- content of carbon (C) is less than 2%, what is current limit between steel and cast iron (except some Cr-steel with allowed content of carbon more than 2%)
- steel contains also more elements, shown in following table:

Limit value of elements for non alloyed and alloyed steel - column Nr.1

Weldable fine grain structural alloyed steel. Limit value of chemical composition of qualitative and high-grade steel - column Nr. 2

Element	Mass rate in %	
	1	2
Al aluminium	0,30	
B boron	0,0008	
Bi bismuth	0,10	
Co cobalt	0,30	
Cr chrome	0,30	0,50
Cu copper	0,40	0,50
La lantanides (each)	0,10	
Mn manganese	1,65	1,80
Mo molybdenum	0,08	0,10
Nb niobium	0,06	0,08
Ni nickel	0,30	0,50
Pb lead	0,40	
Se selenium	0,10	
Si silicium	0,60	
Te tellurium	0,10	
Ti titanium	0,05	0,12
V vanadium	0,10	0,12
W wolfram	0,30	
Zr zircon	0,05	0,12
Other elements (except: carbon, phosphorus, sulphur, nitrogen), (each)		0,10

Index of defining of alloying elements content characteristic number

Element	Index
Cr, Co, Mn, Ni, Si, W	4
Al, Be, Cu, Mo, Nb, Pb, Ta, Ti, V, Zr	10
Ce, N, P, S	100
B	1000

Note - Alloy steel:

1. Steel is also given in EN.
2. Cast analysis is valid.
3. Minimum element content - see table.
4. In the case when maximum element content is given, 70% of that value (except Mn) is used for qualification.

## Classification of steels according to EN 10020

Steel quality groups according to chemical composition	Classification of steel within the main quality groups	
<b>NON-ALLOY STEELS</b>	<b>NON-ALLOY QUALITY STEELS</b>	<b>NON-ALLOY SPECIAL STEELS</b>
Element contents beyond the tabulated values	For general requirements: - impact energy - grain size - formability	+
<b>STAINLESS STEELS</b>		<b>BASIC CHARACTERISTICS</b>
Max. contents C 1,2% Min. contents Cr 10,5% Ni contents less than 2,5% or Ni contents over 2,5%		Corrosion resisting steels Creep resisting steels Heat resisting steels
<b>OTHER ALLOY STEELS</b>	<b>ALLOY QUALITY STEELS</b>	<b>ALLOY SPECIAL STEELS</b>
Non stainless steel, contents of, at least, a single element within the tabulated values.	fine-grain steels steels for rails and reinforcing steels for demanding use alloy steels by Cu steels for electronics	+
		structural steels for pressure vessels for anti-friction bearings tool steels high-speed steels special physical characteristics

• Classification of steels see also ISO 4948-1 and ISO 4948-2

### Designation system for steels according to EN

<b>EN 10027 – 1</b> (ISO/TS 4949)	Steel names
	Abbreviated designation system
	Principal symbols
<b>EN ECISS IC10</b>	Additional symbols
<b>EN 10027 – 2</b>	Numerical system

According to **EN 10027 – 1** the steel names divide into the two main groups:

- Group 1 – steel designated according to the usage and mechanical properties
- Group 2 – steel designated according to the chemical composition. These further divide into the four subgroups.

#### Group 1

- S – structural steel (for general usage)
- P – steel for pressure equipments
- L – steel for pipelines
- E – steel for machine parts (the subsequent number stands for the minimum yield value in  $\nu$  N/mm<sup>2</sup>)
- B – concrete reinforcing steel
- Y – prestressed concrete reinforcing steel
- R – steel for rails
- H – high strength steel for cold rolled flat products
- D – sheet products from mild steel for cold forming – cold rolled
- T – thin sheets and strips for packing
- M – sheets and strips for electronic industry

The first four steel kinds are used for tubes.

**Group 2** – includes 4 subgroups

- **non-alloy carbon steel** (with controlled C content) – designation: Letter C and the number corresponding to the centuplicate of the average range specified for carbon content (**C22**)
- **Non-alloy carbon steel** containing Mn > 1% **and alloyed steel** with the contents of individual alloying elements less than 5% – designation:

- a) number corresponding to the carbon contents centuplicate
- b) chemical symbols of alloying elements arranged according to the descending content of elements
- c) numbers set out following the alloying elements content. Mean element content, multiplied by index from table and approximated to higher number (**25CrMo4**).

- **alloy steel** with alloying addition content (a minimum of a single element over 5%) – designation:

- a) characteristic letter **X** (**X11CrMo9-1**)
- b) number – centuplicate of the mean carbon content
- c) chemical symbols of alloying elements
- d) numbers set out following the alloying elements content. Mean element content approximated to higher number.

- **high-speed steel** – designation

- a) characteristic letters HS (**HS 6-5-2**)
- b) numbers set out following the alloying elements content

Regulation **EN ECISS IC10** sets out additional symbols for **steel** (Group 1 and 2). These symbols form the suffixes to the steel mark end (e.g. S 275 J0). The supplementary symbols for **steel products** are detailed in Table 1, 2 and 3, and plus (+) must separate them from the preceding symbols – e.g. S 275 J0+A.

#### Symbols for steel tubes

- G – other characteristics (according to the need 1 to 2 digits)
- H – hollow profile or steel for higher temperatures according to steel type (S, P)
- L – steel for low temperatures
- R – steel for room temperatures (ambient temperature)
- M – thermo mechanically rolled
- N – normalized annealing or normalized rolled
- Q – quenched
- T – steel for tubes

**EN 10027 – 2** includes the numerical system. The first digit is 1 – steel, followed by two digit of the steel and the steel sequence number (**1.0402, 1.7218, 1.7386, 1.3339**).

## Technical delivery conditions (TDC) of tubes (excludes inspection)

All tubes requirements are concentrated in the TDC Standards. Specific data are included in standards for several groups of tubes General TDC for steel production are EN 10021 (ISO 404). Symbols and definitions of terms for use in product standards are in EN 10266. Important part is the tube testing.

### Tube inspection

Tube testing proves that properties of tubes meet the requirements of an order and appropriate standards.

The process divide up into three parts:

- setting out the test type (EN 10021, EN 10204, ISO 10474)
- setting out the type of a document inspection (EN 10204)
- selection of individual tests (particularly TDC)

The individual parts are connected without possibility of any combination. Proper tests of particular tubes are specified in TDC.

#### • Non-specific and specific inspection

##### Non-specific inspection

- contains only mandatory tests according to the particular standard
- test specimens do not have to be from their own delivery
- testing station does not have to be independent from the tubes treatment plant

##### Specific inspection

- except for mandatory tests it contains other free selected tests
- tube specimens are from the delivery, and their number is set by standard
- testing station must be independent from the pipe treatment plant

#### • Tests

- mandatory - as per individual TDC standards
- optional - agreed upon while placing an order for the tubes chosen from standard

#### • Quality – TR 1, TR 2 depends on:

- chemical composition (Al contents)
- mechanical properties value (bending impact test)
- type of tubes testing (specific and non-specific testing)

#### • Test category – TC1 and TC2 depends on:

- establishing of a standard
  - chemical composition (carbon or alloyed steel)
  - possibility of choice in placing an order for pipes (in C steel)
- The categories differ from each other mainly by the requirement for non-destructive testing of pipes, or selection of alternative tests.

#### • Types of inspection documents

The summary of certificate types meets the requirements of EN 10204 in accordance with the type of inspection:

##### Non-specific inspection

- 2.1 Certificate of compliance with the order (manufacturer)
- 2.2 Test Report (manufacturer)

##### Specific testing

- 2.3 Specific Test Report (manufacturer) – manufacturer's test certificate, test results based on specific testing. This is only issued if the manufacturer has no independent testing station. If the testing station is independent, in lieu of this certificate a Certificate 3.1.B has to be issued.

3.1.A Inspection Certificate 3.1.A (office inspector)

3.1.B Inspection Certificate 3.1.B (works inspector)

3.1.C Inspection Certificate 3.1.C (purchase inspector)

3.2 Inspection Report 3.2 (works and purchase inspector)

**EN 10204: 2004 Issue** customizes following test certificates:

2.1 Declaration of compliance with the order

2.2 Test report

2.3 Not considered

3.1 Inspection certificate 3.1 (former 3.1.B)

3.2 Inspection certificate 3.2 (former 3.1.A, 3.1.C, 3.2)

In EN is the table – Relation between class qualification according to Regulation 97/23 EU, supplement I., section 4.3 and type of certificate.

#### The tests are divide into groups:

- **value of steel chemical composition** - cast  
- product

- **dimensional inspection**

- **mechanical properties\*** - tensile test  
- (hardness)

- impact test

- **technological tests\***

- flattening

- drift expanding

- flanging

- bending

- ring tensile test

- hydrostatic test

- **leak tightness test**

- non-destructive testing

- **non-destructive testing**

(eddy currents, leakage fluxes, ultrasonic)

- longitudinal defects

- transverse defects

- laminar defects

- **other tests** (metallography, corrosion resistance, etc.)

\* see page 110

Table below lists the overview of the leak tightness test and non-destructive testing:

Method	STN, CSN	DIN (SEP)	EN	ASTM	Dimensions	ISO
<b>Tightness test</b>						
<b>Hydrostatic pressure</b>	42 0415.8		Normy TDP		D < 140 mm	
<b>NDT</b>	01 5047 01 5049 01 5054	SEP 1925	10 246 - 1		vid' NDT	9302
<b>Non-destructive tests (NDT)</b>						
<b>Eddy currents</b>	01 5054	(PRP 02-74)	10 246 - 3	E 309	D > 4 mm, T > 0,5 mm	9304
<b>Leakage fluxes</b>	01 5047	SEP 1913	10 246 - 5	E 570	D > 32 mm, T > 2 mm**	9402
<b>Ultrasonic – L</b> longitudinal imperf.	01 5028 - 2	SEP 1915	10 246 - 7	E 213	D > 13 mm, T > 1(2) mm**	9303
<b>Ultrasonic – Q</b> transverse imperf.	01 5028 - 3	SEP 1918	10 246 - 6			9305
<b>Ultrasonic – D</b> laminar imperf.	01 5028 - 4	SEP 1919	10 246 - 14			

Tube lengths - see List of standards given for each of tube groups

1)\*\* Values for Podbrezová 2) SEP 1917 - Eddy currents testing for electric-resistance welded tubing

## Leak tightness test and NDT of tubes for pressure purposes according to EN

EN 10216 – 1	EN 10216 – 2, 3, 4
<b>Quality TR1 or TR2</b>	<b>Test category TC1 or TC2</b>
C-steel, sort of quality is included in steel name	C-steel – option TC1 or TC2 Alloy steel – TC2 only
<b>1. Leak tightness test</b> Mandatory test for all tubes. Option from methods: <b>1.1 Hydrostatic test</b> Hydrostatic test shall be carried out at a test pressure of 70 bar or a test pressure P calculated using the following equation, whichever is lower: $P = 20x (SxT)/D$ , where S = stress in MPa, corresponding to 70% of minimum yield strength. <b>1.2 NDT (electromagnetic test) according to EN 10246 – 1 (E)</b> Option from methods: 1.2.1 encircling coil – diameter of drilled hole in reference standard may be specific as percentage of wall thickness or diameter of tube 1.2.2 rotary probe coil – reference standard with depth of the notch of 12,5% of nominal wall thickness T (min. 0,5 mm, max 1,5 mm). Width of notch is smaller as depth, length min. 50 mm.	
<b>2. Non-destructive testing – longitudinal imperfections</b>	
<b>2.1 Quality TR2 - optional test</b> - option from methods: 2.1.1 EN 10246-3 (electromagnetic) 2.1.2 EN 10246-5 (flux leak tightness) 2.1.3 EN 10246-7 (ultrasonic) Level 3, sub-category C	<b>2.2 Test category TC2 – mandatory test</b> - option from methods: 2.2.1 EN 10246-7 (ultrasonic) Level U2, sub-category C 2.2.2 EN 10246-5 (flux leak tightness) Level F2 <b>2.3 transverse imperfections</b> (EN 10246-6, U2C) and <b>2.4 laminar imperfections</b> (EN 10246-14, U2) <b>2.5 measurement of WT</b> (EN 10246-13) <b>– only as optional test upon agreement.</b>

### Note

EN 10216-1 – only C-steel is included in standard

The pressure tubes of category TC2 are usually tested with combination of two NDT: - electromagnetic (eddy current) test (leak tightness)  
- ultrasonic test (NDT)

### Testing methods

**E – Eddy Current** (EN 10246-1 and 3). (Test 1.2 and 2.1.1 in the table above.) For tubes with  $D \geq 4$  mm.

Encircling coil – level of admittance E1H, E2H, E3H, E4H (diameter of drilled hole in reference standard may be specific as a function of diameter D – see table in standard)

Rotary probe coil – level of admittance E2, E3, E4, E5

**F – Flux Leakage** (EN 10246-5). (Testing 2.1.2 and 2.2.2 in the table above.) For tubes with  $D \geq 10$  mm.

Level of admittance F2, F3, F4, F5, F6

**U – Ultrasonic** – longitudinal imperfections EN 10246-7

– transverse imperfections EN 10246-6

– laminar imperfections EN 10246-14 (WT over 5 mm)

– measurement of WT (EN 10246-13) (WT over 4,5–5 mm)

(Tests 2.1.3, 2.2.1, 2.3, 2.4 and 2.5 in the table above). For tubes with  $D \geq 10$  mm and rate  $D/T > 5$ . For smaller rate agreement.

Level of admittance of EN 10246-7 – U1, U2, U3, U4, U5, U6

Semilevel A, B, C, D

Test level and depth of gauge notch in % of wall thickness:

1	3
2	5
3	10
4	12,5
5	15
6	20

Subcategory – minimum depth of notch (mm)

A	0,1
B	0,2
C	0,3
D	0,5

Subcategories A, B, C, D are applied for cold formed and machined tubes. Subcategories C and D are applied for hot rolled tubes. Other values of levels of admittance as in EN – upon agreement.

Transverse, laminar testing and measurement of WT imperfections – upon agreement only.

**Testing according to ASTM A** - see page 39

## Quality management system, certification, legislation

The manual is, primarily, focused on providing an overview of technical parameters of steel tubes produced by Železiarne Podbrezová. The tubes themselves as well as products and facilities whose parts consist of the tubes must also meet requirements of respective state or professional regulations, rules and decrees aimed at safety of operation, health and environment protection. Also the quality management system must be in accordance with respective regulations and is subject to certification issued by authorised company.

### Quality management

can consist of several stages:

- certification of the quality management system in accordance with international ISO standards 9001: 2000
- certification of the quality management system in accordance with specific technical regulations
- certification of products. This part consist of three areas:
  1. Production certification – certification that products produced in accordance with standards meet the requirements of the regulations (e.g. EU regulations)
  2. Products intended for construction purposes – compliance demonstration
  3. Certification of products – acknowledgement of companies authorised to accept tubes that the products meet requirements of the respective standards

### SEM or EMS

Environmental Management System is certified according to standard EN ISO 14 001.

### OHSAS 18001

OHSAS is an international Occupational Health and Safety Management System specification.

### Legislation

Steel tubes are, depending on the purpose of their use, divided into particular groups which are subject to superior regulations of various type and strength.

In EU countries are valid for several groups of products Directive and Standards.

**Directive** are the part of national legislation. Designation of directives:

- year of edition / number / EU

Virtue acquired past its edition in Official Journal EU (collection of Laws).

In OJ is directive marked:

- OJ L number / date

**Standards** are valid for several groups of tubes and pipes.

With respect to the aforementioned there are three distinctive types of tubes:

- tubes intended for building and construction purposes
- tubes intended for pressure use
- tubes for machinery building

### Tubes intended for building and construction purposes

They are classified as final products. Procedure applied to compliance demonstration:

- CPD Directive No. 1989/106 EU (Construction Products Directive), implemented to laws and related regulations (in Slovakia, Act No. 90/1998 Coll., in the Czech Rep. Act No. 22/1997 Coll.) and subsequent regulations and decrees.
- Technical standard (voluntary, harmonised, e.g. EN standard). Standards specify technical requirements applied to products.
- Declaration of conformity – certificate that assessed products are fully in conformity with safety requirements.

Conformity marking – Ü-Zeichen will be replaced with CE-Zeichen. For the Slovak Republic, the designation C<sub>SK</sub> is applied at the present. CE is valid for EN 10210, EN 10219, EN 10224, EN 10255.

### Tubes intended for pressure equipments

They are classified as materials used for construction of pressure equipment.

- PED Directive No. 1997/23 EU (Pressure Equipment Directive) and its Annex 1 clause 4.3. (see page 25 too)
- The directive is transposed to EN standards, which apply for example to construction of boilers and also specify the standards for particular materials (previously so called Regelwerke). Example: EN – EN 12 952
- EN standards for steel tubes for pressure use – EN 10216 – 2 (standard for boiler tubes) – manufacturer's certificate that the standards correspond to the requirement of respective regulations.

### Tubes for mechanical purpose and machinery building

For machinery building – see Machinery Directive 98/37/EC. For deliveries of tubes for automotive industry it is necessary, so supplier is certified according to ISO/TS 16949 and (or) standard of VDA series 6. ISO/TS 16949 are supplementary requirements for use of standard ISO 9001: 2000 in automotive industry. VDA 6.1 is standard for audit of Quality – Management System.

First standard was published from IATF – International Automotive Task Force and JAMA – Japan Automobile Manufacturers Association. VDA is Verband der Automobilindustrie in Germany.

## Continuously cast steel blooms

Steel blooms are the starting material for the production of seamless hot finished tubes and pipes. They are also used for the production of other metallurgical semi products by hot forming (rolling, forging, pressing).

### Dimensions and tolerances

#### Blooms of square cross-section

Square side [mm]	Tolerances [mm]	Sidelong max* [mm]	Cross-section area [mm <sup>2</sup> ]	Weight [kg/m]	Edge of the bloom [mm]
150	±3	±6	22 420	175,5	R = 5 mm ±1 mm
160	±3	±6	25 600	199,7	R = 10 mm ±1 mm
180	±3	±7	32 100	252,7	R = 10 mm ±1 mm
200	±4	±7	39 680	312,0	R = 10 mm ±1 mm
225	±5	±9	50 170	394,8	45°/15 mm
280	±8	±11	76 662	598,0	R = 45 mm ±1,5 mm

\* Difference of diagonals of square

#### Blooms of circular cross-section

Diameter [mm]	Tolerances [mm]	Ovality [mm]	Cross-section area [mm <sup>2</sup> ]	Weight [kg/m]
150	±2	3	17 662	137,7
180	±3	5	25 434	198,4
210	±4	5	34 618	270,0
260	±5	6	53 066	414,0
280	±5	7	61 575	480,0

### Lengths

The blooms are delivered in lengths of 4000 - 9000 mm with length tolerance of +50 mm.

Straightness tolerance - 1% of length

Obliqueness of front side - 5°

### Steel quality

The steel is produced by electric process and is fully killed. The chemical composition of the steel is determined by standards and steel grades for individual groups of tubes. It is also possible to deliver blooms from other steel grades to meet specific customer requirements.

Element content in % of weight																	
	C	Mn	Si	Cr	Mo	Ni	V	S	P	Cu	Sn	Al	Ti	B	Nb	O	N
min	0,05	0,3	0,1	0,05	0,05	max	0	max	max	max	max	0,005					
max	1,2	2,5	1,3	2,5	1,1	3,4	0,8	0,035	0,035	0,40	0,040	0,050	0,050	0,001	0,050	0,00035	0,010

Gases volume: O max. 0,00035% (3,5ppm), H max. 0,0050% (50ppm), N max 0,010% (100 ppm) - according agreement max. 0,008%.

Conversion: a (%) x 10 000 = b (ppm). (But the using of ppm is in system SI non-permissible).

### Heat treatment, delivery condition and surface quality

After casting the blooms are not heat treated, nor is the surface treated. Blooms are delivered according to technical delivery requirements.

### Testing

Blooms are tested according to appropriate standards.

### Marking

Blooms are stamped on their face. Markings include: heat number, steel grade code, stream number. In special cases blooms are marked with colour.

### Laying of blooms

Square cross-section - in layers

Circular cross-section - in special wooden pads or bound with steel strip.

### Certification

Test report certificate in accordance with the specification: DIN 50049, EN 10204 - 2.2 or others.

## Steel tubes for building – Hollow structural sections (HSS)

Standards	Dimensional standards	Dimensional range	Dimensions				
			Tolerance D	Tolerance T	Lengths	Straightness	Tube ends
EN	10210-2	Table 1/Page 26 Hot finished circular hollow sections (HFCHS)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>± 1 %</li> <li>min ± 0,5 mm</li> <li>max ± 10 mm</li> <li>ovality 2 %</li> <li>weight ± 6 %, max 8 %</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- 10 %</li> <li>- 12,5 % for seamless profiles</li> <li>+ tolerance is limited by allowed weight</li> </ul>	Informative values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>D &lt; 60,3 mm 5-6 m</li> <li>D ≥ 60,3 mm / T &lt; 7,1 mm 5-6 m or 10-14 m</li> <li>D ≥ 60,3 mm / T ≥ 7,1 mm 5-6 m</li> </ul> Kinds: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>random</li> <li>fixed ± 500 mm</li> <li>exact L &lt; 6 m 0 + 10 mm L &gt; 6 m 0 + 15 mm</li> </ul>	Allowed 0,002 L of whole length locally 3 mm/m	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>square cut ends</li> <li>free from excessive burrs</li> </ul>
DIN	2448		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>± 1 %</li> <li>min ± 0,5 mm</li> <li>weight - 8 % + 12 %</li> </ul>	D < 130 mm <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>T ≤ 2T<sub>n</sub> - 10 % + 15 %</li> <li>2T<sub>n</sub> &lt; T &lt; 4T<sub>n</sub> - 10 % + 12,5 %</li> <li>T &gt; 4T<sub>n</sub> ± 9 %</li> </ul> T <sub>n</sub> - basic wall thickness according to DIN 2448 D = 130-320 mm <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>T ≤ 0,05D - 12,5% + 17,5%</li> <li>T &gt; 0,05-0,11D ± 12,5%</li> <li>T &gt; 0,11D ± 10%</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>exact L &gt; 12 m - tolerances upon agreement</li> </ul>		
NFA	49-501			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>D &lt; 101,6 mm - 12,5 % + 15 %</li> <li>D = 101,6-406,4 mm - 12,5 % + 17,5 %</li> </ul>			
STN ČSN	42 5715 42 5716				See page 24-25		
GOST	8732				See page 36-37		

### Notes:

- C - carbon equivalent formula:  $CEV(IIW) = C + Mn/6 + (Cr + Mo + V)/5 + (Ni + Cu)/15$ .
- steel are weldable, specific conditions see individual standards.
- rate cold workability is set by mechanical steel properties and is definite with regulations.
- tubes according to ASTM A500 (steel Grade A, B, C, D), ASTM A501 and JIS G3444 (steel STR290, STK400, STK540) upon agreement.
- possibility of hot dip zinc coating of tubes is necessary to discuss at inquiry (see page 15).

### List of dimensional standards and technical delivery conditions standards

EN 10 025	Hot rolled products of structural steels. Part 1-6.
EN 10 210-1,2	Hot finished structural hollow sections of non-alloy and fine grain structural steel. Part 1: TDC. Part 2: Tolerances, dimensions and sectional properties. See also ISO 630-2 (TDC) and ISO 657-14 (DS).
EN 10266	Steel tubes, fittings and structural hollow sections - Symbols and definitions of terms for use in product standards.
DIN 1629	Seamless circular tubes of non-alloy steel with special quality requirements.TDC.
DIN 2448	Plain end seamless steel tubes. Dimensions.
DIN 17100	Steel for general structural purposes. Quality standard.
DIN 17121	Seamless structural steel circular tubes for structural engineering purposes.
DIN 17124	Seamless circular tubes of fine grain steel for engineering purposes.
NFA 49-501	Steel tubes. Seamless or welded hot finished structural hollow sections. Dimensions. TDC.
STN 42 0250	ČSN 42 0250 Hot formed seamless tubes from steel class 10 to 16. TDC.
STN 42 5715	ČSN 42 5715 Hot formed seamless steel tubes. Dimensions.
STN 42 5716	ČSN 42 5716 Hot formed seamless steel tubes with smaller tolerances. Dimensions.
GOST 8731	Seamless hot-formed steel pipes. TDC.
GOST 8732	Seamless hot-formed steel pipes. Dimensions.
JIS G3444	Carbon steel tubes for general structural purposes.

TDC standards	Steel grade			Testing and certificates		Other TDC		
	Name	Condition	Surface	Testing	Certificate	Marking	Surface protection	Packing
10210-1 (10025) (10113)	S235 JRH S275 JOH S355 JOH S275 J2H S355 J2H	Hot finished • as rolled Cold finished • normalized	adequate to production mode	option: (steels JRH, JOH) • non-specific • specific	10204 • 2.2 • series 3	Bundle-label or Tubes-possibilities: • stenciling • stamping • attached label Data: • EN 10210-Steel • manufacturer • specific inspection: - number - mark of the inspection representative	• without • oiled	bundle 300- 3500 kg
	S275 NH S275 NLH S355 NH S355 NLH S460 NH S460 NLH	Hot finished • normalising rolled • normalized Cold finished • normalized		Specific (steels J2H, NH, NLH) tests (obligatory) only: • cast analysis • tensile test • impact test • tube surface (visual examination) • dimensions • NDT of weld	10204 • 3.1 • 3.2 see also pg.10			
17 121 (17 100)	RS1 37-2 St 44-2	Hot finished • as rolled Cold finished • normalized		option:	50049 • 2.2 • 3.1 B,C	CE marking (in inspection document)		
	St 37-3 St 44-3 St 52-3			• tensile test • tube surface • dimensions • impact test (T > 5 mm)	50049 • 3.1 B,C			
17 124	StE 255 TS1E 255 ES1E 255 StE 285 TS1E 285 ES1E 285 StE 355 TS1E 355 ES1E 355 StE 420 TS1E 420 ES1E 420 StE 460 TS1E 460 ES1E 460	Hot finished • normalising rolled • normalized Cold finished • normalized		• cast analysis • tensile test • impact test (T > 5 mm) • tube surface • dimensions	50049 • 3.1 A,B,C	Label on bundle Punching upon agreement Data: • producer logo • steel grade • mark SS • mark of test laboratory		
49-501	TU E235 TU E275 TU E355 TU E450 Grade 2,3,4	Hot finished • as rolled Cold finished • normalized						
42 0250	11 353 11 453 11 503 11 523	Hot finished			See page 25			
8731	1050: 10, 20 19281: 09G2S				See page 37			

## Steel designation according to EN

**S** – structural steel

**235** – minimum yield strength in N/mm<sup>2</sup>

Signs at the end of steel designation – additional symbols for steel names

- non-alloy steel
  - J – impact test, min. average absorbed energy KV – 27J
  - R – room temperature
  - 0 – temperature 0 °C
  - 2 – temperature -20 °C
  - H – hollow section
- fine grain steel (ferritic grain size equal to or finer than 6)
  - basic series
    - N – normalized structure
    - H – hollow section
  - low temperature series
    - N – normalized structure
    - L – low temperature series
    - H – hollow section

Fine grain structural steel designation according to DIN 17124

StE – basic series (-20 °C)

TS1E – deep-drawing series with minimum absorbed energy at temperature of -50 °C

ES1E – deep-drawing series with minimum absorbed energy at temperature of -60 °C

255 – minimum yield strength in N/mm<sup>2</sup>

**Steels for structural tubes** – see page 19

## Possibility of hot dip zinc coating

All structural steels are possible to hot dip zinc, but quality, appearance and thickness of coating influences the chemical composition of steel (the content of Si + P).

For general structural steels is recommended to keep the content of Si + P in range 0,13 % – 0,28 %.

**CEV (IIW)** - Carbon Equivalent Value (CEV) according to the International Institute of Welding (IIW).

## Tubes for mechanical engineering and general use

Standards	Dimensional standards	Dimensional range	Dimensions				
			Tolerance D	Tolerance T	Lengths	Straightness	Tube ends
EN	10294-1 (upon agreement) **	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>deliveries in agreement</li> <li>tubes from mill are not machining operated</li> <li>in preference as precision tubes</li> </ul>	D ≤ 75 mm ±0,5 mm D = 75 - 180 mm ±0,75 % D > 180 mm ± 1%	D ≤ 180 mm, T ≤ 15 mm ±12,5 % min ±0,4 mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>random</li> <li>exact upon agreement</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0,001.L</li> <li>locally (1 mm/m)</li> <li>upon agreement</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>square cut ends</li> <li>free from excessive burrs</li> </ul>
	10297-1 (10220)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>dimension OD x ID (up to OD = 100mm)</li> </ul>	D ≤ 219,1 mm ±1 % min ±0,5 mm	D ≤ 219,1 mm ±12,5 % min ±0,4 mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>random</li> <li>exact</li> </ul> L < 6 m 0 +10 mm L = 6 - 12 m 0 +15 mm L > 12 m upon agreement	D > 33,7 mm 0,0015.L	
	10305-1 (upon agreement)	Table 16/Page 64 Table 17/Page 65	See page 60-64 (Cold formed precise)	See page 60-64 (Cold formed precise)			
DIN	2448	Table 1/Page 26	See page 22				
	2448 (2391)						
BS	6323/3		±1% min ±0,5 mm	≤ 3% D ±15 % > 3% D - 12,5 % +15 %	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>random</li> <li>exact</li> </ul> L < 6 m 0 +10 mm L > 6 m 0 +15 mm		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>square cut ends</li> <li>free from excessive burrs</li> </ul>

### List of dimensional standards and technical delivery conditions standards

EN 10 083	Steels for quenching and tempering. Part 1: General TDC. Part 2: TDC for non-alloy steels. Part 3: TDC for alloy steels.
EN 10 084	Case hardening steel. TDC.
EN 10 216 - 1	Seamless steel tubes for pressure purposes. TDC. Part 1: Non-alloy steel tubes with specific room temperature properties.
EN 10 294 - 1	Hollow bars for machining. Part 1: Non-alloy and alloy steel.
EN 10 297 - 1	Seamless circular steel tubes for mechanical and general engineering purposes. Part 1: Non-alloy and alloy steel tubes.
DIN 1629	Seamless circular tubes of non-alloy steel with special quality requirements. TDC.
DIN 1630	Seamless circular tubes of non-alloy steel with very high quality requirements. TDC.
DIN 2448	Seamless tubes. Dimensions.
DIN 17200	Steels for quenching and tempering. TDC.
DIN 17204	Seamless circular tubes of steel for quenching and tempering. TDC.
DIN 17210	Case hardening steels. TDC.
BS 6323	Specification for seamless and welded steel tubes for automobile, mechanical and general engineering purposes. Part 1: General requirements. Part 3: Specific requirements for hot finished seamless steel tubes.
ISO 2937	Plain end seamless steel tubes for mechanical application.
ISO 2938	Hollow steel bars for machining.



▶▶▶ Tubes for mechanical engineering and general use

Standards	Dimensional standards	Dimensional range	Dimensions				
			Tolerance D	Tolerance T	Lengths	Straightness	Tube ends
NF A	49-311 49-312	Table 1/Page 26	±1 % min ±0,5 mm  Weight -8 % +10 %	T < 20 mm ±15 % min ±0,5 mm	• random • exact		• square cut ends • free from excessive burrs
UNI	4991 (ISO 4200)  7729		Hot finished: D ≤ 51 mm ±0,5 mm D = 51-419 mm ±1% Weight ±10% Cold finished: D ≤ 25 mm ±0,25 mm D = 25-51 mm ±0,35 mm D = 51-168,3 mm ±0,75 mm Weight -8 % +10 % ±1 % min ±0,5 mm Weight ±10 %	- 15 % + non-specific (limited by weight)  T ≤ 7mm ±12% min ±0,10mm T > 7mm -10 +12 %  T/D ≤ 3 % ±15 % T/D > 3 % ±12,5 % (do D = 168,3 mm)	• random • exact L < 6 m 0 +10 mm L > 6 m 0 +15 mm	1,5 mm/m	• square cut ends • free from excessive burrs
STN ČSN	42 5715 42 5716					See page 24	
GOST	8732					See page 36	
PN-H	74219					See page 24	
ASTM ASME	A53* SA-53*  A519	Table 2/Page 28  Table 5/Page 31 Table 18/Page 66 Table 19/Page 67	NPS ≤ 1½ ±1/64 inch (±0,4 mm) NPS ≥ 2 ±1 % Weight ±10 %  Hot finished (table 6): D ≤ 76,17 mm ±0,51 mm D = 76,2-114,2 mm ±0,64 mm D = 114,3-152,3 mm ±0,79 mm Cold finished: Table 8 and 9 of standard	- 12,5 % (Table X 2.4)  Table 7 of standard  Table 9 of standard	• fixed 6 m ±500 mm • exact 6 m -0 +15 mm	visually straight	• square cut ends • plain, not threadet • NPS ≤ 1½ (DN 40/48,3 mm) option of the manufacturer • NPS ≥ 2 (DN 50/60,3 mm) WT=Std, XS, les than 0,5 inch/12,7 mm beveled (s. 98) WT > 0,5 inch and XXS - plain and square cut
JIS	G3445	Table 10/Page 52				See page 24	

\* Ends preparing is valid for ASTM A53, for A519 as NF A.

**List of dimensional standards and technical delivery conditions standards**

STN 42 0250	ČSN 42 0250	Hot formed seamless tubes from steel class 10 to 16. TDC.
STN 42 5715	ČSN 42 5715	Hot formed seamless steel tubes. Dimensions.
STN 42 5716	ČSN 42 5716	Hot formed seamless steel tubes with smaller tolerances. Dimensions.
ASTM A53		Pipe, steel, black and hot-dipped, zinc-coated, welded and seamless.
ASTM A519		Seamless carbon and alloy steel mechanical tubing.
ASTM A530		General requirements for specialized carbon and alloy steel pipe.
UNI ISO 4200		Plain end steel tubes, welded and seamless. General dimensions and masses per unit length.
UNI 663		Unalloyed seamless steel tubes. Plain end tubes for general purposes.
UNI 4991		Standard plain end seamles and welded tubes. Dimensions.
UNI 7729		Unalloyed seamless steel tubes - plain end tubes for mechanical application.
NFA 49-311		Seamless steel tubes for mechanical application. Dimensions. TDC.
NFA 49-312		Seamless steel tubes with improved mechinability for mechanical machined parts.
GOST 8731		Seamless hot-formed steel pipes. TDC.
GOST 8732		Seamless hot-formed steel pipes. Dimensions.
JIS G 3445		Carbon steel tubes for machine structural purposes.
PN-H 74219		Hot rolled seamless steel tubes.
PN-H 84018		Low-alloy steel with higher properties.
PN-H 84019		Carbon steel for heat treatment.
PN-H 84023/7		Steel for higher purposes. Steel for tubes.







## Seamless steel tubes for pressure equipments for room temperatures

Standards	Dimensional standards	Dimensional range	Dimensions				
			Tolerance D	Tolerance T	Lengths	Straightness	Tube ends
EN	10216-1  10305-1 (upon agreement)	Table 1/Page 26  Table 16/Page 64	D ≤ 219,1 mm ±1 % min ±0,5 mm See page 60 - 64 (Cold formed precise)	D ≤ 219,1 mm ±12,5 % min ±0,4 mm See page 60 - 64 (Cold formed precise)	Kinds: • random • fixed ±500 mm • exact  Informative values: • D < 60,3 mm 5 - 6 m • D ≥ 60,3 mm / T < 7,1 mm 5-6 m or 10-14 m • D ≥ 60,3 mm / T ≥ 7,1 mm 5-6 m • longer upon agreement  Precise length tolerances: • L < 6 m 0 +10 mm • L = 6-12 m 0 +15 mm • L > 12 m 0 +upon agreement	Allowed 0,0015.L for tube calculation to 1 m max. 3 mm	• square cut ends • free from excessive burrs • option: with beveled ends (see page 98)
DIN	2448  2391-1 (upon agreement)	Table 1/Page 26  Table 16/Page 64	D ≤ 100 mm ±1 % min ±0,5 mm D = 100-200 mm ±1 %  See page 60 - 64 (Cold finished precise)	D < 130 mm • T ≤ 2T <sub>n</sub> -10 % +15 % • 2T <sub>n</sub> < T < 4T <sub>n</sub> -10 % +12,5 % • T > 4T <sub>n</sub> ±9 % T <sub>n</sub> - basic wall thickness according to DIN 2448  D = 130 - 320 mm • T ≤ 0,05D -12,5 % +17,5 % • T > 0,05 - 0,11D ±12,5 % • T > 0,11D ±10 % See page 60 - 64 (Cold finished precise)		Visually straight	• square cut ends • free from excessive burrs • option: with beveled ends (T ≥ 3,2 mm)
BS	3600	Table 1/Page 26	±1 % min ±0,5 mm  Cold finished tubes with less tolerances	≤ 3%D ±15 % > 3%D -12,5 % +15 %	• random • exact with tolerances: L ≤ 6 m 0 +6 mm L > 6 m 1,5 mm/m, max 12 mm	Visually straight	• square cut ends • free from excessive burrs

### List of dimensional standards and technical delivery conditions standards

EN 10216-1	Seamless steel tubes for pressure purposes. TDC. Part 1: Non-alloy steel tubes with specified room temperature properties.
DIN 1629	Seamless circular tubes of non-alloy steel with special quality requirements. TDC.
DIN 1630	Seamless circular tubes of non-alloy steel with very high quality requirements. TDC.
DIN 2448	Plain end seamless steel tubes. Dimensions.
BS 3600	Dimension and masses per unit length of welded and seamless steel pipes and tubes for pressure purposes.
BS 3601	Carbon steel pipes and tubes with specified room temperature properties for pressure purposes. TDC.
ISO 9329-1	Seamless steel tubes for pressure purposes. TDC. Part 1: Non-alloy steel tubes with specified room temperature properties.

### Steel designation according to EN:

- P - steel for pressure equipments
- 235 - minimum yield strength in N/mm<sup>2</sup>
- T - steel for tubes
- R - room temperature
- 1, 2 - group of quality
- TR 1 - Fluid Transportation - General Purposes (see page 54)
- TR 2 - Piping and Pressure Purposes (PED, AD 2000 Merkblatt W4)

### Note:

Very often used steel St52 (according to DIN) is now produced as fine grain. For this reason the steel was moved to the part 3 of EN 10216, containing fine grain steel (New name is P355N).

TDC standards	Steel grade			Testing and certificates		Other TDC		
	Name	Condition	Surface	Testing	Certificate	Marking	Surface protection	Packing
10216-1	P195TR1 P235TR1 P265TR1 P195TR2 P235TR2 P265TR2	Hot finished: Quality TR1 • as rolled • normalising formed • normalized Quality TR2 • normalising formed • normalized  Cold finished: Quality TR1 and TR2 • normalized	Visually without defects, adequate to production mode. Surface treatment possibility.	Quality TR1: • non-specific • specific Quality TR2: • specific  Mandatory testing: • cast analysis • tensile test • leak tightness (page 11) • dimensions • visual • impact test (TR2) at room temperature	10204 • 2.2 • 3.1  • 3.1 • 3.2 (see also page 10)	D < 51 mm - label D > 51 mm - data on tube end  Data: • manufacturer • EN standard • steel • specific inspection - cast number - mark of insp. represent. - identification number	• without protection • upon agreement	bundle 300- 3500 kg
1629	St 37.0 St 44.0 St 52.0	Hot finished: • as rolled • condition N after normalizing only upon agreement Cold finished: • normalized - condition NBK		• tensile test • ring • leak tightness (page 11) • dimensions • visual • chemical composition (scope of inspection certificate of series 3)	50049 • 2.2 • 3.1.A • 3.1.B • 3.1.C	Data: • manufacturer • steel • letter S • mark of insp. represent. • mark at 2470T1 - marking usually die stamping or label on the bundle - marking NDT at DIN 1630		
1630	St 37.4 St 44.4 St 52.4			• tensile test • ring • leak tightness (page 11) • dimensions • visual • chemical composition (scope of inspection certificate of series 3) Upon agreement: • NDT • impact test (T > 10 mm)	50049 • 3.1.A • 3.1.B • 3.1.C			
3601	360 430	Hot finished: • as rolled • normalized  Cold finished: • normalized		• tensile test • flattening • impact test • visual • leak tightness (page 11) • hydrotest or NDT	• test certificate • test results			

### Leakage test

#### according to standards ASTM A (ASME SA)

Within limits it is necessary to use in preference the methods of NDE (NDT), especially for cold finished tubes. If hydrostatic test is agreed, a minimum hydrostatic test pressure is determined by the following equation:

#### ASTM A450 and ASTM A 1016 (Tube)

Inch - Pound units:  $P = 32000 t / D$

SI units:  $P = 220.6 t / D$

The minimum hydrostatic test pressure need not exceed these values:

#### D (in., mm)

Under 1 (25,4)

1 - under 1 1/2 (25,4 - under 38,1)

1 1/2 - under 2 (38,1 - under 50,8)

2 - under 3 (50,8 - under 76,2)

3 - under 5 (76,2 - under 127)

5 and over (127 and over)

#### Pressure P (psi, MPa)

1 000 (7)

1 500 (10)

2 000 (14)

2 500 (17)

3 500 (24)

4 500 (31)

The values are valid for ASTM A 450, for ASTM A 1016 is valid value 1000 psi - 7 MPa

Higher pressure according to agreement. The tube wall stress shall be determined by the following equation:

$$S = PD / 2t \text{ (psi, MPa).}$$

#### ASTM A 530 and A999 (Pipe)

Each length of pipe shall be tested to a hydrostatic pressure which will produce in the pipe wall a stress not less than 60% of the minimum specified yield strength for C-steel pipe:

$$P = 2 St / D$$

$$S = PD / 2t$$

The minimum hydrostatic test pressure need not exceed

2500 psi (17,0 MPa) for pipe 3,5 in or

2800 psi (19,0 MPa) for pipe over 3,5 in (88,9 mm)

## Seamless steel tubes for pressure equipments for room temperatures

Standards	Dimensional standards	Dimensional range	Dimensions				Straightness	Tube ends
			Tolerance D	Tolerance T	Lengths			
NFA	49-112	Table 1/Page 26	$\pm 1\%$ min $\pm 0,5$ mm	$D \leq 101,6$ mm, $T \leq 10$ mm $\pm 12,5\%$ min $\pm 0,5$ mm $D \leq 101,6$ mm, $T > 10$ mm $\pm 10\%$ $D > 101,6$ mm see Tab. 4 of st.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>random</li> <li>exact with tolerances: <math>L \leq 8</math> m 0 +10 mm <math>L &gt; 8</math> m 0 +15 mm</li> </ul>	3 mm/m, total 0,2 % of length	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>square cut ends</li> <li>free from excessive burrs</li> <li>option: with beveled ends (<math>D \geq 42,4</math> mm)</li> </ul>	
	49-210		$D \leq 38$ mm $\pm 0,25$ mm $D > 38$ mm $\pm 0,75\%$	$\pm 10\%$ min. $\pm 0,20$ mm Weight -8 % +10 %				
UNI	7287		$D \leq 50$ mm $\pm 0,5$ mm $D > 50$ mm $\pm 1\%$	-15 %  Weight $\pm 10\%$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>random</li> <li>exact with tolerances: <math>L \leq 6</math> m 0 +10 mm <math>L &gt; 6</math> m 0 +15 mm</li> </ul>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>square cut ends</li> <li>free from excessive burrs</li> </ul>	
STN ČSN	42 5715 42 5716 (42 6710) (42 6711)	(Table 6/Page 32)	42 5715 $D \leq 219$ mm $\pm 1,25\%$ min $\pm 0,5$ mm 42 5716 $D \leq 219$ mm $\pm 1\%$ min $\pm 0,5$ mm 42 6710 $\pm 1\%$ min $\pm 0,4$ mm 42 6711 see precision tubes	-15 % +12,5 %  $\pm 12,5\%$  $T \leq 3$ mm -10 % +15 % $T > 3$ mm -10 % +12 %	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>random</li> <li>exact 0 +15 mm</li> <li>multiple +5 mm on cut, max +50 mm</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>straightened 3 mm/m</li> <li>precise straightened 1,5 mm/m</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>square cut ends</li> <li>free from excessive burrs</li> <li>option: with beveled ends</li> </ul>	
GOST	8732	See page 36						
PN-H	74219	Table 1/Page 26  Table 10/Page 52	$D \leq 50$ mm $\pm 0,50$ mm Over 50 mm Class of precision D1 = $\pm 1,25\%$ Class of precision D2 = $\pm 1,00\%$	Class of precision D1 = $\pm 15\%$ Class of precision D2 $D \leq 130$ mm $\pm 10\%$ $D = 130-320$ mm $\pm 12,5\%$ $D > 320$ mm $\pm 15\%$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>random 4-12,5 m</li> <li>exact up to 7 m: <math>L \leq 6</math> m 0 +10 mm <math>L &gt; 6</math> m 0 +15 mm</li> <li>multiple +5 mm on cut</li> <li>fixed <math>\pm 500</math> mm</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>T up to 20 mm 1,5 mm/m</li> <li>T &gt; 20 mm 2,0 mm/m</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>square cut ends</li> <li>beveled ends for <math>D &gt; 101,6</math> mm and T up to 16 mm</li> </ul>	
ASTM ASME	A53 SA-53	See page 18						
JIS	G3454		Hot finished: $D \leq 40$ mm $\pm 0,5$ mm $D = 50-125$ mm $\pm 1\%$ $D > 150$ mm $\pm 1,6$ mm Cold finished: $D \leq 25$ mm $\pm 0,3$ mm $D > 32$ mm $\pm 0,8\%$	$T \leq 4$ mm -0,5 mm +0,6 mm $T > 4$ mm -12,5 % +15 %  $T \leq 3$ mm $\pm 0,3$ mm $T > 3$ mm $\pm 10\%$		Visually straight	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>square cut ends</li> <li>free from excessive burrs</li> <li>option: with beveled ends</li> </ul>	
	G3455		Hot finished: $D \leq 50$ mm $\pm 0,5$ mm $D = 50-160$ mm $\pm 1\%$ Cold finished: $D \leq 40$ mm $\pm 0,3$ mm $D > 40$ mm $\pm 0,8\%$	$T \leq 4$ mm $\pm 0,5$ mm $T > 4$ mm $\pm 12,5\%$  $T \leq 2$ mm $\pm 0,2$ mm $T > 2$ mm $\pm 10\%$				

### List of dimensional standards and technical delivery conditions standards

NFA 49-112	Steel tubes. Plain end seamless hot rolled tubes with specified room temperature properties and with special delivery conditions. TDC.
NFA 49-210	Steel tubes – Seamless cold drawn tubes for fluids piping. Dimensions. TDC.
UNI 7287	Seamless plain end tubes made from basis non-alloy steel.
STN 42 0250	ČSN 42 0250 Hot formed seamless tubes from steel class 10 to 16. TDC.
STN 42 5715	ČSN 42 5715 Hot formed seamless steel tubes. Dimensions.
STN 42 5716	ČSN 42 5716 Hot formed seamless steel tubes with smaller tolerances. Dimensions.
GOST 8731	Seamless hot-formed steel pipes. TDC.
GOST 8732	Seamless hot-formed steel pipes. Dimensions.
PN-H 84018	Low-alloy steel with higher properties.
PN-H 74219	Hot rolled seamless steel tubes for structural and distribution purposes.
PN-H 84023/07	Steel for higher purposes. Steel for tubes.
ASTM A53	Pipe, steel, black and hot-dipped, zinc-coated, welded and seamless.
ASTM A530	General requirements for specialized carbon and alloy steel pipe.
JIS G 3454	Carbon steel pipes for pressure service.
JIS G 3455	Carbon steel pipes for high pressure service.

TDC standards	Steel grade			Testing and certificates		Other TDC		
	Name	Condition	Surface	Testing	Certificate	Marking	Surface protection	Packing
49-112	TU E220A TU E235A	Hot finished • as rolled Cold finished • normalized	Visually without defects, adequate to production mode. Surface treatment possibility.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>product analysis</li> <li>tensile test</li> <li>flattening</li> <li>drift expanding</li> <li>leak tightness (page 11)</li> <li>dimensions</li> <li>visual</li> <li>upon agreement NDT</li> </ul>	49-000 49-001 Type A Type B Type D (CCPU)	D < 26,9 mm label D > 26,9 mm each tube or label • producer • standard • steel grade D > 48,3 mm each tube	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>without protection</li> <li>upon agreement</li> </ul>	bundle 300- 3500 kg
49-210	TU 37B TU 42B	Cold finished • normalized						
7287	Fe 320	Hot finished • as rolled Cold finished • normalized						
42 0250 (42 0260)	11 353* 11 453 11 503 11 523 11 550 11 650 12 040 12 050 12 060	Hot finished • as rolled condition .1 behind steel designation Cold finished • normalized	.0+ scaled .1+ pickled .5+ asphalt .6+ zinc coated Cold finished .4+ metallic clean .9+ special agreement (first number behind DS)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>tensile test</li> <li>Upon agreement:</li> <li>hardness</li> <li>flattening</li> <li>drift expanding</li> <li>leak tightness (page 11)</li> <li>NDT</li> </ul>	42 0250 .0+ acknowledgement .1+ test certificate .2+ customer .9+ agreement	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>label</li> <li>colour stripes</li> </ul>		
8731 (1050)	10 20	See page 37						
74219 (84023) (84018)	R35, R45  18G2A	Hot finished • as rolled • other condition according to agreement Cold finished • normalized	Visually without defects, adequate to production mode. Surface treatment possibility.	Pipeline - Groups of tests A1 - 3 Structural - Groups of tests B1 - 3 • dimensions - all groups • surface - all groups • composition - all except A1 • leak tightness - A1 - 3 • mechanical - all except A1, B1 • technological - A3, B3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>compliance with PN-H</li> <li>certificate</li> </ul>	D ≤ 31,8 mm, T ≤ 3,2 mm label on bundle D and T over - each tube Data: • producer • steel • cast number (at alloy steels)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>black tubes (CZ)</li> <li>according to agreement</li> </ul>	
ASTM A53/A530	Grade A Grade B	See page 19						
G3454	STPG 370 STPG 410	Hot finished • as rolled Cold finished • normalized		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>product analysis</li> <li>tensile test</li> <li>flattening</li> <li>impact test</li> <li>hydrotest or NDT</li> <li>dimensions</li> </ul>	G0303	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>steel</li> <li>process (-SH, -SC)</li> <li>dimensions</li> <li>manufacturer - at JIS G 3454 Z3 - ultrasonic Z4 - eddy current - at JIS G 3455 • Z2, Z3, Z4, Z5 Z2 - yield elev. temperat. Z5 - impact test</li> </ul>		
G3455	STS 370 STS 410 STS 480							

\* Mainly the first four steels are used for pressure purposes and as steels for building. All steels are used for machine and common purposes (see pages 18 and 19).

## Pressure equipment and legislation

Brief overview of European Directives for pressure equipment in respect to used materials (see also pages 3 and 12):

- Directive 97/23/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council (PED 97/23 EC) valid for selected pressure equipment. Pressure equipment in terms of this directive withstands the maximum allowable pressure (PS) that is greater than 0.5 bar, whereby here we are talking about pressure above the normal atmospheric pressure i.e. overpressure.
- Pursuant to Directive PED 97/23 EC, pressure equipments are divided into three types for which the harmonized EN standards are valid. They are as follows:
  1. Steam and hot-water tube boiler – EN 12952 and EN 12953
  2. Pressure vessels (unfired) – EN 13445
  3. Metallic industrial piping – EN 13480
- Parts of two of these harmonized standards are prescribed by materials that are used for construction of equipment that is pressure stressed. (In the case that other materials are used for construction than the two quoted standards, in order to use these materials it is necessary to evaluate the utilization of these materials it and to use special procedure). The steel tubes must be delivered in accordance with EN 10216-2, EN 10216-3, EN 10216-4, EN 10217-2, EN 10217-3, EN 10217-4, EN 10217-5 and EN 10217-6 (applies to carbon and low-alloy steel).

Comment: For pressure equipment the German Directives were used in the past and even internationally. They were: TRD, TRB, TRR and AD-Merkblatt. For the transition period the AD 2000 – Merkblatt directives were prepared, where the steel is done according to the EN standards.

















## Seamless steel tubes for pressure equipments for elevated temperature

Standards	Dimensional standards	Dimensional range	Dimensions				Straightness	Tube ends
			Tolerance D	Tolerance T	Lengths			
EN	10216-2	Table 1/Page 26	Outside diameter D $\pm 1\%$ min $\pm 0,5$ mm	$\pm 12,5\%$ (D $\leq 219,1$ mm) min $\pm 0,4$ mm	Kinds: • random • exact	allowed 0,0015.L on tube calculated to 1 m max. 3 mm	• square cut ends • free from excessive burrs • option: with beveled ends (see page 98)	
	10305-1 (upon agreement)	Table 16/Page 64	Outside diameter D $\pm 1\%$ min $\pm 0,5$ mm	$T_{\min} + 28\%$ (D $\leq 219,1$ mm) min $+0,8$ mm				Informative values: • D < 60,3 mm 5-6 m • D $\geq 60,3$ mm / T < 7,1 mm 5-6 m or 10-14 m • D $\geq 60,3$ mm / T $\geq 7,1$ mm 5-6 m • longer (22-24 m) upon agreement
Inside diameter d or $d_{\min}$ • see article 8.7.4.1 of standard • delivery upon agreement only			Wall thickness T					
Inside diameter d or $d_{\min}$ • see article 8.7.4.1 of standard • delivery upon agreement only			Wall thickness $T_{\min}$					
Cold finished: $\pm 0,5\%$ min $\pm 0,3$ mm			$\pm 10\%$ min $\pm 0,2$ mm					
			Cold finished - precision See page 60 and 64	Cold formed - precision See page 60 and 64	Exact length tolerances: • L < 6 m 0 +10 mm • L = 6-12 m 0 +15 mm • L > 12 m + upon agreement			
DIN	2448	Table 1/Page 26	D < 100 mm $\pm 0,75\%$ min $\pm 0,5$ mm D = 100-320 mm $\pm 0,90\%$	D < 130 mm • T $\leq 2T_n - 10\% + 15\%$ • $2T_n < T < 4T_n - 10\% + 12,5\%$ • T > 4T_n $\pm 9\%$ T <sub>n</sub> - basic wall thickness according to DIN 2448	Kinds: • random • fixed $\pm 500$ mm • exact Informative values: • D < 60,3 mm 5-6 m • D $\geq 60,3$ mm / T < 7,1 mm 5-6 m or 10-14 m • D $\geq 60,3$ mm / T $\geq 7,1$ mm 5-6 m • longer upon agreement	Visually straight	• square cut ends • free from excessive burrs	
			Cold finished: D < 120 mm $\pm 0,6\%$ min $\pm 0,25$ mm D > 120 mm $\pm 0,75\%$	according to DIN 2391-1				
	2391-1 (upon agreement)	Table 16/Page 64	Cold formed - precision See page 60 and 64		Exact length tolerances: like EN			
BS	3059-1	Table 1/Page 26	Hotfinished (HFS): $\pm 1\%$ min $\pm 0,5$ mm	$\pm 12,5\%$	• random • exact with tolerances: L $\leq 6$ m 0 +3 mm L > 6 m 1,5 mm/m, max 12,5 mm	Visually straight	• square cut ends • free from excessive burrs	
			Cold finished (CFS): $\pm 0,5\%$ min $\pm 0,10$ mm	$\pm 7,5\%$				
	Class S1: $\pm 0,5\%$ min $\pm 0,10$ mm Class S2: $\pm 0,75\%$ min $\pm 0,30$ mm (Cold finished)	$\pm 7,5\%$  $\pm 10\%$						
	Hotfinished (HFS): $\pm 1\%$ min $\pm 0,5$ mm	T/D = 3% $\pm 15\%$ T/D = 3-10% $\pm 12,5\%$ T/D > 10% $\pm 12,5\%$ (D < 168,3 mm)						
	3602-1 3604-1		Cold finished (CFS): $\pm 0,75\%$ min $\pm 0,50$ mm	$\pm 7,5\%$				

### List of dimensional standards and technical delivery conditions standards

EN 10216-2	Seamless steel tubes for pressure purposes. TDC. Part 2: Non-alloy and alloy steel tubes with specified elevated temperature properties.	BS 3059-2	Specification for carbon, alloy and austenitic steel tubes with specified elevated temperature properties.
DIN 2391-1	Seamless precision steel tubes. Part 1: Dimensions.	BS 3600	Dimensions and masses per unit length of seamless and welded steel pipes and tubes for pressure purposes.
DIN 2448	Plain end seamless steel tubes. Dimensions.	BS 3602-1	Steel pipes and tubes for pressure purposes: carbon and carbon manganese steel with specified elevated temperature properties. Part 1: Specification for seamless and electric resistance welded including induction welded tubes.
DIN 17175	Seamless steel tubes for elevated temperatures.		
BS 3059-1	Steel boiler and superheater tubes. Specification for low tensile carbon steel tubes without specified elevated temperature properties.		

TDC standards	Steel grade			Testing and certificates		Other TDC		
	Name	Condition	Surface	Testing	Certificate	Marking	Surface protection	Packing
10216-2	P195GH P235GH P265GH 16Mo3 14MoV63 10CrMo55 13CrMo45 10CrMo9-10 11CrMo9-10 25CrMo4 Other steels according to agreement	+ N + N + N + N + NT + NT + NT + NT + QT +QT Conditions for: Hot finished Cold finished + N - normalized + NT - normalized + tempered + QT - quenching and tempered + I - isothermal annealed Normalising formed includes normalizing	Adequate to production mode of tubes and heat treatment. Visually without defects, to remove defects surface can be worked according to appropriate standard articles. Specific working upon agreement.	Specific testing Non-alloy special steel TC1 or TC2 Alloy special steel - TC2 Mandatory testing: • product analysis • tensile test • flattening or ring expanding • drift expanding • leak tightness (Page 11) • dimensions • visual • NDT (at TC2) (Page 11) • material identification (at alloy steel) • impact test according to steel grade and dimensions Optional testing upon agreement	EN 10204 Inspection certificate • 3.1 • 3.2 See also page 10	Indelibly marking D < 51 mm on label D > 51 mm at end Data • producer • standard • steel grade • TC (C - in steel) • cast (code) • inspector's mark • identification number Optionally: • additional marking upon agreement	• without • upon agreement	
17175	St 35.8 St 45.8 17Mn4 19Mn5 15Mo3 13CrMo4 4 10CrMo9 10 14MoV6 3	Hot finished • as rolled • normalized Cold finished • normalized Hot finished • tempered • normalized and tempered Cold finished • normalized and tempered Hot finished Cold finished • normalized and tempered (both methods)		Quality class I. or III.  Quality class III. Testing like EN	DIN 50049 Kinds of protocol like EN	Usually die stamping or agreement At both ends Data: • steel • grade of quality (C-steel) • manufacturer • inspector • color strap At one end for OD ≥ 159 mm • cast number • tube number (III. grade)		
3059-1	320	Hot finished • as rolled (HF) • normalized (N) Cold formed • normalized		• visual • tensile test • flattening • drift expanding • leak tightness (hydrotest or NDT)	Standard requirements execution	Indelibly marking Usually die stamping At one end or Label on the bundle Data: • manufacturer • standard • steel • identification number • cast (at 3604-1)	• without • upon agreement	
3059-2	360 440 243 620 622-490	Cold finished • normalized N N (N + T) N + T or Ann (tempered)		• testing category 1 with NDT • testing category 2 with hydrotest Other tests like BS 3059-1				
3602-1	360 430	Hot finished • as rolled (HF) • normalized (N) Cold formed • normalized		• visual • tensile test • flattening • testing category 1 with NDT - ultrasonic • testing category 2 with NDT - eddy current				
3604-1	620-440 621 660 622	N+T* N+T N+T N+T						

\* Condition N+T is valid for method HFS and CFS

BS 3604-1

Steel pipes and tubes for pressure purposes: ferritic alloy steel with specific elevated temperature properties. Part 1: Specification for seamless and electric resistance welded tubes.

BS 3606

Steel tubes for heat exchangers.

ISO 9329-2

See EN 10216-2

Testing comparison	
DIN 17175	EN 10216-2
Quality class	Testing category
I	TC 1
III	TC 2

### Boiler steel designation according to EN:

- base non-alloy steel
- P – steel for pressure equipments
- 235 – minimum yield strength in N/mm<sup>2</sup>
- G – general characteristic, devise to second symbol
- H – high temperature
- alloy steel
- steel designated according to chemical composition

## Seamless steel tubes for pressure equipments for elevated temperature

Standards	Dimensional standards	Dimensional range	Dimensions				
			Tolerance D	Tolerance T	Lengths	Straightness	Tube ends
NFA	49-211	Table 1/Page 26	D ≤ 48,3 mm -0,8 +0,4 mm D = 60,3-114,3 mm ±0,8 mm D = 139,7-219,1 mm -0,8 +1,6 mm Tube weight -3,5 +10 %	T ≤ 3,2 mm -0,15T +0,5 mm T = 3,2-20 mm -0,125T +0,15T	Exact lengths tolerances: • L ≤ 8 m 0 +10 mm • L > 8 m 0 +15 mm	max. 3 mm/m total 0,15% of tube length	• square cut ends tol. 0,5 %D (min. 0,5 mm, max. 1,6 mm) • beveled D > 60,3
	49-213		Hot finished: D ≤ 63,5 mm ±0,50 mm D = 63,5-114,3 mm ±0,75 % D > 114,3 mm ±1 % Cold finished: D ≤ 33,7 mm ±0,25 mm D > 33,7 mm ±0,5 % min ±0,25 mm	±12,5 % min ±0,4 mm  ±10 %	Exact lengths tolerances: • D ≤ 88,9 mm a L ≤ 7,5 m 0 +5 mm • D > 88,9 mm 0 +10 mm • L > 7,5 m +1 mm/1 m	max. 3 mm/m total by length 6 m = 8 mm	• square cut ends • free from excessive burrs
UNI	(ISO 1129) Pipe line 4991 Boiler 5463		Hot finished: D ≤ 51 mm ±0,5 mm D = 51-419 mm ±1 % Cold finished: D ≤ 139,7 mm ±0,75 % min ±0,3 mm  Tube weight -8 +10%	D ≤ 139,7 mm ±12,5 %  ±10 %	Exact lengths tolerances: • L ≤ 6 m 0 +10 mm • L > 6 m 0 +15 mm		• square cut ends • free from excessive burrs
STN ČSN	42 5715 42 5716 (42 6710) (42 6711)	(Table 6/Page 32)	42 5715 D ≤ 219 mm ±1,25 % min ±0,5 mm	D < 219 mm, T < 20 mm -15 % +12,5 %	Exact lengths tolerances: 0 +15 mm Multiple: +5 mm for cut, max. +50 mm	Straightened - 3 mm/m Exact straight- ened- 1,5 mm/m	• square cut ends • free from excessive burrs • option: with beveled ends
			42 5716 D ≤ 219 mm ±1 % min ±0,5 mm	D < 219 mm, T < 20 mm ±12,5 %			
			42 6710 ±1 % min ±0,4 mm	T ≤ 3 mm -10 % +15 % T > 3 mm -10 % +12 %			
			42 6711 see precision tubes				
GOST	8732  TU 14-3-190 TU 14-3-460	Table 1/Page 26	D ≤ 50 mm ±0,50 mm D = 50-219 mm usually ±1 % increased ±0,8 %	D ≤ 219 mm, T ≤ 15 mm usually -15% +12,5% increased ±12,5%	Exact lengths tolerances: • L ≤ 6 m 0 +10 mm • L > 6 m 0 +15 mm	1,5 mm/m	• square cut ends • option: beveled for WT 5-20 mm
PN-H	74252		D ≤ 50 mm ±0,50 mm D = 50-219 mm usually ±1 % increased ±0,8 %	D ≤ 219 mm, T ≤ 15 mm usually -15% +12,5% increased ±12,5%	Exact lengths tolerances: • L ≤ 6 m 0 +10 mm • L > 6 m 0 +15 mm	1,5 mm/m	• square cut ends • option: beveled for WT 5-20 mm
ANSI ASME	B36.10	Table 2/Page 28	See table 2, page 28,29 Except 1. row tolerance ±0,4 (not -0,8 mm)		Depending on tube dimension length upon agreement. See EN	Visually straight	• square cut ends • plain ends • NPS ≤ 1/2 (DN 40/48,3 mm) agreement • NPS ≥ 2 (DN 50/60,3 mm) WT ≤ XS - beveled WT > XS - plain and square cut

Note: At NFA 49-213 - also steel TU 15CD2-05.

### List of dimensional standards and technical delivery conditions standards

NFA 49-211	Steel tubes. Seamless plain-end unalloyed steel tubes for fluid piping at elevated temperatures.. Dimensions. TDC.
NFA 49-213	Steel tubes. Seamless unalloyed and Mo and Cr-Mo alloyed steel tubes for use at high temperatures. Dimensions (with standard tolerances). TDC.
ISO 1129	Steel tubes for boilers, superheaters and heat exchangers. Dimensions, tolerances and weight per unit lengths.
UNI 4991	Seamless and welded steel tubes with plain ends. Dimensions.
UNI 5462	Seamless steel tubes - tubes for elevated temperatures and pressures.
UNI 5463	.....
STN 42 0251	ČSN 42 0251 Seamless steel tubes with guaranteed properties of elevated temperatures.
STN 42 5715	ČSN 42 5715 Hot formed seamless steel tubes.
STN 42 5716	ČSN 42 5716 Hot formed seamless steel tubes with smaller tolerances.

TDC standards	Steel grade			Testing and certificates		Other TDC		
	Name	Condition	Surface	Testing	Certificate	Marking	Surface protection	Packing
49-211	TUE 220 TUE 250 TUE 275	Hot finished • as rolled • normalized Cold finished • normalized	Adequate to production mode of tubes and heat treatment. Visually without defects, to remove defects surface can be worked according to appropriate standard articles. Specific working upon agreement.	Testing as in EN • leak tightness by hydrotest - pressure according to formula	NFA 49-001 3.1.B	Indelibly marking 26,9 mm and under-label 26,9-48,3 mm -tube or label Over 48,3 mm at tube	• without • upon agreement	• D < 60,3 mm - bundles • tubes of larger diameter can be free laid
49-213	TU 37C TU 42C TU 48C TU 52C TU 15D3 TU 13CD4-04 TU 10CD5-05 TU 10CD9-10	Hot finished • as rolled • normalized Cold finished • normalized N N+T N+T N+T		• hot finished tubes of grade: L1, L2, L3 • cold finished tubes of grade: F1, F2, F3 • NDT ultrasonic of grade: L2, L3, F2, F3	NFA 49-001 company certificate C.C.P.V (3.1.B) or inspection test 3.2.C	Data • manufacturer • steel, condition • standard • dimensions • pressure at test • identification number • inspector		
5462	C14 C18 16Mo5 14CrMo3 12CrMo9-10	Hot finished • as rolled • normalized Cold finished • normalized N N+T N+T		• dimensions • hydrostatic test • drift expanding • flattening • tensile test • NDT upon agreement		Marking according to agreement		
42 0251	11 368 11 418 12 021 12 022 12 025 15 020 15 121 15 128 15 313	Hot finished • as rolled • normalized Cold finished • normalized condition .1 behind steel mark Hot finished • normalized and tempered Cold finished • normalized and tempered condition .5 behind steel mark	.0+ scaled .1+ pickled Cold finished .2+ free of scale .4+ metallic clean .9+ special agreement (first number behind DS)	• surface • dimensions • leak tightness • tensile test • flattening • drift expanding • impact test • ring-expanding • material identification • NDT (Tube class 3) (Tube class 1 and 3)*	• 6+ test certificate • 7+ customer inspection • 9+ special arrangement + = tube class	Colour according to ČSN 42 0010 Tested NDT - colour strip D < 70 mm label on bundle Marking of tubes according to TDC	• without • upon agreement	• bundles 300-3500 kg, bounded with steel stripes • other upon agreement
8731 4543 20072 TU 14-3-190 TU 14-3-460	10 20 10G2 15ChM 12Ch1MF	Hot finished • as rolled, • normalized Hot finished • normalized and tempered Cold finished • normalized and tempered		• product analysis • hardness • visual • tensile test • impact test • grain size • inclusions • leak tightness • NDT	According to GOST 10692	According to GOST 10692 D over 159 (114) mm and WT over 3,5 mm at tube Smaller tubes label Data: • dimensions • steel • manufacturer • alloy steel - cast and tube number	According to GOST 10692	According to GOST 10692
74252 (84024)	K10 K18 16M, 10H2M 15HM 13HMF	Hot finished • as rolled, • normalized Hot finished, Cold finished • normalized and tempered						
ASTM A106 (A530) ASME SA-106 (SA-530)	Grade A Grade B Grade C	Hot finished • as rolled Cold finished • normalized		• product analysis • hardness • tensile test • impact test ( up to NPS 2") • flattening • impact test • hydrostatic or NDT - E 213, E 309, E 570 • dimensions • weight • drift expanding • flanging • (upon agreement equivalent C)	A530	A530 + A700 + article 24 of standard Under 2 in (60,3 mm) data on a label. Data: • manufacturer • standard • steel grade	A530 + A700 + article 24 of standard	A530 + A700 + article 24 of standard

\*Option of class of tubes according to working conditions (temperature, pressure) in compliance with standards ČSN 13 0020, ČSN 42 0090 and ČSN 69 0010

- STN 42 6710 ČSN 42 6710 Cold drawn seamless tubes with standard tolerances.
- STN 42 6711 ČSN 42 6711 Precision seamless steel tubes.
- GOST 4543 Alloy structural steel.
- GOST 20072 Heat resistant steel.
- GOST 8731 Hot formed seamless steel tubes. TDC.
- GOST 8732 Hot formed seamless steel tubes. Dimensions.
- GOST 8733 Seamless cold or hot formed steel tubes.
- GOST 8734 Cold formed seamless steel tubes.
- TU 14-3-190 Seamless steel tubes for boilers and pipelines.
- TU 14-3-460 Seamless steel tubes for steam boilers and pipelines.
- ANSI/ASME B 36.10M Welded and seamless wrought steel pipe. Dimensions.

## Seamless steel tubes for pressure equipments for elevated temperature

Standards	Dimensional standards	Dimensional range	Dimensions				Straightness	Tube ends
			Tolerance D	Tolerance T	Lengths			
ASTM ASME	A192 SA-192	Table 5/Page 31	See page 33	See page 33	Depending on tube dimension length upon agreement. Informative - like EN. Tolerance: <b>A 450 α A 1016</b>  Seamless, hot finished: All dimensions 0+3/16 in. (0+5mm)  Seamless, cold finished: D under 2 in. (50,8 mm) 0 + 1/8 in. (0+3mm)  D 2 in.(50,8 mm) and over 0 + 3/16 in. (0+5mm)  Welded: As seamless, cold finished  Toler. for L under 24 ft. (7,3 m)  L over 24 ft: 0 + 1/8 in. (+3 mm) for each 10 ft (3 m) or 0 + 1/2 in. (0+13 mm) smaller value is valid  <b>A 530 α A 999</b>  Seamless and welded (electric resistant) For L under 24ft. (7,3 m) incl. 0 + 1/4 in. (0+6 mm) For larger lengths under agreement (Valid for A 999) Tolerances of random lengths upon agreement.	Visually straight	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• square cut ends</li> <li>• free from excessive burrs</li> <li>• beveled ends according agreement only</li> </ul>	
	A209 SA-209							
	A210 SA-210							
	A213 SA-213							
	A335 SA-335	Table 2/Page 28 or Table 5/Page 31	Ordering of Pipe or Tube See tolerances table on page 29	See tolerances table on page 29  Nominal T - 12,5 % Minimum T to + only				
	A556 SA-556	Table 5/Page 31 interval 5/8 - 1 1/4 in (15,9 - 31,8 mm)	See table page 33	See table page 33				
JIS	G3456	Table 11/Page 52	D ≤ 50 mm ±0,50 mm D = 50-160 mm ±1 %	T ≤ 4 mm ±0,5 mm T > 4 mm ±12,5 %			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• square cut ends</li> <li>• free from excessive burrs</li> <li>• beveled ends according agreement only</li> </ul>	
	G3458							
	G3461	Table 10/Page 52	Hot finished Cold finished (Tolerances see standards)		D ≤ 50 mm, L ≤ 7 m 0+7 mm D ≤ 50 mm, L > 7 m +3 mm/m, max 15 mm D > 50 mm, L ≤ 7 m 0+10 mm D > 50 mm, L > 7 m +3 mm/m, max 15 mm			
	G3462							

### List of dimensional standards and technical delivery conditions standards

ASTM A106	Seamless carbon steel pipe for high-temperature service.
ASTM A192	Seamless carbon steel boiler tubes for high-pressure service.
ASTM A209	Seamless carbon-molybdenum alloy-steel boiler and superheater tubes.
ASTM A210	Seamless medium-carbon steel boiler and superheater tubes.
ASTM A213	Seamless ferritic and austenitic alloy-steel boiler, superheater and heat-exchanger tubes.
ASTM 335	Seamless ferritic alloy-steel pipe for high-temperature service.
ASTM A450	General requirements for carbon, ferritic alloy and austenitic alloy steel tubes.
ASTM A530	General requirements for specialized carbon and alloy steel pipe.
ASTM A556	Seamless cold drawn carbon steel feedwater heater tubes.
ASTM A692	Seamless medium-strength carbon-molybdenum alloy steel boiler and superheater tubes.
ASTM A999	General requirements for alloy and stainless steel pipe.
ASTM A1016	General requirements for ferritic alloy steel, austenitic alloy steel and stainless steel tubes.

TDC standards	Steel grade			Testing and certificates		Other TDC		
	Name	Condition	Surface	Testing	Certificate	Marking	Surface protection	Packing
A192 (A450) SA-192 (SA-450)	A192	Hot finished • as rolled Cold finished • normalized	Adequate to production mode of tubes and heat treatment. Visually without defects, to remove defects surface can be worked according to appropriate standard articles. Specific working upon agreement.	• product analysis • hardness • flattening • drift expanding • hydrostatic or NDT	A450	A450, A700, A1016 Under OD 1 1/4 in (31,8 mm) data on the label Data: • manufacturer • standard • steel grade	A450 + A700	A450 + A700
A209 (A1016) SA-209 (SA-1016)	Grade T1 Grade T1a Grade T1b	Hot finished • normalized Cold finished • normalized • normalized + tempered		• product analysis • hardness • flattening • tensile test • drift expanding • hydrostatic or NDT	A1016	A1016 + A700	A450 + A700	A450 + A700
A210 (A450) SA-210 (SA-450)	Grade A-1 Grade C	Hot finished • as rolled Cold finished • normalized		• product analysis • hardness • flattening • tensile test • drift expanding • hydrostatic or NDT	A450			
A213 (A1016) SA-213 (SA-1016)	T2 T11 T12 T21 T22 T24	Hot finished • normalized + tempered Cold finished • normalized + tempered	• product analysis • tensile test • hardness • flattening • drift expanding • hydrostatic or NDT - E 213, E 309	A1016				
A335 (A999) SA-335 (SA-999)	P1 P2 P11 P12 P21 P22 P24	Hot finished • normalized + tempered Cold finished • normalized + tempered	• product analysis • tensile test • hardness • dimensions • hydrostatic and NDT - E 213, E 309, EN 570 • impact test	A999	Under OD 2 in (60,3 mm) data on the label Data: • manufacturer • standard • steel grade			
A556 (A450) SA-556 (SA-450)	Grade A2 Grade B2 Grade C2	Cold finished • normalized	• product analysis • tensile test • hardness • dimensions • flattening • drift expanding • NDT	A450	Under OD 1 1/4 in (31,8 mm) data on the label Data: • manufacturer • standard • steel grade			
G3456	STPT 370 STPT 410 STPT 480	Hot finished • as rolled Cold finished • normalized		• product analysis • tensile test • flattening • impact test • hydrostatic or NDT according to JIS G0582 or JIS G0583		Small diameters - label Data: • steel grade • method of manufact. (-SH), (-SC) • ND x NWT / OD x WT • manufacturer • supplem. requirements Z		
G3458	STPA 12 STPA 20 STPA 22 STPA 23 STPA 24	Hot finished • normalized + tempered Cold finished • normalized + tempered		• product analysis • tensile test • flattening • drift expanding • hydrostatic or NDT according to JIS G0582 or JIS G0583	JIS G0303	Small diameters - label Data: • class (steel) • method of manufact. (-SH), (-SC) • dimensions • manufacturer • supplem. requirements Z		
G3461	STB 340 STB 410 STB 510	Hot finished • as rolled (340,410) • normalized (510)						
G3462	STBA 12 STBA 13 STBA 20 STBA 22 STBA 23 STBA 24	Cold finished • normalized Hot finished • normalized + tempered Cold finished • normalized + tempered						

Tube and pipe from steels T5 (A213) and P5 (A335) according agreement.

JIS G 3456 Carbon steel pipes for high temperature service.  
 JIS G 3458 Alloyed steel pipes.  
 JIS G 3461 Carbon steel boiler and heat exchanger tubes.  
 JIS G 3462 Alloy steel boiler and heat exchanger tubes.  
 PN-H 74 252 Seamless boiler steel tubes

**Note:**

Alloy steel tube and pipe according to standard ASTM (ASME) - it is recommended to test the tube with combination of two NDT methods - usually according to ASTM E309 and ASTM E213.

\* The boiler tubes belong into pressure tube group. Except the standards for own tube the requirements of superior regulations for pressure vessels are valid. The manufacturer have to own the respective certificates.

**Reference standards:**

ASTM E213 (ultrasonic) - the depth of the notches shall not exceed 12 1/2 % of WT. (According to agreement 10% or 5%)

ASTM E309 (eddy current) - max. diameter of drilled hole:  
 for tube: 0,031 in (0,8 mm)  
 for pipe: see Table in Standards A999

ASTM E570 (flux leakage) - values as in Standard ASTM 213





## Alloy fine grain steel tubes for pressure equipments

Standards	Dimensional standards	Dimensional range	Dimensions				
			Tolerance D	Tolerance T	Lengths	Straightness	Tube ends
EN	10216-3	Table 1/Page 26	Hot finished: D ≤ 219,1 mm ±1 % min ±0,5 mm	D ≤ 219,1 mm ±12,5 % min ±0,4 mm	Kinds: • random • exact  Informative values: • D < 60,3 mm 5-6 m • D ≥ 60,3 mm / T < 7,1 mm 5-6 m or 10-14 m • D ≥ 60,3 mm / T ≥ 7,1 mm 5-6 m • longer upon agreement  Exact length tolerances: • L < 6 m 0+10 mm • L = 6-12 m 0+15 mm • L > 12 m + upon agreement - 0	Permissible 0,0015.L for tube conversion to 1 m max. 3 mm	• square cut ends • free from excessive burrs • option: with beveled ends (see page 98)
	10305-1 (upon agreement)	Table 16/Page 64	Cold finished: ±0,5 % min ±0,3 mm Delivery by d <sub>min</sub> a T <sub>min</sub> upon agreement (page 34)	±10 % min ±0,2 mm			
DIN	2448	Table 1/Page 26	D ≤ 100 mm ±1 % min ±0,5 mm D = 100-200 mm ±1 %	D < 130 mm • T ≤ 2T <sub>n</sub> -10 % +15 % • 2T <sub>n</sub> < T < 4T <sub>n</sub> -10 % +12,5 % • T > 4T <sub>n</sub> ±9 % D > 130 mm See page 22  T <sub>n</sub> - basic wall thickness according to DIN 2448	Kinds: • random • fixed ±500 mm • exact  Informative values: • D < 60,3 mm 5-6 m • D ≥ 60,3 mm / T < 7,1 mm 5-6 m or 10-14 m • D ≥ 60,3 mm / T ≥ 7,1 mm 5-6 m • longer upon agreement  Exact length tolerances: • L ≤ 6 m 0+10 mm • L ≥ 3 m +1,5 mm/m max 15 mm	• visually straight • upon agreement	• square cut ends • free from excessive burrs • option: with beveled ends (T ≥ 3,2 mm)
	2391-1 (upon agreement)	Table 16/Page 64	Cold finished-precision See page 60 a 64				

### List of dimensional standards and technical delivery conditions standards

DIN 2391-1	Seamless precision steel tubes. Part 1: Dimensions.
DIN 2448	Plain end seamless steel tubes. Dimensions.
DIN 17179	Seamless circular tubes of fine grain steel for special requirements. TDC.
EN 10 216-3	Seamless steel tubes for pressure purposes. TDC. Part 3: Non-alloy and alloy fine grain steel tubes.

### Steel types

Comparison of steel according to DIN and EN standards: Fine grain steel are delivered in 4 series (steel grades):

Series	DIN 17179		EN 10216 - 3	
	Identification	Grade	Identification	Grade
Basic	StE	255, 285, 355, 420, 460	P-N	355, 460
High temperature	WStE	255, 285, 355, 420, 460	P-NH	355, 460
Low temperature	TStE	255, 285, 355, 420, 460	P-NL1	275, 355, 460
Low temperature special	EStE	255, 285, 355, 420, 460	P-NL2	275, 355, 460

Note: Steel grade condition Q are not given in comparison.

### Designation of steel according to EN:

- P – steel for pressure equipments
- 355 – minimum yield strength in N/mm<sup>2</sup>
- N – normalized or normalising formed
- NH – high temperature steel
- NL1 – low temperature steel
- NL2 – special low temperature steel

Note: Fine grain steel – ferritic grain size 6 or finer according to ASTM E112.

Tests on page 43:

TC1 or TC2 upon specification in order. Steels P620 and P690 with TC2 only.



# Seamless steel tubes for pressure equipments for low temperature

Standards	Dimensional standards	Dimensional range	Dimensions				
			Tolerance D	Tolerance T	Lengths	Straightness	Tube ends
EN	10216-4	Table 1/Page 26	Hot finished: D ≤ 219,1 mm ± 1 % min ± 0,5 mm	D ≤ 219,1 mm ± 12,5 % min ± 0,4 mm	Kinds: • random • exact  Informative values: • D < 60,3 mm 5-6 m • D ≥ 60,3 mm / T < 7,1 mm 5-6 m or 10-14 m • D ≥ 60,3 mm / T ≥ 7,1 mm 5-6 m • longer upon agreement  Exact length tolerances: • L < 6 m 0+10 mm • L = 6-12 m 0+15 mm • L > 12 m + upon agreement - 0	Permissible 0,0015.L for tube conversion to 1 m max. 3 mm	• square cut ends • free from excessive burrs • option: with beveled ends (see page 98)
	10305-1 (upon agreement)	Table 16/Page 64	Cold finished-precision See page 60 a 64				
DIN	2448	Table 1/Page 26	D ≤ 100 mm ± 1 % min ± 0,5 mm	D < 130 mm • T ≤ 2Tn -10% +15 % • 2Tn < T < 4Tn -10% +12,5 % • T > 4Tn ± 9 %	Kinds: • random • fixed ± 500 mm • exact  Informative values: • D < 60,3 mm 5-6 m • D ≥ 60,3 mm / T < 7,1 mm 5-6 m or 10-14 m • D ≥ 60,3 mm / T ≥ 7,1 mm 5-6 m • longer upon agreement  Precise length tolerances: like EN	• visually straight • upon agreement	
	2391-1 upon agreement	Table 16/Page 64	Cold finished-precision See page 60 a 64				
BS	3600	Table 1/Page 26	Hot finished: ± 1 % min ± 0,5 mm	≤ 3 % D ± 15 % 3-10 % D ± 12,5 %	• random • exact with tolerances: L ≤ 6 m 0+6 mm L > 6 m 1,5 mm/m, max 12 mm		
			Cold finished: ± 0,75 % min ± 0,5 mm	± 7,5 %			
NFA	49-215		D ≤ 20 mm ± 0,10 mm D = 20-38 mm ± 0,15 mm D = 38-50 mm ± 0,25 mm D > 50 mm ± 0,30 mm	± 9 % min ± 0,20 mm upon agreement 0 +18%	Exact with tolerances: L ≤ 6 m 0+3 mm L = 6-9 m 0+4,5 mm L = 9-12 m 0+6 mm L = 12-15 m 0+7,5 mm L = 15-18 m 0+9 mm	• locally 3 mm/m • total: L < 4 m 2 mm/m L = 4-6 m 8 mm/m L > 6 m 8 mm +1 mm/m	• square cut ends • free from excessive burrs

### List of dimensional standards and technical delivery conditions standards

- EN 10 216 - 4    Seamless steel tubes for pressure purposes. TDC. Part 4: Non-alloy and alloy steel tubes with specified low temperature properties.
- DIN 2391-1    Seamless precision steel tubes. Part 1: Dimensions.
- DIN 2448    Plain end seamless steel tubes. Dimensions.
- DIN 17173    Seamless circular steel tubes for low temperatures. TDC.
- DIN 28180    Seamless steel tubes for tubular heat exchangers. Dimensions, tolerances, materials.
- BS 3600    Dimension and masses per unit length of welded and seamless steel pipes and tubes for pressure purposes.
- BS 3603    Carbon and alloy steel pipes and tubes with specified low temperature properties for pressure purposes.
- NFA 49-215    Seamless tubes for ferritic non alloy and alloy steel heat exchangers. Dimensions. TDC.

TDC standards	Steel grade			Testing and certificates		Other TDC		
	Name	Condition	Surface	Testing	Certificate	Marking	Surface protection	Packing
10216-4	P215NL P265NL 12Ni14	+ N + N +NT Conditions valid for both methods: Hot finished Cold finished	• visually free from surface defects • adequate to production mode	Category TC1 and TC2 • cast analysis • tensile test • flattening • drift expanding or • ring expanding • impact test (by dimension) • leak tightness (page 11) • dimensions • visual • NDT-to TC2 (page 11) • material identification • optional tests upon agreement  See note	10204: • 3.1 • 3.2  See also page 10	Indelibly marking D < 51 mm on label D > 51 mm at end Data • producer • standard • steel grade • TC (C - in steel) • cast (code) • inspector's mark • identification number Optionally: • additional marking upon agreement	• without protection • upon agreement	
17173	TTS135N 10Ni14	N V(N) N - normalized V - quenched and tempered Conditions valid for both methods: Hot finished Cold finished		Tests like EN	50049 3.1.A 3.1.B 3.1.C			
3603	430LT  503LT (HFS, CFS)	Hot finished • normalising formed HF • normalized N Cold finished • normalized N Hot finished Cold finished • normalized N • normalized and temp. N+T		• cast analysis • visual • tensile test • flattening • impact test • Cat.1 - ultrasonic • Cat.2 - leak tightness • hydraulic test • eddy current	• test certification • test results			
49-215	TU42BT  TU10N9 TU10N14	Cold finished • normalized N  Cold finished • normalized N • normalized and temp. N+T		• product analysis • tensile test • flattening • drift expanding • visual • dimensions • NDT • leak tightness	49-001 Typ A Typ B Typ C			

### Designation of steel for low temperature according to EN:

- P - steel for pressure equipments
- 215 - minimum yield strength in N/mm<sup>2</sup>
- N - normalized or normalising formed
- L - low temperature steel
- Alloy steel - see page 9

### Test category:

- Non alloy steels - TC1 or TC2 upon agreement in order
- Alloy steels - TC2 only

## Seamless steel tubes for pressure equipments for low temperature

Standards	Dimensional standards	Dimensional range	Dimensions				
			Tolerance D	Tolerance T	Lengths	Straightness	Tube ends
UNI	4991	Table 1/Page 26	Hot finished: D ≤ 51 mm ±0,5 mm D > 51 mm ±1 %  Cold finished: D ≤ 25 mm ±0,25 mm D = 25-51 mm ±0,35 mm D > 51 mm ±0,75 % Weight -8 % +10 %	D ≤ 323,9 mm ±12,5 % (-17,5 %)  Cold finished: Di ≤ 7 mm ±12 % (-14 %) min ±0,10 mm Di > 7 mm ±10 % (-12 %)	• random • exact with tolerances: L ≤ 6 m 0 +10 mm L > 6 m 0 +15 mm	Straightened - 3 mm/m Flat straightened -1,5mm/m	• square cut ends • free from excessive burrs • option: with beveled ends (see page 98)
STN ČSN	42 5715 42 5716 42 6710 42 6711	Table 6/Page 32	42 5715 D ≤ 219 mm ±1,25 % min ±0,5 mm 42 5716 D ≤ 219 mm ±1 % min ±0,5 mm 42 6710 ±1 % min ±0,4 mm 42 6711 see precision tubes	D ≤ 219 mm, T ≤ 20 mm -15 % +12,5 %  ±12,5 %  T ≤ 3 mm -10 % +15 % T > 3 mm -10 % +12 %	Exact length tolerances: 0 +15 mm Multiple: +5 mm on cut, max. +50 mm		
ANSI ASME	B 36.10	Table 2/Page 28	See page 29		See page 38	Reasonably straight	• square cut ends • free from excessive burrs
ASTM ASME	A334 SA-334	Table 5/Page 31	See page 33			See page 38	
ANSI	B 36.10	Table 2/Page 28	See page 29			See page 36	

### List of dimensional standards and technical delivery conditions standards

UNI 4991	Seamless and welded steel tubes with plain ends. Dimensions.
UNI 5949	Special unalloyed and alloyed steel seamless tubes with low temperature impact test.
STN 42 0165	ČSN 42 0165 Sheets and pipes of ferritic – perlitic steel with guaranteed impact properties at low temperatures. TDC.
STN 42 5715	ČSN 42 5715 Hot formed seamless steel tubes. Dimensions.
STN 425716	ČSN 42 5716 Hot formed seamless steel tubes with smaller tolerances. Dimensions.
STN 42 6710	ČSN 42 6710 Cold drawn seamless tubes with normal tolerances from steel class 11 – 16. Dimensions.
STN 42 6711	ČSN 42 6711 Precision seamless steel tubes. Dimensions.
ANSI/ASME B 36.10	Welded and seamless wrought steel pipe. Dimensions.
ASTM A333	Seamless and welded steel pipe for low-temperature service. TDC.
ASTM A334	Seamless and welded carbon and alloy-steel tubes for low-temperature service. TDC.
ASTM A450	General requirements for carbon, ferritic alloy and austenitic alloy steel tubes.TDC.
ASTM A524	Seamless carbon steel pipe for atmospheric and lower temperatures. TDC.
ASTM A530	General requirements for specialized carbon and alloy steel pipe. TDC.
ASTM A999	General requirements for alloy and stainless steel pipe.
ASTM A1016	General requirements for ferritic alloy steel, austenitic alloy steel and and stainless steel tubes.
ISO 9329-3	Seamless steel tubes for pressure purposes. TDC. Part 3: Non-alloy and alloy steel tubes with specified low temperature properties.



## Tubes for heat exchangers (seamless and welded)

Standards	Dimensional standards	Dimensional range	Dimensions				
			Tolerance D	Tolerance T	Lengths	Straightness	Tube ends
<b>SEAMLESS TUBES</b>							
EN	10216-2	Table 1/Page 26	See boiler tubes page 34, production method as cold drawn (Tubes for low temperature see EN 10216-4, Page 44)				
DIN	28180 (2391-1)	Table 9/Page 51	Tolerance class 1: D = 16-30 mm ±0,08 mm D > 38 mm ±0,15 mm  Tolerance class 3: D = 16-38 mm ±0,50 mm	T ≤ 2 mm ±0,2 mm T > 2 mm ±10 %  T ≤ 2 mm ±0,2 mm T > 2 mm -10 % +15 %	Exact lengths: L ≤ 5 m 0+5 mm L 5-10 m 0+10 mm L > 10 m upon agreement (seamless max. 18,3 m)	• visually straight • upon agreement	• square cut ends • free from excessive burrs
BS	3606	Table 6/Page 32	D ≤ 25 mm ±0,10 mm D = 25-38 mm ±0,15 mm D 38-50 mm ±0,20 mm	• ±10 % • upon agreement: D ≤ 38 mm 0+20 % D > 38 mm 0+22 %	Exact lengths: L ≤ 6 m 0+3 mm L > 6 m +1,5 mm/m, max+12,5 mm	visually straight	
NF A	49-215	Table 6/Page 32	See page 44				
UNI	ISO 1129	Table 6/Page 32	See page 36				
STN	42 6710	Table 6/Page 32	See page 36				
ČSN	42 6711		See page 36				
GOST	8734 (8732)	Table 6/Page 32	Cold finished: D = 5-10 mm ±0,15 mm D = 10-30 mm ±0,30 mm D = 30-50 mm ±0,40 mm D > 50 mm ±0,8 %	T ≤ 1 mm ±0,12 mm T = 1-5 mm ±10 %	• random • exact 0+10 mm	D = 5-8 mm 3 mm/m D = 8-10 mm 2 mm/m D > 10 m 1,5 mm/m	• square cut ends • free from excessive burrs • beveled for WT over 5 mm
	1060		D ≤ 29 mm ±0,2 mm D = 29-51 mm ±0,30 mm D > 51 mm -0,8% +0,6%	• Trieda 1 -10 % +8 % • Trieda 2 ±8 %		1,5 mm/m	
ASTM ASME	A179 SA-179	Table 7/Page 51	According to ASTM A450 See page 33	See page 33	• upon agreement • max 18,3 m		• square cut ends • free from excessive burrs
JIS	G3461	Table 10/Page 52	See page 38	See page 38			• square cut ends • free from excessive burrs
	G3462						
<b>WELDED COLD SIZED TUBES</b>							
DIN	28181 (2394-1)	Table 9/Page 51	Tolerance class 1: D = 16-30 mm ±0,08 mm D > 38 mm ±0,15 mm  Tolerance class 2: D ≤ 16 mm ±0,12 mm D = 20-30 mm ±0,15 mm D > 38 mm ±0,20 mm  Tolerance class 3: D = 16-38 mm ±0,50 mm	T ≤ 2 mm ±0,20 mm T > 2 mm ±10 %	Exact lengths: L ≤ 5 m 0+5 mm L 5-10 m 0+10 mm L > 10 m upon agreement (welded max. 15 m)	• visually straight • upon agreement	• square cut ends • free from excessive burrs
ASTM	A214 A178 A334	Table 7/Page 51	See page 33	0 + 18 %			• square cut ends • free from excessive burrs
NF A	49-243	Table 1/Page 26	Quality F ±0,5 % min ±0,2 mm	Quality F ±9 % min ±0,25 mm	Exact lengths: D ≤ 88,9 mm: L ≤ 6,5 m 0+5 mm	3 mm/m max 8 mm	• square cut ends • free from excessive burrs
	49-245	Table 7-9/Page 51	D ≤ 20 mm ±0,10 mm D = 20-38 mm ±0,15 mm D = 38-50 mm ±0,25 mm D > 50 mm ±0,30 mm	±9 % min ±0,20 mm 0+18% upon agreement	Exact lengths: L ≤ 6 m 0+3 mm L = 6-9 0+4,5 mm L = 9-12 0+6 mm		

Notes: 1. Delivery of tubes according to other standards for seamless and welded tubes (EN 10217-2, ISO 9330-1,2,3) upon agreement. 2. See also standards for heat appliances (pages 34-39, 44-47). 3. Tubes according to 49-243 in quality F2 and F3 (page 37). 4. For low temperatures tubes according to STN, ČSN 42 0165 (page 46)

TDC standards	Steel grade			Testing and certificates		Other TDC		
	Name	Condition	Surface	Testing	Certificate	Marking	Surface protection	Packing
10216-2	P235GH 16Mo3	See boiler tubes page 35						
1629 17175 17173	St37.0 St35.8 15Mo3 TTSi35N	Cold finished • normalized (NBK)			See page 23 See page 35  See page 45			
3606	320 440 243 620 622	N N N, N+T N, N+T Cold finished • condition upon steel or agreement		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>product analysis</li> <li>dimensions</li> <li>visual</li> <li>tensile test</li> <li>flattening</li> <li>drift expanding</li> <li>hydrostatic test</li> <li>NDT - ultrasonic - eddy current</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>test certificate</li> <li>test result</li> </ul>			
49-215	TU37C TU42C TU48C TU15D3 TU13CD4-04	N N N N N+T		See pages 37 and 45				
5462	16Mo5			See page 37				
42 0251	12 021 12 022 12 025 15 020 15 121 15 128 15 313	Cold finished • normalized number .1 behind steel  Cold finished • normalized and temper. number .5 behind steel		See page 37				
550	1050: 10 20 4543: 10G2	Cold finished • normalized		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>product analysis</li> <li>dimensions</li> <li>tensile test</li> <li>impact test</li> <li>flattening</li> <li>drift expanding</li> <li>hardness</li> </ul>	10692			
1060	1050: 10							
A179 (A450) SA-179	A179	Cold finished • normalized		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>product analysis</li> <li>hardness</li> <li>flattening</li> <li>drift expanding</li> <li>flanging</li> <li>NDT according to E309 (HF upon agreement)</li> </ul>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>each tube marked according to A 450 and name and order of the purchaser</li> </ul>		Upon agreement
G3461 G3462	STB340 STB410 STB510 STBA12	Cold finished • normalized		See page 39				
1626 17174 17177	St37.0 TTSi35N St37.8 St42.8			As DIN 1629 page 23 As DIN 17173 page 45 As DIN 17175 page 35				
A214 A178	A214 Grade A, B, C	Cold finished • normalized		See A179				
A334 (A1016)	Grade 1 Grade 6	(Calibrated)		See page 47				
49-243 49-245	TS37C TS42C TS48C TS52C TS15D3 TS34C TS37C TS42C TS48C	N N N N N+T N N N N		See pages 37 and 45				







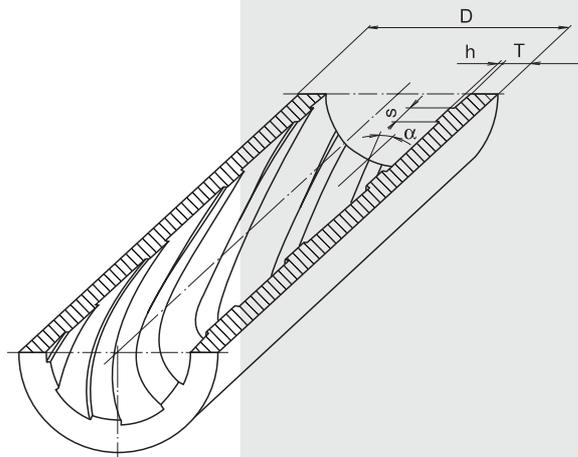
## Tubes with internal riffling

This type of precision tube is used as boiler or exchanger tubes. Contrary to the tubes with smooth inside surface, the advantages of tubes with internal riffling include:

- optimum turbulence stage inside heat - transferring medium
- permanent contact of medium with inside surface tube, whereby the heat - transfer coefficient is increased by 40 - 60 %
- braking action of internal rifflings against rigid particle sedimentation in transported medium
- a very effective corrosion resistance and a large increase in the service life of the piping.

Tubes with internal rifflings are furnished according to the given parameters. In the table there is a dimensional range. Required parameters are a matter of agreement between the manufacturer and the purchaser.

Symbol	Parameter	Range	
		[mm]	[inch]
D	Outside diameter	18-72	.750-3.000
T	Wall thickness	1-6,5	.047-.250
	Number of riflings	6-8	
h	Height of rifling	0,3-1,0	.016-.047
s	Width of rifling (cross section)	3-8	.125-.313
$\beta$	Angle of rifling flank	30°	
r	Radius of rifling	0,1-0,15	.004-.006
$\alpha$	Lead angle of rifling	25° - 35°	
	Lead length of rifling (360°)	depending on outside diameter	
	Center-to-center spacing of riflings in the longitudinal direction	upon agreement	
	Top width of rifling (longitudinal section)	upon agreement	
	Top width of span between riflings (longitudinal section)	upon agreement	
	Inside circumference of tube	upon agreement	
	Cross diameter of tube	upon agreement	
	Weight of tube	kg/m	lb/ft
	Length of tube	upon agreement	



Dimensions of tubes with internal riffling

Table 12

Outside diameter [mm]	Wall thickness [mm]												
	0,5	1	1,5	2	2,5	3	3,5	4	4,5	5	5,5	6	6,5
	Maximum rib height [mm]												
18													
20													
25			0,5 mm										
30													
35													
40						0,7 mm							
45													
50													
55										1 mm			
60													
65													
70													
72													













## Precision cold drawn seamless standard steel tubes

Standards	Dimensional standards	Dimensional range	Dimensions				
			Tolerance D	Tolerance T	Lengths	Straightness	Tube ends
EN	10305-1	Table 16/Page 64 Table 17/Page 65 Table 20/Page 68 (Other dimensions upon agreement)	See dimensional tables (Inside diameter tolerance is also shown in table) • other tolerances upon agreement • possibility to shift tolerance • by heat treated tubes increasing of tolerance range • ovality included in D tolerances • eccentricity included in T tolerances	$\pm 10\%$ min $\pm 0,1$ mm (Applied for ordering by: • OD x T • ID x T)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>random 3-7 (9) m</li> <li>fixed with tolerance <math>\pm 500</math> mm</li> <li>exact with tolerance 0 + upon agreement</li> <li>max length 18 m - upon agreement</li> </ul>	D > 15 mm • total deviation: ReH < 500 MPa 0,0015 L ReH > 500 MPa 0,002 L • local deviation max 3mm/m D $\leq 15$ mm upon agreement	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>square cut ends</li> <li>free from excessive burrs</li> <li>plain ends</li> <li>possibility - tol. of O.D. outside values in table (cutting method)</li> <li>specified end finishing</li> </ul>
DIN	2391-1		See notes at page 62		Value for exact lengths: L $\leq 0,5$ m 0 +2 mm L = 0,5-2 m 0 +3 mm L = 2-5 m 0 +5 mm L = 5-7 (8) m 0 +10 mm L $\geq 7$ (8) m agreement (0 +15 mm) Value in brackets valid for NF A	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>D &gt; 15 mm 0,25% L</li> <li>locally 3mm/m</li> </ul>	
BS	6323/4						
NF A	49-310  49-312		Quality range: A - usual tolerances B - reduced tolerances C - cylinder tubes D - special requirements	D $\leq 5$ mm $\pm 20\%$ D = 5-8 mm $\pm 15\%$ D > 8 mm $\pm 10\%$ min $\pm 0,12$ mm			
UNI	7945		See dimensional tables (Inside diameter tolerance is also shown in table) • other tolerances upon agreement • possibility to shift tolerance • by heat treated tubes increasing of tolerance range • ovality included in D tolerances • eccentricity included in T tolerances	$\pm 10\%$ min $\pm 0,1$ mm (Applied for ordering by: • OD x T • ID x T)			

### List of dimensional standards and technical delivery conditions standards

EN 10305-1	Steel tubes for precision applications. Part 1: Seamless cold drawn tubes.
DIN 2391	Seamless precision steel tubes. Part 1: Dimensions. Part 2: TDC.
BS 6323	Seamless and welded steel tubes for automobile, mechanical and general engineering purposes. Part 1: General requirements. Part 4: Specific requirements for cold finished seamless steel tubes.
NFA 49-310	Seamless precision tubes for mechanical application.
UNI 7945	Plain end seamless precision steel tubes.
ISO 3304	Plain end seamless precision steel tubes - TDC.

TDC standards	Steel grade			Testing and certificates		Other TDC		
	Name	Condition	Surface	Testing	Certificate	Marking	Surface protection	Packing
10305-1 (Other TDC upon agreement)	E215 E235 E355 (Other steel upon agreement)	Cold finished Symbol for steel condition: +C +LC +SR +A +N  (See page 63)	Outside and inside surface smooth Roughness $\leq 4 \mu\text{m}$ Tubes in condition +C and +LC with layers of lubricant and lubricant carrier	Non-specific  Specific: • product analysis • tensile test • dimensions • visual • optional - upon agreement (including NDT)	10204: 2.2 3.1  See also page 10	Label with data on bundle Upon agreement letter spraying on tube: • producer • dimension • standard • steel grade • cast • test style • identification number by specific testing	Temporary upon agreement	Bundle with section: • round • hexagonal  Max weight 2000 kg
2391-2 (Other TDC upon agreement)	St35 St45 St52 (Other steel upon agreement)	Cold finished Symbol for steel condition: BK BKW BKS GBK NBK		Grade A of quality Grade C of quality • dimensions • visual • tensile test • flattening* • drift expanding* • optional - upon agreement	50049/2.2 3.1.B			
6323/ 1,4	CFS 3 CFS 4 CFS 5 CFS 6 CFS 7 CFS 8	Cold finished Symbol for steel condition: BK BKW GBK NBK		• product analysis • tensile test • flattening • leak tightness - upon agreement	Test results			
49-310  49-312	TU37b TU52b TU20MV6  S 470M S 450MG2	Symbol for steel condition: BK BKW BK + S GBK NBK		• tensile test • flattening* • drift expanding* • dimensions • visual • other tests - upon agreement	49-001 non-specific • 2.2 specific • 3.1.B • 3.1.C			
7945	Fe280 Fe320 Fe360 Fe410 Fe490	Cold finished Symbol for steel condition: BK BKW GBK NBK		Non-specific  Specific: • product analysis • tensile test • dimensions • visual • optional - upon agreement (including NDT)	10204/2.2  3.1			

Note: \* technological test for heat-treated tubes only

### Designation of steels for precision tubes according to EN:

- machining steel tubes:
  - steel E355 + AR, E 355 + N
    - E – steel for machine part
    - 355 – minimum yield strength
    - + AR – heat treatment not applied, + N – normalized or normalising formed
  - steel 20MnV6
    - steel designated by chemical composition – guaranteed mean C content 0,20%
    - guaranteed content of Mn and V
    - + AR – heat treatment not applied, + N – normalized or normalising formed
- steels for machine parts
  - steels for working without next heat treatment
    - non-alloy steel E 235, E275, E315, E355
    - condition +AR or +N
  - steels with specified impact properties (fine grain) E275K2, E355K2
    - K2 – minimum average absorbed energy 40J (K) at a test temperature of  $-20^{\circ}\text{C}$
  - steels for heat and chemical-heat treatment of parts after working
    - steel C22E
      - C – steel with C content 0,22%, E – assignment on controlled mean of S and P
    - steel 38Mn6
      - guaranteed mean C content and guaranteed Mn content



TDC standards	Steel grade			Testing and certificates		Other TDC		
	Name	Condition	Surface	Testing	Certificate	Marking	Surface protection	Packing
42 0260	11 353 11 453 11 503 11 523 11 550 11 650 12 040 12 050 12 060	Cold finished Symbol for steel condition: .0 No heat treatment .1 Normalized  Other conditions upon agreement	• 0+ - scaled • 1+ - pickled • 2+ - free of scale • 3+ - bright • 4+ - metallic clean • 9+ - special agreement (first number behind DS)	• dimensions • tensile test .1, .2, .4 • hardness .3 • flattening .4 • drift expanding .4 • leak tightness .2, .4 • NDT - upon agreement	.1+ - certificate .2+ - inspection .9+ - agreement	Label with data on bundle Upon agreement Data: • manufacturer • order • dimension • steel • condition • quantity • colour strap on tube	Temporary upon agreement	Bundle with section: • round • hexagonal  Max weight 2000 kg
8733 21729	1050: 10 20 35 45 4543: 10G2 15ChM 19281: 09G2S	Cold finished Symbol for steel condition: No heat treatment Normalized  Other conditions upon agreement		• product analysis • dimensions • visual • hardness • leak tightness			GOST 10692	
74240 (74220)	84018: 18G2A 18G2 84019: 10 20 35 45 55 84023/7: R35 R45 R55 R65	Cold finished Symbol for steel condition: BK BKW GBK NBK						
A519 G3445					See page 19 See page 19			

### Condition and heat treatment terminology – STN 42 0002, STN 42 0004, EN 10052, DIN 2391-2 and EN 10305-1, ISO 4885

#### Delivery conditions and heat treatment according to DIN and EN

Precision tubes are delivered in following conditions (first symbol lists previous designation, the new one according to EN is in brackets):

**BK (+C) Cold finished/hard (cold finished as drawn).**  
No heat treatment after last cold forming process.

**BKW (+LC) Cold finished/soft (lightly cold worked).**  
After last heat treatment there is a light finishing pass (cold drawing).

**BKS (+SR) Cold finished/stress relieve annealed.**  
After the final cold forming process the tubes are stress relieve annealed.

**GBK (+A) Annealed.** After the final cold forming process the tubes are annealed in a controlled atmosphere.

**NBK (+N) Normalized.** After the final cold forming process the tubes are annealed above the upper transformation point in a controlled atmosphere.

### Material condition designation depending on heat treatment according to ČSN and STN (first supplementary number behind steel grade):

- 0 - without heat treatment
- 1 - normalized
- 2 - annealed (kind stated)
- 3 - soft annealed
- 4 - quenched and tempered
- 5 - normalised and tempered
- 6 - heat treatment with the object of achieving a minimum tensile within a specified range
- 7 - heat treatment with the object of achieving an average tensile within a specified range
- 8 - heat treatment with the object of achieving a maximum tensile within a specified range
- 9 - specific (upon agreement)

### Steel condition designation according to ASTM A519:

- CW - Cold Worked
- A - Annealed
- N - Normalized
- SR - Stress Relieved or Finished Annealed
- QT - Quenched and Tempered

















## Cylinder tubes

### Precision tubes for mechanical treatment – HPZ

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#### Dimensions

Dimensions of HPZ tubes are given in Table 21.

#### Tolerances

- outside diameter according to standards DIN 2391-1, EN 10305-1, ČSN/STN 42 6712
- inside diameter – Table 21
- wall thickness  $\pm 7,5\%$
- eccentricity is included in the tolerances of wall thickness

#### Lengths

- random lengths 3 – 6 m
- fixed lengths max. 6 m

#### Straightness

1 mm/m (1 : 1 000) – measured on outside surface.

#### Tube ends

Plain, upon request ends could be plugged with plastic caps.

#### Steel grade

- 11 523 according to STN, ČSN
- St 52 (1.0580) according to DIN 2391, St 52-3 (1.0570) according to DIN 17100
- E 355 (1.0580) according to EN 10305-1
- 20 Mn V 6 according to EN 10294-1 (see page 21, 114, 115)
- another steel upon agreement

#### Delivery condition

BKS (+SR) – cold finished / stress relieve annealed.  
Other conditions upon agreement.

#### Outside diameter

Smooth after cold drawing (DIN 2391).

#### Testing

- cast analysis
- tensile test
- visual test
- dimensional test
- NDT (eddy current test)
- other tests upon agreement

#### Marking

Colour stencilling along whole tube length:

- producer's logo
- size (O.D. – I.D.)
- steel
- heat No.
- standard number (or according to customer's specification)

#### Surface protection

Tubes are oiled.

#### Packaging

Tubes are packed in round or hexagonal bundles with weight max. 2000 kg, fastened with steel strips.

#### Certified test report

According to DIN 50049 (EN 10204) - 3.1.B. , (3.1)

Dimensions and weight of HPZ tubes for mechanical treatment

Table 21

Inside diameter [mm]	Tolerance of insidediameter [mm]	D x t [mm]	Weight [kg/m]	
40	-0,20 -0,40	50 x 5	5,55	
		52 x 6	6,80	
		55 x 7,5	8,78	
		60 x 10	12,33	
45		55 x 5	6,16	
		57 x 6	7,55	
		60 x 7,5	9,71	
		65 x 10	13,56	
50		60 x 5	6,78	
		62 x 6	8,28	
		65 x 7,5	10,64	
		70 x 10	14,80	
55		-0,20 -0,50	65 x 5	7,40
			67 x 6	9,03
			70 x 7,5	11,56
			75 x 10	16,03
60	70 x 5		8,01	
	72 x 6		9,77	
	75 x 7,5		12,48	
	80 x 10		17,26	
63	73 x 5		8,38	
	75 x 6		10,21	
	78 x 7,5		13,04	
	83 x 10		18,00	
65	75 x 5	8,64		
	77 x 6	10,51		
	80 x 7,5	13,41		
	85 x 10	18,50		
70	80 x 5	9,25		
	82 x 6	11,25		
	85 x 7,5	14,33		
	90 x 10	19,73		

Inside diameter [mm]	Tolerance of insidediameter [mm]	D x t [mm]	Weight [kg/m]	
75	-0,20 -0,55	85 x 5	9,86	
		87 x 6	11,99	
		90 x 7,5	15,26	
		95 x 10	20,96	
		80	90 x 5	10,48
92 x 6			12,72	
95 x 7,5			16,18	
100 x 10			22,20	
85			95 x 5	11,10
		97 x 6	13,46	
		100 x 7,5	17,11	
		105 x 10	23,43	
		90	-0,25 -0,70	100 x 5
102 x 6				14,20
105 x 7,5				18,03
110 x 10	24,66			
100	110 x 5			12,95
	112 x 6	15,68		
	115 x 7,5	19,88		
	120 x 10	27,13		
	105	-0,25 -0,75		115 x 5
117 x 6				16,42
120 x 7,5			20,81	
125 x 10			28,36	
110			120 x 5	14,18
	122 x 6		17,16	
	125 x 7,5		21,73	
	130 x 10		29,59	
	115		125 x 5	14,80
127 x 6			17,90	
130 x 7,5			22,66	

Upon agreement also tubes with inside diameter 30 mm with WT 5 / 6 / 7,5 / 10 mm. Tolerances ID according to agreement. The tube weight according to the formula (see page 8).

**Chemical composition and mechanical properties of steel for HPZ tubes**

Delivery condition BKS (+SR)

Steel	C max %	Mn max %	Si max %	P max %	S max %	Al min %	ReH (N/mm <sup>2</sup> )	Rm (N/mm <sup>2</sup> )	A %
St 52	0,22	1,60	0,55	0,025	0,025	0,020	min. 420	min. 580	min. 10
E 355	0,22	1,60	0,55	0,025	0,025	0,020	min. 450	min. 580	min. 10

Chemical composition and mechanical properties of steel 11 523 and St 52-3 are approximately identic to steel grades in table. Steel 20 Mn V 6 includes V (0,08 - 0,15%), or a part of V is possible to replace with Nb providing that Vmin is 0,05% and contents V + Nb is under 0,15%.

## Cylinder tubes

### Precision hydraulic tubes – HP – „ready to use“

#### Dimensions

Dimensions and HP tube weight are given in Table 22.

#### Tolerances

- outside diameter according to standards DIN 2391-1, EN 10305-1, ČSN/STN 42 6712
- inside diameter – ISO H8, H9 – Table 22
- wall thickness  $\pm 7,5\%$  or  $\pm 10\%$
- eccentricity is included in the tolerances of wall thickness

#### Lengths

- random lengths 2 – 6 m
- fixed lengths max. 6 m

#### Straightness

1 mm / m (1 : 1000) – measured on outside surface.

#### Tube ends

Plain, upon request ends could be plugged with plastic caps.

#### Steel grade

- 11 523 according to STN, ČSN
- St 52 (1.0580) according to DIN 2391, St 52-3 (1.0570) according to DIN 17100
- E 355 (1.0580) according to EN 10305-1
- 20 Mn V 6 according to EN 10294-1 (see page 21, 114, 115)
- another steel upon agreement

#### Delivery condition

BKS (+SR) - cold finished / stress relieve annealed. Other upon agreement (NBK, +N, BK, +C).

#### Outside surface

Smooth after cold drawing (DIN 2391).

#### Inside surface

Roughness  $R_a \leq 0,4 \mu\text{m}$ ,  $R_z \leq 1,5 \mu\text{m}$ .

#### Testing

- cast analysis
- tensile test
- visual test
- dimensional test
- NDT (eddy current test) according to SEP 1925, EN 10246-1 or another agreed method
- other tests upon agreement

#### Marking

Colour stencilling along whole tube length:

- producer's logo
- size (inside diameter x wall thickness)
- steel
- heat No.
- standard number (or according to customer's specification)
- bundle with label with supplementary informations

#### Surface protection

Tubes are oiled.

#### Packaging

Tubes are packed in round or hexagonal bundles with weight max. 2 000 kg, fastened with steel strips.

#### Certified test report

According to DIN 50049 (EN 10204) - 3.1.B. (3.1)

Dimensions, tolerances and weight of HP tubes

Table 22

Inside diameter [mm]	Tolerance of inside diameter [mm]		D x t [mm]	Weight [kg/m]	Maximum length [mm]
	H8	H9			
40	+0,039	+0,062	48 x 4	4,34	3 000
			50 x 5	5,55	
			52 x 6	6,81	
			55 x 7,5	8,79	
50	+0,039	+0,062	60 x 5	6,78	4 000
			62 x 6	8,29	
			65 x 7,5	10,64	
60	+0,039	+0,062	70 x 5	8,01	5 000
			72 x 6	9,77	
			75 x 7,5	12,48	
63	+0,039	+0,062	73 x 5	8,38	5 000
			75 x 6	10,21	
			78 x 7,5	13,04	
70	+0,046	+0,074	80 x 5	9,24	6 000
			82 x 6	11,25	
			85 x 7,5	14,33	
			90 x 10	19,73	
80	+0,046	+0,074	90 x 5	10,48	6 000
			92 x 6	12,73	
			95 x 7,5	16,18	
			100 x 10	22,20	
			110 x 10	29,59	
90	+0,054	+0,087	100 x 5	11,71	6 000
			102 x 6	14,21	
			105 x 7,5	18,03	
			110 x 10	24,66	
100	+0,054	+0,087	115 x 7,5	19,88	6 000
			120 x 10	27,13	
110	+0,054	+0,087	125 x 7,5	21,73	6 000
			130 x 10	29,59	

The diameters 80 x 10 mm (17,26 kg/m) and 126 x 8 mm (23,28kg/m) upon agreement

Chemical composition and mechanical properties of steel for HP tubes  
Delivery condition BKS (+SR)

Steel	C max %	Mn max %	Si max %	P max %	S max %	Al min %	ReH (N/mm <sup>2</sup> )	R <sub>m</sub> (N/mm <sup>2</sup> )	A %
St 52	0,22	1,60	0,55	0,025	0,025	0,020	min. 420	min. 580	min. 10
E 355	0,22	1,60	0,55	0,025	0,025	0,020	min. 450	min. 580	min. 10

Chemical composition and mechanical properties of steel 11 523 and St 52-3 are approximately identical to steel grades in table. Steel 20 Mn V 6 includes V (0,08 - 0,15%), or a part of V is possible to replace with Nb providing that V<sub>min</sub> is 0,05% and contents V + Nb is under 0,15%.

## Tubes for hydraulic and pneumatic lines – HPL

Tubes are used in hydraulic and pneumatic power systems.

A list of standards according to which HPL tubes are delivered:

Standards	Dimensional standards	Dimensions	Technical delivery conditions	Steel grade
<b>STN</b>	42 6711	Table 23/Page 78	42 0260	11 353, 11 523
<b>ČSN</b>	42 6712			
<b>ASTM</b>	A 822	Tab. 18,19/Pg. 66,67	A 822/A 450	A 822
<b>DIN</b>	2391-1 2445-2	Table 23/Page 78	2391-2C 2445-2 1630	St 35  St 37.4, St 44.4, St 52.4
<b>BS</b>	7416		7416	CFS 360, CFS 430
<b>UNI</b>	7945		7945	Fe 280, Fe 320, Fe 360, Fe 410, Fe 490
<b>NFA</b>	49-330		49-330	TU 37B, TU 42BT, TU 52B
<b>EN</b>	10305-4		10305-4	E 215, E 235, E 355
<b>JIS</b>	JOHS-102	Table 11/Page 52	JOHS-102	OST 1-JIS G3454 – STPG370 OST 2-JIS G3455 – STS370
<b>PN-H</b>	74245	Tab. 23/Strana 78	74245	10, 20, 18G2A

### List of dimensional standards and technical delivery conditions standards

STN 42 0260	ČSN 42 0260 Cold drawn precision seamless steel tubes from steel class 10 to 16. TDC.
STN 42 6711	ČSN 42 6711 Precision seamless steel tubes. Dimensions.
STN 42 6712	ČSN 42 6712 Precision seamless steel tubes with increased accuracy. Dimensions.
ASTM A450	General requirements for carbon, ferritic alloy and austenitic alloy steel tubes.
ASTM A822	Seamless cold drawn carbon steel tubing for hydraulic system service.
DIN 1630	Seamless circular tubes of non-alloy steel with very high quality requirements. TDC.
DIN 2391	Seamless precision steel tubes.
DIN 2413/1	Steel tubes, calculation of wall thickness of steel tubes subjected to internal pressure.
DIN 2445	Seamless steel tubes for dynamic loads. Part 1: Hot finished tubes in fluid systems, PN 100 to PN 500. Part 2: Steel tubes for precision application in fluid systems, PN 100 to PN 500. Supplement: Design rules.
BS 7416	Precision finished seamless cold drawn low carbon steel tubes for use in hydraulic fluid power systems.
UNI 7945	Plain end seamless precision steel tubes.
NFA 49-330	Seamless cold drawn tubes for hydraulic and pneumatic power systems.
EN 10305-4	Steel tubes for precision applications. Part 4: Seamless cold drawn tubes for hydraulic and pneumatic power systems.
EN 10305-6	Steel tubes for precision applications. Part 6: Welded cold drawn tubes for hydraulic and pneumatic power systems.
JOHS-102	Carbon steel precision tubes for hydraulic line service.
PN-H 74245	Cold drawn or rolled seamless steel tubes of specified application.

## Dimensions

Dimensions are given in Table 23.

## Tolerances

According to standards, special tolerances could be agreed on request.

## Lengths

- exact lengths 6 000 mm (tolerances - standard lengths 0+50 mm, exact lengths 0+10 mm)
- on request other fixed lengths in the range 3 000 - 9 000 mm

## Straightness

3 mm/m, totally max 0,0015% of tube length.

## Tube ends

Plain ends, plugged with plastic caps.

## Steel grade

Steel is shown in the table of chemical composition and mechanical properties (see page 79).

## Delivery condition

Normalized:

.1 - STN, ČSN

NBK - DIN

+N - EN

N - ASTM

Roughness (OD and ID), ID over 15 mm,  $R_a \leq 4 \mu\text{m}$ .

## Micropurity (data upon agreement)

According to NFA 04-106 or ASTM E45 (ranking JK) max. A4 - B2 - C2 - D2. Also according to ISO 4967 or EN 10 247 upon agreement.

A - sulphide, B - Alumina, C - Silicate, D - Oxides, DS - Oxides)

## Grain size (data upon agreement)

According to EN ISO 643 - 5 and finer.

## Testing

Non specific inspection or specific inspection. In both cases leak tightness test will be carried out in accordance with EN 10246-1 (electromagnetic test). Other tests according to standards.

## Marking

Each tube shall be marked with Ink-Jet system along whole tube length according to standard or customer's specification. The bundle of tubes shall be marked with a label attached to the bundle.

## Surface protection

- oiled
- phosphated and oiled
- outside surface of tube as chromating - upon agreement only

## Packaging

Tubes are packed in round or hexagonal bundles of maximum 2000 kg each, fastened with steel strips. On request - paper below the stripes and plastic bags at the bundle ends.

## Certified test report

According to DIN 50049 - EN 10204

non specific inspection - 2.2

specific inspection - 3.1.B.

upon agreement - 3.1.C.

See also page 10.

**Pressure chart for hydraulic tubes** - see page 80-83. (Calculation according to DIN 2413)



## Chemical composition and mechanical properties of steel for HPL tubes

Standards	Steel grade	Chemical composition [%]										Mechanical properties					
		C	Si	Mn	P <sub>max</sub>	S <sub>max</sub>	Cr	Ni	Mo	Cu	Other	Re min MPa	min ksi	Rm min MPa	max MPa	min ksi	A5 min %
<b>STN, ČSN</b>																	
	11 353	max.0,18			0,050	0,050							235		340	440	25
	11 523	max.0,20	max.0,55	max.1,60	0,050	0,045					Al min.0,015	353		510	628	23	
<b>ASTM</b>																	
A 822		max.0,18		0,27-0,63	0,048	0,058						170	25	310		45	35
<b>DIN</b>																	
1630	St 37.4	max.0,17	max.0,35	min.0,35	0,040	0,040						235		350	480	25	
	St 44.4	max.0,20	max.0,35	min.0,40	0,040	0,040						275		420	550	21	
	St 52.4	max.0,22	max.0,55	max.1,60	0,040	0,035						355		500	650	21	
<b>BS</b>																	
3602/1	CFS 360	max.0,17	max.0,35	0,30-0,80	0,035	0,035					Al max.0,06	235		360	500	25	
	CFS 430	max.0,21	max.0,35	0,40-1,20	0,035	0,035					Al max.0,06	275		430	570	22	
3603	430 LT	max.0,20	max.0,35	0,60-1,20	0,035	0,035					Al min.0,020	275		430	570	22	
<b>UNI</b>																	
7945	Fe 280	max.0,13		max.0,60	0,050	0,050						155		280		25	
	Fe 320	max.0,16		max.0,70	0,050	0,050						195		320		25	
	Fe 360	max.0,17	max.0,35	max.0,80	0,050	0,050						215		360		24	
	Fe 410	max.0,21	max.0,35	max.1,20	0,050	0,050						235		410		22	
	Fe 490	max.0,23	max.0,35	max.1,50	0,050	0,050						285		490		21	
<b>NFA</b>																	
49-330	TU 37B	max.0,20	max.0,40	max.0,85	0,045	0,045						220		360	480	23	
	TU 52B	max.0,22	max.0,55	max.1,60	0,045	0,045						350		510	630	19	
<b>EN</b>																	
10305-4	E215	max.0,10	max.0,05	max.0,70	0,025	0,015					Al min.0,025	215		290		30	
	E235	max.0,17	max.0,35	max.1,20	0,025	0,015						235		350		25	
	E355	max.0,22	max.0,55	max.1,60	0,025	0,015						355		500		22	
<b>JIS</b>																	
JOHS-102	OST 1	max.0,20	max.0,55	0,25-0,60	0,040	0,040						180		450			
	OST 2	0,08-0,18	0,10-0,35	0,30-0,60	0,035	0,035				max.0,20		200		450			

Steels according to Standard PN - H see page 71











## Tubes for automotive industry

Production program – see Tables 16–20 p. 64–68 and Tables 24 and 25 p. 90 and 91.

### Production process

Precision steel tubes: seamless or welded as cold sized or welded as cold drawn.

Standards	Steel grade
ASTM A519	Table 1 and 2 of standard
DIN 2391	St 35, St 45, St 52
BS 6323 Part 4	CFS 3, CFS 4, CFS 5, CFS 8, CFS 10, CFS 11
NF A49-310	TU 37-b, TU 52-b, TU 20MV6

Other standards and steel grades upon agreement (EN 10305-1, EN 10305-2, EN 10305-3 and analogous standards).  
Deliveries according to TDC of customer upon agreement.

### List of dimensional standards and technical delivery conditions standards

ASTM A519	Seamless carbon and alloy steel mechanical tubing.
DIN 2391	Seamless precision steel tubes.
BS 6323-4	Specification for seamless and welded steel tubes for automobile, mechanical and general engineering purposes. Part 4: Specific requirements for cold finished seamless steel tubes.
NF A49-310	Steel tubes – Seamless precision tubes for mechanical application.

### Lengths

- random 3–9 m
- exact cut lengths
- cutting of tubes (tubes can be also worked by other technologies – see page 92)

### Steel grade

Steel is shown in the table of chemical composition and mechanical properties.

**Delivery conditions** (see pages 63 and 88)

- BK (+C) – cold finished/hard (without heat treatment)
- BKW (+LC) – cold finished/soft
- BKS (+SR) – cold drawn and stress relieve annealed
- NBK (+N) – normalized

### Testing

Tubes are tested according to the production standards. Eddy current test upon request according to PRP 02-74.

### Marking

According to the production standards or, on request, colour stencilling along whole tube length according to customer specification.

### Surface protection

Without protection or oiled.

### Packaging

In round bundles of maximum weight 2 tons each, fastened with steel strips.

### Certified test report

According to DIN 50049 (EN 10204)2.2, 3.1.B., 3.1.C. (See also page 10).

## Injection tubes

Tubes for injection system of Diesel engines are produced upon agreement.  
(ČSN 42 6718, DIN 73000, ISO 8353-1, steel grades 12015, St 30Al, St 30Si).

## Bearings tubes

### Dimensions of precision bearings tubes:

Outside diameter [mm]	Wall thickness [mm]
22-25	3-4,1
25,01-29	3-5
29,01-32	3-6,7
32,01-40	3-7,8
40,01-70	3-8

### Tolerances

outside diameter	D < 50 mm:	0 + 0,15 mm
	D ≥ 50 mm:	0 + 0,25 mm
wall thickness		±7,5 % (upon agreement ±5 %)

### Lengths

3 000 ±500 mm

### Straightness

1 mm/1000 mm, max 2,5 mm/3000 mm

### Steel grade

DIN 17 230 - 100Cr6 (or 14 109 according STN, ČSN).

C	Mn	Si	P	S	Cr	Ni	Cu	Sn
0,90	0,30	0,15	max	max	1,30	max	max	max
1,10	0,50	0,30	0,017	0,015	1,65	0,10	0,15	0,010

### Delivery condition (heat treatment)

GKZ + K + G - annealed for globular carbide + cold finished + soft annealed.

### Hardness

After soft annealing is 174 - 220 HB. Dispersion of hardness along the tube length max 15 HB. Hardness by quenching test is min 61 HRC.

### Surface condition

The tubes are delivered with surface after soft annealing. Max depth of defects is 0,25 mm inclusive decarbonizing.

### Microstructure

Tested according to SEP 1520:

- size of carbide 2.1 - 2.3
- lamellar pearlite 3.0
- carbide net 5.2
- carbide line spacing
 

max 6.3 - continuous
max 7.3 - released

### Micropurity

Tested according to DIN 50602. Total value (oxide + sulphide) K3 ≤ 10.

### Demagnetizing

Residual magnetism max 10 Oe.

### Tube ends

Plain square cut ends, one end bevelled 0,5-4 mm x 45°.

### Testing

Testing according to DIN 17 230. NDT upon agreement according to EN 10246-3 E2H and EN 10246-7 U2/B and test of material identification of alloy steel.

### Marking

Bundles are marked with label.

### Surface protection

Oiled.

### Packaging

Tubes are packed in bundles of weight of 1 000-3 000 kg.

### Certified test report

According to DIN 50049 - EN 10204 - 3.1.B. (3.1).

### Notes:

1. Possible to deliver also in condition Hot finished.
2. Deliveries according standard EN ISO 683-17 too:
  - Dimensions and tolerances upon agreement.
  - Surface condition and designation:
    - Hot formed - without or HW
    - Cold drawn - CD
  - Heat treatment and delivery condition:
    - Without heat treatment - without or +U
    - Heat treatment for spheroidization and cold drawn +AC+C
    - Heat treatment for spheroidization +AC

## Cold sized precision welded tubes

Standards	Dimensional standards	Dimensional range	Dimensions				
			Tolerance D	Tolerance T	Lengths	Straightness	Tube ends
EN	10305-3	Table 24/Page 90	See table 24  • Values for tubes without heat treatment in conditions +CR1, +CR2 • For heat treated tubes possibility to increase tolerances • Ovality in D tolerances • Other tolerances upon agreement	$T \leq 1,5 \text{ mm} \pm 0,15 \text{ mm}$ $T > 1,5 \text{ mm} \pm 0,1T$ max $\pm 0,35 \text{ mm}$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>standard 6 m/6,4 m, tol. 0 +100 mm</li> <li>exact - tolerances: 0,5-2 m 0 +3 mm 2-5 m 0 +5 mm 5-8 m 0 +10 mm &gt; 8 m - upon agreement</li> <li>max L = 15 m - upon agreement</li> </ul>	$D > 15 \text{ m} \quad 3 \text{ mm/m}$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>square cut ends</li> <li>free from excessive burrs</li> <li>plain ends</li> </ul>
DIN	2394-1			$\pm 10\%$ max $\pm 0,35 \text{ mm}$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>random</li> <li>fixed tol <math>\pm 500 \text{ mm}</math></li> <li>exact - tolerances: 0,5-2 m 0 +3 mm 2-5 m 0 +5 mm 5-8 m 0 +10 mm &gt; 8 m - upon agreement</li> </ul>	Visually straight	
BS	6323-5		see Table 2 of standard	$T \leq 3 \text{ mm} \pm 10\%$ $T > 3 \text{ mm} \pm 8\%$ (weld except)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>random</li> <li>fixed</li> <li>exact - tolerances: 0,5-2 m 0 +3 mm 2-5 m 0 +5 mm 5-8 m 0 +10 mm &gt; 8 m - upon agreement</li> </ul>	$D > 16 \text{ mm} \quad 2 \text{ mm/m}$ Total max 0,2%L	
XPA (NF A)	49-646 (replaces NF A: 49 - 542 49 - 643 49 - 645)		Without heat treatment: $\pm 0,5\%$ min $\pm 0,15 \text{ mm}$  Normalized tubes: • $T/D > 1/20 \pm 0,5\%/ \pm 0,15^*$ • $T/D > 1/40 \pm 0,6\%/ \pm 0,20^*$ • $T/D > 1/48 \pm 0,8\%/ \pm 0,25^*$ • $T/D < 1/48$ - upon agreement * minimum value in mm	$T \leq 1,5 \text{ mm} \pm 7,5\%$ min $\pm 0,10 \text{ mm}$ $T > 1,5 \text{ mm}$ min $\pm 0,13 \text{ mm}$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>standard 6 m 0 +100 mm</li> <li>specific 0 +50 mm</li> <li>exact <math>L &lt; 4 \text{ m} \quad 0 +3 \text{ mm}</math></li> </ul>	$D > 16 \text{ mm} \quad 2 \text{ mm/m}$ Total max 0,2%L	
UNI	7947						
STN ČSN	42 6713		See table 24	$T \leq 2 \text{ mm} \pm 6\%$ $T > 2 \text{ mm} \pm 8\%$  (Note - upon agreement, standard from 1976)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>random</li> <li>fixed <math>\pm 500 \text{ mm}</math></li> <li>exact 0 +50 mm</li> <li>multiplies of precise 5 mm, cut +50 mm</li> </ul>	3 mm/m Total allowed flexion = conjunction of tolerance and length	
GOST	10704						
PN-H	74241						
ASTM	A513	Table 5/Page 31 • table of seamless tubes is valid • interval in range of tab. 24/Page 90 • delivers upon agreement	Tolerances are depend on method of production and OD (definition of type see page 89): Type 1 (AWHR) - Tab. 4 of St. Type 3, 4, 5, 6 - Tab. 5 of St. Type 2 (AWCR) - Tab. 8 of St.	Tab. 6 of Standard Tab. 7 of Standard Tab. 9 of Standard	Standard over 5 ft (1,5m) Tolerances of lengths Table 10 and 11 of Standard	D under 8 in (203mm) 0,030in/3ft (0,76mm/1m)	
JIS	G 3445	Table 10/Page 52					See page 24

### Notes:

\* Technological tests at heat treated tubes only

\*\* Condition .1 tied with surface .2 (number behind DS)

Summary of precision welded mechanical tubes is shown in this part. Welded tubes for heat appliances (exchangers etc.) see page 48.

Upon agreement also tubes according to EN 10296-1. Mode of production EW. Steel grades E155, E195, E235, E275, E355, E460. Condition +U, +CR, +A, +N.

Tolerance D  $\pm 1\%$ , min.  $\pm 0,5 \text{ mm}$ , tolerance T  $\pm 10\%$  (weld except).

TDC standards	Steel grade			Testing and certificates		Other TDC		
	Name	Condition	Surface	Testing	Certificate	Marking	Surface protection	Packing
10305-3	E155 E195 E235 E275 E355 E190 E220 E260 E320 E370 E420	Welded cold sized Possible conditions: +CR1 +A +N Welded cold sized Delivery condition: + CR2	Strip condition: • S1 - raw black • S2 - pickled • S3 - cold rolled • S4 - coated Outside weld seam removing. Roughness Ra ≤ 4 μm	Non-specific Specific: • product analysis • tensile test • dimensions • visual • optional - upon agreement	10204: 2.2 • 3.1.B • 3.1.A • 3.1.C See also page 10	Label on bundle Upon agreement Data: • manufacturer • dimension • standard • steel • cast number • condition • identification number	• without • upon agreement	Bundle with steel strips
2394-2	RSt 34-2 RSt 37-2 St 44-2 St 52-3	Welded cold sized Possible conditions: BKM GBK NBK	Roughness Ra ≤ 6,3 μm (beyond weld area)	Grade A Grade C: • visual • tensile test • flattening* • drift expanding* Optional upon agreement	50049/2.2 3.1.B			
6323/ 1,5	ERW1 ERW2 ERW3 ERW4 ERW5	Welded cold sized Possible conditions: KM GKM NKM		• product analysis • tensile test • flattening • drift expanding • leak tightness	Test results			
49-646	ED 03 ES 200 ES 250 ES 300 ES 380 ED 420 ES 185 ES 235 ES 275 ES 355	Welded cold sized No heat treated Welded cold sized Normalized	Strip condition: • A1 - raw black • A2 - pickled Ra ≤ 3 μm • A3 - cold rolled • A4 - suitable for chromating Ra ≤ 0,4 μm • A5 - coated	Non-specific Specific: • product analysis • tensile test • dimensions	10204/2.1 3.1.B (upon agreement)			
7947	Fe 280 Fe 320 Fe 360 Fe 410 Fe 460							
42 0142	11 320 11 343 11 373 11 523	Welded cold sized Not heat treated = .0 steel grade behind Normalized = .1 steel grade behind**	.0 - raw black .1 - matte .2 - free of scale .3 - cold finished as drawn	• dimensions • visual • straightness • tensile test .+1 • other upon agreement	.1+ test certificate .2+ inspection .9+ upon agreement			
10707	1050: 10 20							
74241	84023: 08XA 12X 84020: Si35X 84018: 18G2A	Welded cold sized Possible conditions: BKM BKS GBK NBK						
A513	MT1010 MT1015 MT1020 MTX1015 MTX1020 1008 1010 1012 1015 1020	Welded cold sized • no final thermal treatment • annealed • normalized (Tube types and their numbers -see Surface)	Type 1 A.W.H.R Welded from hot rolled steel (upon agreement) Type 2 A.W.C.R Welded from cold rolled steel	• product analysis • tensile test • dimensions • hardness • NDT upon agreement		Tube or bundle Data: • manufacturer • dimension • type • order • standard		
G3445		See page 21						

Deliveries also according standards: EN 10 219-1, EN 10 217-1, 2, 3, 4, EN 10 224, EN 10 208-1, 2, DIN 2458, DIN 1626, DIN 1628, ČSN 42 5723, ČSN 42 0152. Upon agreement also tubes of steel grades according standards: EN 10 130, EN 10 139, EN 10 149 and EN 10 268.

Strips for production of tubes which are delivered in condition +CR 2 (steel type of E190) are thermomechanically rolled and therefore the tubes are not annealed. The tubes in condition +CR 1 are not annealed too, but the tubes (steel) are suitable for final annealing (of product).

Cold sized welded square and rectangular tubes according to the standard EN 10 305-5, DIN 2395-1,2, ČSN 42 6935, ČSN 42 6936, ČSN 42 0121 upon agreement only.

## Cold drawn precision welded tubes

Standards	Dimensional standards	Dimensional range	Dimensions				
			Tolerance D	Tolerance T	Lengths	Straightness	Tube ends
EN	10305-2	Table 25/Page 91	See table 25 • Data for no heat treated tubes in condition +CR1, +CR2 • possibility to shift tolerance for heat treated tubes • ovality included in D tolerances • other tolerances upon agreement	At ordering D x T: ±7,5% min ±0,05 mm max ±0,35 mm	• random 4-7 m • fixed 4-7 m ±500 mm • exact - tolerance: 4-5 m 0 +5 mm 5-7 m 0 +10 mm > 7 m - upon agreement	D > 15 mm, Reh ≤ 500 MPa 0,0015.L D > 15 mm, Reh > 500 MPa 0,002.L locally max 3 mm/m	• square cut ends • free from excessive burrs • plain ends
DIN	2393-1		See table 25	±7,5% max ±0,35 mm	• random • fixed • exact - tolerance: 4-5 m 0 +5 mm 5-7 m 0 +10 mm > 7 m - upon agreement	D > 15 mm 0,25%L Reh > 500 MPa 0,3%L locally max 3 mm/m	
BS	6323-6		Ratio D/T max 33:1: • ≤ 30 mm ±0,10 mm • 30-50 mm ±0,15 mm • 50-70 mm ±0,20 mm • 70-90 mm ±0,25 mm Ratio D/T > 33:1 - upon agreement	±7,5% min ±0,1 mm			
UNI	7946						
STN ČSN	42 6714		See table 25	T ≤ 1 mm ±0,1 mm T > 1 mm ±7,5 %	• random • fixed • exact - tolerance: 2-5 m 0 +7 mm > 5 m 0 +15 mm		
ASTM	A513	See page 86	See page 86		Standard over 5 ft (1,5m) Tolerances of lengths Table 10 and 11 of Standard	D under 8 in (203mm) 0,030in/3ft (0,76mm/1m)	
	A512 (upon agreement)	Table 18/Page 66 • table of seamless tubes is valid • interval in range of tab. 25/Page 91 • delivers upon agreement	Drawing without mandrel: D ≤ 12,7 mm 0 +0,10 mm D = 12,7-38,1 mm 0 +0,13 mm D = 38,1-76,2 mm 0 +0,25 mm Mandrel drawn: See table 4 of Standard	Drawing without mandrel: ±15 % ±10 % ±10 %	According to the possibilities of producer and agreement	0,8 mm/m - upon agreement It does not pay for annealed and small-diameter tubes.	
Valid for conditions: MD, SD, MDSR, SDSR							

### Notes:

\* Technological tests at heat treated tubes only

Upon agreement also tubes according to PN-H 74243, steel grade according to PN-H 84023 and NFA 49-341, steels TS 30-a, TS 34-a, TS 37-a, TS 42-a, TS 47-a.

### Summary of delivery conditions and heat treatment of precision tubes according to DIN and EN (see also page 63):

Tube kind	Standards	Cold finished hard	Cold finished soft	Cold finished stress relieved	Annealed	Normalized
Seamless drawn	2391-2	BK	BKW	BKS	GBK	NBK
	10305-1	+C	+LC	+SR	+A	+N
Welded drawn	2393-2	BK	BKW	BKS	GBK	NBK
	10305-2	+C	+LC	+SR	+A	+N
Welded calibrated	2394-2	BKM			GBK	NBK
	10305-3	+CR1, +CR2			+A	+N
Welded rectangular	2395-2	BKM, M				NBK
	10305-5	+CR1, +CR2			+A	+N

BKM – cold calibrated; M – cold calibrated, hot strip; CR1 – not heat treated, suitable for final (product) annealing; CR2 – not heat treated, without final annealing (see page 86).

HPL tubes standards are in EN standards – Part 4 for seamless tubes, Part 6 for welded tubes. These are delivered in condition +N.

TDC standards	Steel grade			Testing and certificates		Other TDC		
	Name	Condition	Surface	Testing	Certificate	Marking	Surface protection	Packing
10305-2	E155 E195 E235 E275 E355	Welded cold drawn Possible steel condition: +C +LC +SR +A +N	Typical of the production process and tube delivery condition. Roughness Ra ≤ 4 μm (except seam section)	Non-specific Specific: • product analysis • tensile test • dimensions • visual Optional upon agreement	10204: 2.2 • 3.1.B • 3.1.A • 3.1.C  See also page 10	Label on bundle Upon agreement	• without protection • upon agreement	Bundle with steel strips
2393-2	RSi34-2 RSi37-2 Si44-2 Si52-3	Welded cold drawn Possible steel condition: BK BKW BKS GBK NBK	Ra ≤ 6,3 μm	Grade A Grade C: • dimensions • visual • tensile test • flattening* • drift expanding* Optional upon agreement	50049/2.2 3.1.B			
BS6323/1,6	CEW1 CEW2 CEW3 CEW4 CEW5	Welded cold drawn Possible steel condition: BK BKW GBK NBK		• product analysis • tensile test • flattening • drift expanding • leak tightness - upon agreement	Test results			
7946	Fe280 Fe320 Fe360 Fe410 Fe460							
42 0142	See page 87							
A513	Steel grade - see page 87	Type 2 - A.W.C.R Type 4 - S.D.C.R Type 5 - M.D Type 6 - S.S.I.D	Typical of the production process	• product analysis • tensile test • dimensions • hardness • NDT upon agreement		Tube or bundle Data: • manufacturer • dimension • type • order • standard		
A512		Possible steel condition: MD-mandrel drawn, no final thermal treatment SD-sink drawn, no final thermal treatment MDSR SDSR MDSA SDSA Norm-MD-SR Norm-SD-SR						

### Mechanical Tubing according to ASTM A – sizing methods and thermal treatments

#### ASTM A512 (buttweld and cold drawn Carbon steel)

Condition

**MD** - mandrel drawn, no final thermal treatment

**SD** - sink drawn, no final thermal treatment

**MDSR** - mandrel drawn and stress relieved

**SDSR** - sink drawn and stress relieved

**MDSA** - mandrel drawn and soft annealed or normalized

**SDSA** - sink drawn and soft annealed or normalized

**NORM-MD-SR** - normalized, mandrel drawn and stress relieved

**NORM-SD-SR** - normalized, sink drawn and stress relieved

Thermal conditions : no final thermal treatment, stress relieved, annealed, normalized

#### ASTM A519 (seamless, Carbon and Alloy steel)

Sizing methods

**HF** - hot finished

**CW** - cold worked

**RT** - rough turned

**G** - ground

Thermal treatments

**A** - annealed

**N** - normalized

**QT** - quenched and tempered

**SR** - stress relieved or finish anneal

#### ASTM A513 (resistance welded, Carbon and Alloy steel)

Condition (sizing methods)

Type Code letters Description

1	A.W.H.R.	as welded from hot rolled steel
2	A.W.C.R.	as welded from cold rolled steel
3	S.D.H.R.	sink drawn hot rolled steel
4	S.D.C.R.	sink drawn cold rolled steel
5	M.D.	mandrel drawn
6	S.S.I.D.	special smooth inside diameter





## Tube semiproducts

Specially designed tube semi-finished products, tailored to customer's needs are available upon request. Cold drawn precise tubes are machined, but when requested, hot finished tubes are furnished as various forms of semi finished products.

### Products

- Tube cut in short exact lengths by:
  - sawing
  - shearing
  - rotary cut-off head with slides
- Tube with bevelled ends
- Tube bending

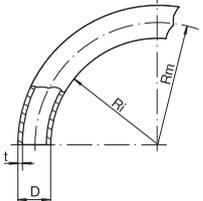
### Tube bending

	Bend angle Rm												
	20	25	32	40	50	60	80	100	125	160	200	250	
D = 10 t ≥ 1													
D = 12 t ≥ 1													
D = 14 t ≥ 1													
D = 15 t ≥ 1													
D = 16 t ≥ 1													
D = 18 t ≥ 1													
D = 20 t ≥ 1													
D = 22 t ≥ 1													
D = 24 t ≥ 1													
D = 25 t ≥ 1													
D = 28 t ≥ 1													
D = 30 t ≥ 1,5													
D = 32 t ≥ 1,5													
D = 35 t ≥ 1,5													
D = 38 t ≥ 1,5													
D = 40 t ≥ 1,5													
D = 42 t ≥ 1,5													

$t = D/20$   
 $R_i = 2D$

$t = D/30$   
 $R_i = 3D$

$t = D/50$   
 $R_i = 4,5D$



It is possible to bend the tubes in three planes without destroying the tube at the bend point (see table) by CNC tube bender.

Bend parameters:

- max. size of bent tube - 42 x 2,5 mm
- bend radius - 12-260 mm
- max. bend angle - 187 °
- tolerance on bend angle -  $\pm 0,1^\circ$
- tube length under the final bend - max 3 000 mm
- tolerance of length -  $\pm 0,1$  mm

### Packaging

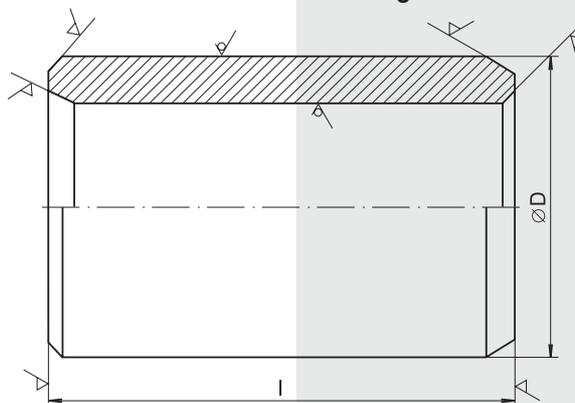
Semi-finished products are delivered according to customer specifications in mettalic box pallets, collapsible pallets, cardboard cartons placed on wooden europallets or bundled.

### Certified test report

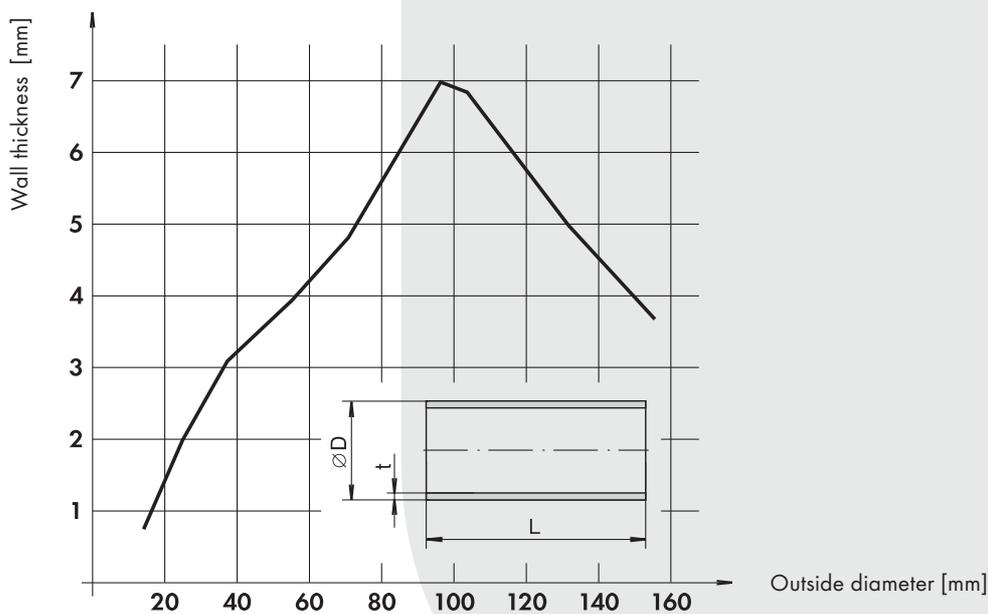
According to DIN 50049 - EN 10204 - 2.2 or 3.1.B.

Parameter	Sawing 1	Method		Rotary cutt-off
		Sawing 2	Shearing	
		Range		
<b>Outside diameter</b>	12-102 mm	10-81 mm	15-152 mm	20-90 mm
<b>Wall thickness</b>	1-3 mm	0,5-7 (12) mm	max. 7 % D	0,7-12 mm
<b>Lenghts</b>	20 (130)-3250 mm	15-600 mm	25-780 mm	150-2000 mm
<b>Tolerances</b>	±0,25 mm	±0,025 mm	±0,25 mm	±0,11 - ±0,19 mm
<b>Stabilization of production process</b>		$CpK > 1,67$		$CpK > 1,67$
<b>Tube ends</b>	Brushing L = 100-4500 mm	Tube ends bevelling		
		D = 10-81 mm L = 15-340 mm 5°-85° (min. d = 12 mm)	D = 15-70 mm L = 30-690 mm	D = 20-90 mm L = 150-2000 mm 5°-85° (min. d = 18 mm)
<b>Surface protection</b>	Washing and passivating at L = 100-3000 mm	Without protection or oiled		

Tube ends bevelling



Shearing of tubes



## Butt-welding steel pipe fittings

### List of standards of butt welding elbows

Standards	Dimensional standards	Dimensions	Standards for elbows		Standards for pipe	
			TDC	Steel Grade	TDC	Steel Grade
<b>Elbows for steel construction, machine parts and common use – standard steel</b>						
<b>STN, ČSN</b>	42 5760	Table 27 Page 96	ŽP-05-04	11 353	42 0250	11 353
<b>DIN</b>	2605 - 1, 2		2609 (A)	St 37.0	1629	St 37.0
			2609 (B)	St 44.0		St 44.0
			2609 (C)	St 52.0		St 52.0
<b>EN</b>	10 253 - 1		10 253 - 1	S 235 S 265	10 210 - 1	S 235 JRH S 275 JOH
<b>Elbows for pressure purposes – room temperature</b>						
<b>STN, ČSN</b>	42 5760	Table 27 Page 96	ŽP-05-04	11 353	42 0250	11 353
<b>DIN</b>	2605 - 1, 2		2609 (A)	St 37.0	1629	St 37.0
			2609 (B)	St 44.0		St 44.0
			2609 (C)	St 52.0		St 52.0
<b>NF A</b>	49 - 186 49 - 281		49 - 186 49 - 281	AE 220 A AE 220, 250, 275	49 112	TU E 220A TU E 235A
<b>EN</b>	10 253 - 2		10 253 - 2	P 235 TR2 P 265 TR2 P 235 TR2 P 265 TR2	10 216 - 1	P 235 TR1 P 265 TR1 P 235 TR2 P 265 TR2
<b>Elbows for pressure purposes – elevated temperature</b>						
<b>STN, ČSN</b>	42 5760	Table 27 Page 96	ŽP-05-05	12 021 12 022 15 020	42 0251	12 021 12 022 15 020
<b>ASTM ASME</b>	ANSI B 16.9	Table 28 Page 97	A 234 / A 960	WPB WPC	A 106	Grade B Grade C
<b>DIN</b>	2605 - 1, 2		2609 (F, G) 2609 (H)	St 35.8 I, III 15Mo3	17 175	St 35.8 I, III 15Mo3
<b>BS</b>	1965 - 1	Table 27	1965 - 1	Grade 410	3602 - 1	HFS 360
<b>EN</b>	10 253 - 2	Page 96	10 253 - 2	P 235 GH P 265 GH 16Mo3	10 216 - 2	P 235 GH P 265 GH 16Mo3
<b>Elbows for pressure purposes from fine grain steel</b>						
<b>DIN</b>	2605 - 1, 2	Table 27 Page 96	2609 (R) 2609 (S) 2609 (T)	WSiE 355 TSiE 355 TSiE 285	17 179	WSiE 355 TSiE 355 TSiE 285
<b>EN</b>	10 253 - 2		10 253 - 2	P 355 N P 355 NH P 355 NL1	10 216 - 3	P 355 N P 355 NH P 355 NL1
<b>Elbows for pressure purposes – low temperature</b>						
<b>PN ŽP</b>	42 5760	Table 27 Page 96	ŽP-05-04	11 369 11 419 11 503	42 0165	11 369 11 419 11 503
<b>ASME</b>	ASME B 16.9	Tab. 28 Pg. 97	A 420 / A 960	WPL 6	A 333	Grade 6
<b>EN</b>	10 253 - 2	Table 27 Page 96	10 253 - 2	P 215 NL P 265 NL	10 216 - 4	P 215 NL P 265 NL
<b>Elbows for water and gas pipe line</b>						
<b>PN ŽP</b>	42 5760	Table 27	ŽP-05-04	11 353	42 0250	11 353
<b>DIN</b>	2605 - 1	Page 96	2609 (A)	St 37.0	2440, 2441	St 33-2, St 37.0
<b>Elbows for pipe line</b>						
<b>DIN</b>	2605 - 1, 2	Table 27 Page 96	2609 (D) 2609 (E)	SiE 290.7 SiE 360.7	17 172	SiE 290.7 SiE 360.7
<b>EN</b>	10 523 - 2		10 253 - 2	L 415NB	10 208 - 2	L 415NB

Notes: Deliveries of welding neck flanges upon agreement.  
Standards: DIN 2631, DIN 2632, DIN 2633, DIN 2635  
ANSI B16,5  
STN 13 1229, STN 13 1231, STN 13 1233  
EN 1092-1  
Dimensions: DN 15-150, ANSI 1/2"-6"  
Steel grades: 11 375, 11 416, RSt 37-2, C22.8, A105/C4

## List of dimensional standards and technical delivery conditions standards for fittings

ŽP-05-04	Buttwelding elbows. TDC.
ŽP-05-05	Buttwelding elbows with specified elevated temperature properties
STN 42 0165	ČSN 42 0165 Sheets and pipes of ferritic-perlitic steel with guaranteed impact properties at low temperatures. TDC.
STN 42 0250	ČSN 42 0250 Hot formed seamless tubes from steel grade 10 to 16.
STN 42 0251	ČSN 42 0251 Seamless steel tubes with specified elevated temperature properties.
ŽP 42 5760	Buttwelding elbows. Dimensions.
STN 13 220	ČSN 13 220 Steel buttwelding fittings. Building dimensions.
ASME B16.9	Factory-made wrought steel buttwelding fittings.
ASTM A106	Seamless carbon steel pipe for high temperature service.
ASTM A234	Piping fittings of wrought carbon steel and alloy steel for moderate and high temperature service.
ASTM A333	Seamless and welded steel pipe for low temperature service (Pipe).
ASTM A420	Piping fittings of wrought carbon steel and alloy steel for low temperature service.
ASTM A860/MSS-SP-75 (MSS sor dimession NPS over 14)	Wrought high strength low alloy steel butt welding fittings. (Steel grade WPHY 42, 46, 52, 60, 65, 70). Deliveries upon agreement.
ASTM A960	Common requirements for wrought steel piping fittings.
ASTM A999	General requirements for alloy and stainless steel pipe.
ASTM A1016	General requirements for ferritic alloy steel, austenitic alloy steel and stainless steel tubes.
DIN 1629	Seamless circular tubes of non-alloy steel with special quality requirements.
DIN 2440	Steel tubes, medium weight suitable for screwing.
DIN 2441	Steel tubes, heavy weight suitable for screwing.
DIN 2519	Steel flanges. TDC.
DIN 2605-1	Elbows. Reduced correlation of utilization.
DIN 2605-2	Elbows. Full correlation of utilization.
DIN 2609	Buttwelding fittings.
DIN 2631, 2632, 2633, 2634, 2635	Steel flanges. Nominal pressure 6, 10, 16, 25, 40.
DIN 17 172	Steel pipes for long-distance pipelines for combustible liquids and gases.
DIN 17 175	Seamless tubes of heat resistant steel.
DIN 17 179	Seamless circular fine grain steel tubes to special requirements.
BS 1965-1	Buttwelding pipe fittings for pressure purposes. Carbon steel.
BS 3602-1	Steel pipes and tubes for pressure purposes: carbon and carbon manganese steel with specified elevated temperature properties.
NF A49-112	Plain ends seamless steel hot rolled tubes with specified room temperature properties and with special delivery conditions.
NF A49-186	Tubular accesories – bends – reduction for welding, made from seamless tubes for general use. Dimensions. TDC.
NFA 49-281	Steel tubes, tubular accesories, bends, tee, reduction for welding, made from seamless tube with quality specifications. Dimensions. TDC.
EN 1092-1	Flanges and their joints – circular flanges for pipes, valves, fittings and accessories. Part 1: Steel flanges, PN designated.
EN 10208-2	Steel pipes for pipelines for combustible fluids. TDC. Part 2: Pipes of requirement calss B.
EN 10210-1	Hot finished structural hollow sections of non-alloy and fine grain structural steel.
EN 10216-1, 2, 3, 4	Seamless steel tubes for pressure purposes. TDC. Part 1: Non-alloy steel tubes with specified room temperature properties. Part 2: Non-alloy and alloy steel tubes with specified elevated temperature properties. Part 3: Non-alloy and alloy fine grain steel tubes Part 4: Non-alloy and alloy steel tubes with specified low temperature properties.
EN 10253-1	Buttwelding pipe fittings. Part 1: Wrought carbon steel for general use and without specific inspection requirements.
EN 10253-2	Buttwelding pipe fittings. Part 2: Wrought carbon and ferritic alloy steel with specific inspection requirements.
EN 10297-1	Seamless steel tubes for mechanical and general engineering purposes. TDC. Part 1: Non-alloy and alloy steel tubes.
EN 764-5	Pressure equipment. Compliance and inspection document of metal materials.
ISO 3419	Non-alloy and alloy steel buttwelding fittings.
RToD M0803	Dutch rules for pressure vessels. Seamless fittings.

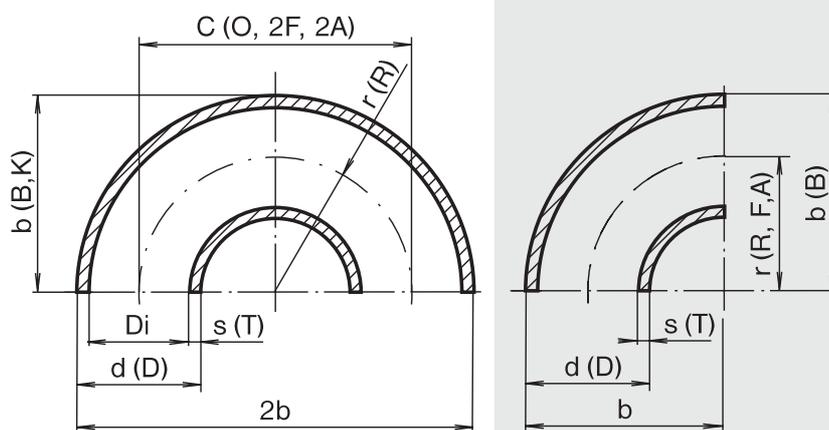


## Dimensions of long radius elbows and returns according to standard ASME/ANSI B16.9

Table 28

NPS	Outside diameter		Wall thickness		Identification	Schedule No.	Inside diameter		90° elbow A (r)		180° elbow			
	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]			[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	O	K		
											[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]
1	1.315	33,4	0.133	3,38	STD	40	1.049	26,64	1.50	38	3.00	76	2.19	56
1 1/4	1.660	42,2	0.140	3,56	STD	40	1.380	35,08	1.88	48	3.75	95	2.75	70
1 1/2	1.900	48,3	0.145	3,68	STD	40	1.610	40,94	2.25	57	4.50	114	3.25	83
2	2.375	60,3	0.109	2,77	-	-	2.157	54,76	3.00	76	6.00	152	4.19	106
2	2.375	60,3	0.154	3,91	STD	40	2.067	52,48	3.00	76	6.00	152	4.19	106
2 1/2	2.875	73,0	0.203	5,16	STD	40	2.469	62,68	3.75	95	7.50	191	5.19	132
3	3.500	88,9	0.125	3,18	-	-	3.250	82,54	4.50	114	9.00	229	6.25	159
3	3.500	88,9	0.216	5,49	STD	40	3.068	77,92	4.50	114	9.00	229	6.25	159
3 1/2	4.000	101,6	0.141	3,58	-	-	3.718	94,44	5.25	133	10.50	267	7.25	184
3 1/2	4.000	101,6	0.226	5,74	STD	40	3.548	90,12	5.25	133	10.50	267	7.25	184
4	4.500	114,3	0.141	3,58	-	-	4.218	107,14	6.00	152	12.00	305	8.25	210
4	4.500	114,3	0.237	6,02	STD	40	4.026	102,26	6.00	152	12.00	305	8.25	210
6	6.625	168,3	0.172	4,37	-	-	6.281	159,56	9.00	229	18.00	457	12.31	313

Upon agreement it is possible to deliver elbows up to 914 mm (36"), made from welded segments.



Standard		Symbols						
PN ŽP 42 5760	DN	$d$	$s$	$r$	$b$	$2b$	$b$	
DIN 2605	DN	$d_o$	$s$	$r$	$b$	$2b$	$b$	
NF A 49 186	DN	$D$	$T$	(R)	$F$	$C$	$B$	
EN 10 253	DN	$D$	$T$	(R)	$F$	$C$	$B$	
BS 1965	NPS (OD)	(WT)		$A$	$O$	$K$		
ASME B 16.9	NPS	$D$			$A$	$O$	$K$	

## Dimensional tolerances

Exact values are listed in corresponding standards. Approximate data are shown in the Table of tolerances (page 101).

## Steel

Elbows are made from steel shown in survey table. At standard DIN 2609 there is shown also steel qualification according to this standard. As a supplement of the survey there is listed also standard and steel grade of tube which is a part of pipeline together with elbow.

Elbow verify according to requirements of standard NACE MR 0103, NACE MR 0175. C-equivalent calculating formula see page 14.

## Heat treatment, delivery condition and surface quality

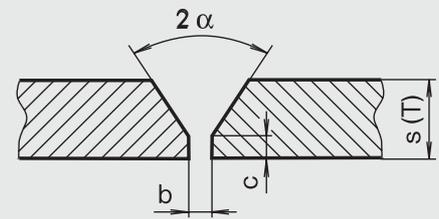
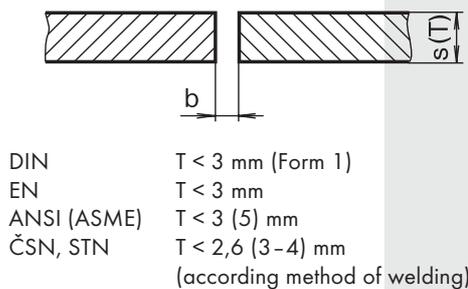
The elbows are made by hot forming process and they are delivered without heat treatment. Normalising includes normalising forming. Surface quality is corresponding to manufacturing process.

## End preparation

Elbows are delivered with plain ends. Preparation of ends for welding (beveling) according to standards:

- STN, ČSN 13 1075
- ASME (ANSI) B16.9
- DIN 2559
- EN 10 253 and other EN standards
- NFA 29-032 and standards for pipes
- ISO 6761

## Preparation of ends:



## Testing

Pipes as a raw material and finished elbows are tested according to corresponding standards.

## Marking

The elbows are delivered with marking:

- without marking
- colour marking - steel grade according to corresponding standard
- stamping of data according to standard, customer's requirements or equipment possibilities (size of elbow).

## Surface protection

The elbows are delivered without surface protection. Temporary protection with oil upon agreement.

## Packaging

Fittings are packed in cartons, placed on wooden pallets, or in matalic box pallets.

## Certificates

Certification in accordance with the following standards:

STN, ČSN 42 0165, 42 0250, 42 0251

ASTM A234/A234, A420/A420M

DIN 50049 - 2.2, 3.1.A, 3.1.B, 3.1.C

EN 10 204 - for EN 10253-1 - 2.2 (non-specific testing)

- for EN 10253-2 - 3.1.B (specific testing) eventually 3.1.A, 3.1.C, 3.2 (see also page 10)



## Tube reducers

### List of standards for tube reducers

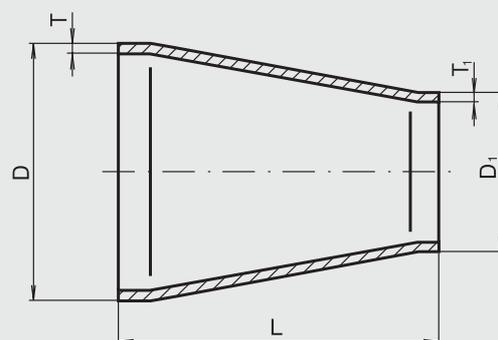
Standards	Dimensional standards	Dimensions	TDC	Steel grade
<b>STN, ČSN</b>	13 2200	Tab. 29	13 2370	11 353
	13 2380 (13 2385)			12 021
<b>DIN</b>	2616 - 2		2609 (A) 2609 (F, G)	St 37.0
				St 35.8
<b>ISO</b>	3419		3419	
<b>EN</b>	10 253 - 1		10 253 - 1	S 235, S 265

Upon agreement it is possible to deliver reducers made also from other steel (see survey table of butt welding elbows).

### List of dimensional standards and technical delivery conditions standards

STN, ČSN 13 2200	Steel pipe fittings for butt welding. Construction dimensions.
STN, ČSN 13 2370	Reducers. TDC.
STN, ČSN 13 2380	Reducers Js 20 - Js 350, Jt 40 - Jt 100.
STN, ČSN 13 2385	Reducers DN 20 - DN 500, PN 40 - PN 100.
DIN 2609	Butt welding fittings. TDC.
DIN 2616-2	Reducers. Full correlation of utilization.
EN 10 253-1	Butt-welding pipe fittings. Part 1: Wrought carbon steel for general use and without specific inspection requirements.
ISO 3419	Butt welding fittings wrought carbon and alloy steel.

GOST 17378 Reducers. Dimensions.  
GOST 17380 Reducers. TDC.



### Tube reducers dimensions - Type 1

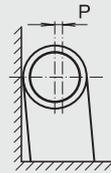
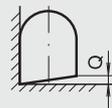
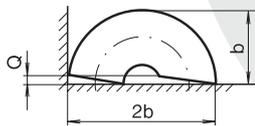
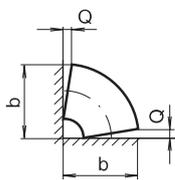
Table 29

NPS	Side D		T [mm]	Side D1			Length L [mm]	Teoret. weight [kg]							
	DN	D [mm]		NPS <sub>1</sub>	DN <sub>1</sub>	D <sub>1</sub> [mm]			T <sub>1</sub> [mm]						
3/4	20	26,9	2,3	1/2	15	21,3	2,0	38							
	1	25		3/4	20	26,9			2,3						
1 1/4	32	42,4	2,6	1/2	15	21,3	2,0	50							
				1	25	33,7			2,6						
				3/4	20	26,9				2,3					
				1/2	15	21,3			2,0						
1 1/2	40	48,3	2,6	1 1/4	32	42,4	2,6	64							
				1	25	33,7			2,6						
				3/4	20	26,9				2,3					
				1/2	15	21,3			2,0						
				2	50	60,3				2,9	1	25	33,7	2,6	76
									1 1/2		40	48,3	2,6		
1 1/4	32	42,4	2,6												
1	25	33,7					2,6								
2 1/2	65	76,1	2,9					2	50		60,3	2,9	90		
							1 1/2	40	48,3		2,6				
				32	42,4	2,6									
				3	80		88,9	3,2	2 1/2	65	76,1			2,9	90
						2			50	60,3	2,9				
						1 1/2			40	48,3					
									32	42,4	2,6				
				3	100	114,3	3,6	3	80	88,9				3,2	100
2 1/2	65	76,1	2,9												
	2	50						60,3	2,9						
1 1/2	40	48,3	2,6												
	32	42,4						2,6							
4	100	114,3	3,6						3	80	88,9	3,2	100		
								2 1/2	65	76,1	2,9				
									2	50					
								1 1/2	40	48,3	2,6				
									32	42,4					

Reducers up to D 406,4 mm (16") or large diameter welded reducers can be delivered upon agreement.

Dimension and form tolerances of fittings

Parameter	Standards				
	PN ŽP 42 5760	DIN 2605, DIN 2609	EN 10 253-2	ASME (ANSI) B 16.9	
				in	mm
<b>Outside diameter</b>	±1,25 % min. ±0,5 mm	±1 % allowed ±0,5 mm	±1 % min. ±0,5 mm	1/2 - 2 1/2	21,3 - 73,0
				-0,03 +0,06	±1
				3 - 3 1/2	88,9 - 101,6
				±0,06	±1
				4	114,3
				±0,06	-1 +2
				5 - 8	141,3 - 219,1
-0,06 +0,09	-1 +3				
10 - 18	273 - 457				
-0,12 +0,16	-3 +4				
20 - 24	508 - 610				
-0,19 +0,25	-5 +6				
26 - 30	660 - 762				
-0,19 +0,25	-5 +7				
<b>Inside diameter</b>	min. 80 % of theoretical inside diameter (= D - 2T)			1/2 - 2 1/2	21,3 - 73,0
				±0,03	±0,8
				3 - 3 1/2	88,9 - 101,6
				±0,06	±1,6
				4	114,3
				±0,06	±1,6
5 - 8	141,3 - 219,1				
±0,06	±1,6				
10 - 18	273 - 457				
±0,12	±3,2				
20 - 30	508 - 762				
±0,19	±4,8				
<b>Ovality</b>	D > 200 2% (4%)		1,5%		
<b>Wall thickness</b>	-15 % +12,5 % (±17,5 %)	-12,50 % +15 %	D ≤ 610 mm T ≤ 4 mm -12,5 % +20 % T > 4 mm -12,5 % +15%	Wall thickness > 87,5 % of nominal wall thickness (-12,5%)	
<b>b (K)</b>	31,8 - 76,1 ±2,5 mm	DN 15 - 65 ±2,5 mm	±7 mm	1/2 - 24 ±0,25	21,3 - 600 ±7
	82,5 - 114,3 ±3,0 mm	DN 80 - 100 ±3,0 mm			
	133,0 - 219,1 ±3,5 mm	DN 125 - 200 ±3,5 mm			
	D > 220 ±4,0 mm	DN > 250 ±4,0 mm			
<b>2 b</b>	31,8 - 76,1 ±8 mm	DN 15 - 65 ±8 mm	±14 mm	1/2 - 8 ±0,25	21,3 - 200 ±7
	82,5 - 114,3 ±9 mm	DN 80 - 100 ±9 mm			
	133,0 - 219,1 ±10 mm	DN 125 - 200 ±10 mm			
	D > 220 ±14 mm	DN > 250 - 450 ±14 mm			
<b>Q/P</b>	±4°	±1 % of outside diameter or min ±1 mm	±1 % of outside diameter or min ±1 mm For EN 10224 Q max 1,6 mm	1/2 - 4	21,3 - 114,3
				0,03/0,06	1/2
				5 - 8	141,3 - 219,1
				0,06/0,12	2/4
				10 - 12	273 - 323,8
				0,09/0,19	3/5
				14 - 16	335,6 - 406,4
				0,09/0,25	3/7
18 - 24	457 - 610				
0,12/0,38	4/10				
26 - 30	660 - 762				
0,19/0,38	5/10				



# Submerged arc longitudinally welded steel tubes and pipes

Standards	Dimensional standards	Dimensions	TDC	Steel grade
<b>Structural tubes – standards steel grade</b>				
<b>STN, ČSN</b>	ŽP 42 5717	Table 30/Page 104	ŽP 42 0154 ŽP-06-14/98	11 373, 11 375, 11 425, 11 523 C – steel
<b>DIN</b>	2458	Table 31/Page 104	1615 17120	St 33 (St 37.2) USf 37-2, RSt 37-2, St 37-3 St 44-2, St 44-3, St 52-3
<b>EN</b>	10219 - 2	Table 33/Page 105	10219 - 1	S 235 JRH, S 275 JOH S 275 J2H, S 355 JOH, S 355 J2H
<b>Structural tubes – fine-grain steel</b>				
<b>STN, ČSN</b>	ŽP 42 5717	Table 30/Page 104	ŽP 42 0154, ŽP-06-14/98	11 369, 11 503
<b>DIN</b>	2458	Table 31/Page 104	17123	StE, TSfE, ESfE 255, 285, 355, 420, 460
<b>EN</b>	10219 - 2	Table 33/Page 105	10219 - 1	S 275 NH, S 275 NLH S 355 NH, S 355 NLH S 460 NH, S 460 NLH S 275 MH, S 275 MLH S 355 MH, S 355 MLH S 460 MH, S 460 MLH
<b>Tubes for mechanical and common use</b>				
<b>STN, ČSN</b>	ŽP 42 5717	Table 30/Page 104	ŽP 42 0154	11 523
<b>DIN</b>	2458	Table 31/Page 104	1626	St 37.0, St 44.0, St 52.0
<b>BS</b>	3600	Table 31/Page 104	6323 - 7	SAW4, SAW 5
<b>EN</b>	10296 - 1	Table 33/Page 105	10296 - 1	E155, E185, E235, E275, E355
<b>Tubes for pressure piping – room temperature</b>				
<b>STN, ČSN</b>	ŽP 42 5717	Table 30/Page 104	ŽP 42 0154, ŽP-06-14/98	11 375, 11 523
<b>ASTM, ASME</b>	ANSI B36.10 (API 5L)	Table 32/Page 105	A 671 / A530	Pipe Grade CA 55 Type of Steel A 285 - Grade C Class 10, 11, 12, 13
<b>DIN</b>	2458	Table 31/Page 104	1626 1628	St 37.0, St 44.0, St 52.0 St 37.4, St 44.4, St 52.4
<b>BS</b>	3600	Table 31/Page 104	3601	Grade 430
<b>EN</b>	10217 - 1	Table 33/Page 105	10217 - 1	P195, P235, P265 (TR1, TR2)
<b>Tubes for pressure piping – elevated temperature</b>				
<b>STN, ČSN</b>	ŽP 42 5717	Table 30/Page 104	ŽP 42 0154	11 416, 11 523 15 020, 15 121, 15 128
<b>ASTM, ASME</b>	ANSI B36.10 (API 5L)	Table 32/Page 105	A 672 / A 530	Pipe Grade A 45, A 50, A 55 Type of Steel A 285 - Grade A, B, C Class 10, 11, 12, 13
<b>DIN</b>	2458	Table 31/Page 104	17155	H I, H II
<b>BS</b>	3600	Table 31/Page 104	3602 - 2	Grade 430, 490
<b>EN</b>	10217 - 5	Table 33/Page 105	10217 - 5	P 235 GH, P 265 GH, 16Mo3
<b>Tubes for pressure piping – fine-grain steel</b>				
<b>DIN</b>	2458	Table 31/Page 104	17178	StE, WStE, TSfE, ESfE 255, 285, 355, 460
<b>EN</b>	10217 - 3	Table 33/Page 105	10217 - 3	P 275 NL1, P 275 NL2, P 355 N, P 355 NH, P 355 NL1, P 355 NL2 P 460 N, P 460 NH, P 460 NL1, P 460 NL2
<b>Tubes for pressure piping – low temperature</b>				
<b>STN, ČSN</b>	ŽP 42 5717	Table 30/Page 104	ŽP 42 0154	11 369, 11 503
<b>DIN</b>	2458	Table 31/Page 104	17174 17178	TT St 35 N TSfE 255, 285, 355, 460
<b>EN</b>	10217 - 6	Table 33/Page 105	10217 - 6	P 215 NL, P 265 NL
<b>Pipe for conveyance of aqueous liquids</b>				
<b>DIN</b>	2460	Table 31/Page 104	1626	St 37.0, St 52.0
<b>EN</b>	10224	Table 33/Page 105	10224	L 235, L 275, L 355
<b>Pipe for gas and combustible liquids</b>				
<b>API</b>	API 5L	Table 32/Page 105	API 5L	Grade A, B, X42, X 46, X 52
<b>DIN</b>	2458	Table 31/Page 104	2470 - 1 2470 - 2 17172  17178	1626 - St 37.0 according to DIN 17 172 StE 210.7, StE 240.7, StE 290.7, StE 320.7, StE 360.7 StE, WStE, TSfE, ESfE 255, 285, 355, 460
<b>EN</b>	10208 - 1 10208 - 2	Table 33/Page 105	10208 - 1 10208 - 2	L210GA, L235GA, L245GA, L290GA, L360GA L245NB, L290NB, L360NB, L245MB, L360MB
<b>GOST</b>	20295	Table 30/Page 104	20295	1050: 10, 20

**Notes:**

1. Tube according to another standards upon agreement.
2. Pipe for potable water upon agreement.
3. Steel according to GOST 20295 with hardness class K34, K38, K42, K50, K52, K55, K60.
4. Steel according to GOST 20295 are delivered as type 3.
5. Deliveries according to EN 10219 with CE marking.

## List of dimensional standards and technical delivery conditions standards

ŽP 42 0154	Longitudinally welded steel pipes. TDC.
ŽP 42 5717	Longitudinally welded steel pipes. Dimensions.
ŽP-06-14/98	Steel pipes determined for protective pipes.
ANSI B36.10	Welded and seamless wrought steel pipe. Dimension and weight (Pipe).
API 5L	Specification for line pipe.
ASTM A530	General requirements for specialized carbon and alloy steel pipe.
ASTM A671	Electric-fusion-welded steel pipe for atmospheric and lower temperatures.
ASTM A672	Electric-fusion-welded steel pipe for high-pressure service at moderate temperatures.
DIN 1615	Welded circular tubes of non-alloy steel without special quality requirements.
DIN 1626	Welded circular tubes of non-alloy steel with special quality requirements.
DIN 1628	Welded circular tubes of non-alloy steel with very high quality requirements.
DIN 2458	Plain end welded steel tubes, dimensions and conventional masses per unit length.
DIN 2460	Steel tubes for waterworks services.
DIN 2470-1	Steel gas pipelines for permissible service pressures up to 16 bar.
DIN 2470-2	Steel gas pipelines for permissible service pressures exceeding 16 bar.
DIN 17120	Welded structural steel circular tubes for structural engineering purposes.
DIN 17123	Welded structural fine grain steel circular tubes.
DIN 17155	Sheet metal and strip from steel with specified elevated temperature properties.
DIN 17172	Steel pipes for pipelines for the transport of combustable fluids and gases.
DIN 17174	Welded circular steel tubes for low temperatures.
DIN 17178	Welded circular fine grain steel tubes for specified properties.
BS 3600	Dimensions and masses per unit length of welded and seamless steel pipes and tubes for pressure purposes.
BS 3601	Carbon steel pipes and tubes with specified room temperature properties for pressure purposes.
BS 3602-2	Specification for steel pipes and tubes for pressure purposes: carbon and carbon manganese steel with specified elevated temperature properties.
BS 6323	Part 2: Submerged arc welded tubes. Seamless and welded steel tubes for automobile, mechanical and general engineering purposes. Part 1: General requirements. Part 7: Specific requirements for submerged arc welded steel tube.
EN 10208-1, 2	Steel pipes for pipelines for combustible fluids. Part 1: Pipes of requirement class A. Part 2: Pipes of requirement class B.
EN 10217-1, 3, 6	Welded steel tubes for pressure purposes. TDC. Part 1: Non alloy steel tubes with specified room temperature properties. Part 3: Non alloy and alloy fine grain steel tubes. Part 5: Submerged arc welded non-alloy and alloy steel tubes with specified elevated temperature properties. Part 6: Submerged arc welded non-alloy steel tubes with specified low temperature properties.
EN 10219-1, 2	Cold formed welded structural hollow sections of non-alloy and fine grain steel. Part 1: TDC. Part 2: Tolerances, dimensions and sectional properties.
EN 10220	Seamless and welded steel tubes. Dimension and masses per unit length.
EN 10224	Steel pipes, joints and fittings for the conveyance of aqueous liquids including potable water.
EN 10296-1	Welded steel tubes for mechanical and general engineering purposes. TDC. Part 1: Non alloy and alloy steel tubes.
GOST 20295	Steel welded pipes for main gas and oil pipelines.
ISO 4019	Structural steels. Cold-formed, welded, structural hollow sections. Dimensions and sectional properties.
ISO 10799	Structural steels. Cold-formed, welded, structural hollow sections. TDR.
ISO 9330-1	Welded steel tubes for pressure purposes. TDC. Part 1: Non alloy steel tubes with specified room temperature properties.
ISO 9330-4	Part 4: Submerged arc welded non-alloy and alloy steel tubes with specified elevated temperature properties.
ISO 9330-5	Part 5: Submerged arc welded non-alloy steel tubes with specified low temperature properties.

## Dimensions

Pipe are delivered with OD, WT and weight according to tables 30, 31, 32 and 33.

### Tube dimensions and weight according to standards ŽP and GOST 20295

**Table 30**

Outside diameter [mm]	Wall thickness [mm]									
	5	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22
Theoretical tube weight [kg/m]										
<b>324</b>	39,3	47,1	62,3							
<b>355,6</b>	43,2	51,7	68,6							
<b>377</b>	45,9	54,9	72,8							
<b>406</b>	49,4	59,2	78,5	97,7						
<b>426</b>	51,9	62,1	82,5	102,6	122,5					
<b>530</b>	64,7	77,5	103,0	128,2	153,3	178,2	202,8			
<b>630</b>	77,1	92,3	122,7	152,9	182,9	212,7	242,3			
<b>720</b>			140,5	175,1	209,5	243,8	277,8	311,6		
<b>820</b>			160,2	199,8	239,1	278,3	317,2	356,0		
<b>920</b>			179,9	224,4	268,7	312,8	356,7	400,4	443,9	
<b>1 020</b>			199,7	249,1	298,3	347,3	396,2	444,8	493,2	
<b>1 220</b>			239,1	298,4	357,5	416,4	475,1	533,6	591,9	
<b>1 420</b>				347,7	416,7	485,4	554,0	622,4	690,5	758,5
<b>1 620</b>				397,1	475,9	554,5	632,9	711,1	789,2	867,0
<b>1 820</b>				446,4	535,1	623,5	711,8	799,9	887,8	975,5
<b>2 020</b>				495,7	594,2	692,6	790,7	888,7	986,5	1 084,0
<b>2 220</b>				545,0	653,4	761,6	869,7	977,5	1 085,1	1 192,5

### Tube dimensions and weight according to standard DIN 2458

**Table 31**

Outside diameter [mm]	Wall thickness [mm]													
	5	5,6	6,3	7,1	8	8,8	10	11	12,5	14,2	16	17,5	20	22,2
Theoretical tube weight [kg/m]														
<b>323,9</b>	39,3	44,0	49,3	55,5	62,3									
<b>355,6</b>	43,2	48,3	54,3	61,0	68,6									
<b>406,4</b>	49,5	55,4	62,2	69,9	78,6	86,3	97,8							
<b>457</b>	55,7	62,3	70,0	78,8	88,6	97,3	110,2							
<b>508</b>	62,0	69,4	77,9	87,7	98,6	108,3	122,8	134,8	152,7					
<b>559</b>	68,3	76,4	85,9	96,6	108,7	119,4	135,4	148,7	168,5	190,8	214,3			
<b>610</b>	74,6	83,5	93,8	105,6	118,8	130,5	148,0	162,5	184,2	208,6	234,4			
<b>660</b>	80,8	90,4	101,6	114,3	128,6	141,3	160,3	176,1	199,6	226,2	254,1			
<b>711</b>				123,3	138,7	152,4	172,9	189,9	215,3	244,0	274,2	299,3		
<b>762</b>					148,8	163,5	185,5	203,7	231,0	261,9	294,4	321,3		
<b>813</b>					158,8	174,5	198,0	217,6	246,8	279,7	314,5	343,3		
<b>864</b>					168,9	185,6	210,6	231,4	262,5	297,6	334,6	365,3		
<b>914</b>					178,7	196,4	222,9	245,0	277,9	315,1	354,3	386,9	440,9	
<b>1 016</b>					198,9	218,6	248,1	272,6	309,3	350,8	394,6	430,9	491,3	
<b>1 220</b>					239,1	262,9	298,4	328,0	372,2	422,3	475,1	519,0	591,9	
<b>1 420</b>							347,7	382,2	433,9	492,3	554,0	605,3	690,5	765,3
<b>1 620</b>							397,1	436,5	495,5	562,3	632,9	691,6	789,2	874,8
<b>1 820</b>							446,4	490,7	557,2	632,4	711,8	777,9	887,8	984,3
<b>2 020</b>							495,7	545,0	618,8	702,4	790,7	864,2	986,5	1 093,8
<b>2 220</b>							545,0	599,2	680,5	772,5	869,7	950,5	1 085,1	1 203,3

- Notes:
1. Other tube dimensions upon agreement.
  2. Maximum outside diameter  $D = 3\,400\text{ mm}$ , maximum wall thickness  $t = 30\text{ mm}$ .
  3. This is actual for tables 30, 31, 32 a 33.

Theoretical inside diameter = outside diameter - (2 x wall thickness).

Weight calculation and reduction to length unit (C-steel):

dimension in mm:  $0,0246615 (D - t) \cdot t$  [kg/m]                 1 kg/m = 1,48816 lb/ft  
dimension in inch:  $10,68142 (D - t) \cdot t$  [lbs/ft]                 1 lb/ft = 0,67197 kg/m







## The weld

The pipes are by double submerged-arc-welding process produced (longitudinal seam). Value of seam is  $v = 0,75 - 1$ .

## Pipe ends

Pipe shall be furnished with ends according to standards:

DIN 2559 – 22

API 5L

EN 10 208-1, 2

ČSN, STN 13 1075 (T < 10 mm without beveling or according agreement)

## Anti-corrosion coatings

The pipes are delivered:

- without anti-corrosion coatings
- with anti-corrosion coatings:
  - standard bituminous coating
  - bitumen + fiberglass (20 kV)
  - bitumen + double fiberglass (25 kV)
  - bitumen + impregnated paper + fiberglass (25 kV)
  - bitumen + PVC + fiberglass (35 kV)
  - according to standard DIN 30672
  - painting
  - polyethylen coating (in cooperation)

## Inspection

Testing is performed in accordance with corresponding standards. Following tests are performed: visual control of weld and surface condition, control of dimensions, mechanical testing of steel plate material and weld joint (tension test, Charpy V – notch test, bend test), hydrostatic test, nondestructive examination of weld joint, testing of isolation. Other tests by agreement.

## Marking

There are following information stamped on the pipe:

- producer
- dimension: outside diameter x wall thickness
- steel grade
- heat number
- production pipe number
- sign of technical control
- sign of welder

## Certification

Test report certificate in accordance with the specification: DIN 50049, EN 10204, ASTM A 530, API 5L.

## Other products of the mill

Besides longitudinally welded large diameter pipes, the mill provides following services and products:

- parts of stable pressure vessels
- welded elbows, reducers and other fittings
- pipeline with flanges
- irrigation pipes (zinc coated, with demountable joints)
- isolation of another pipes and fittings

## Packaging of tubes and pipes

On request or according to standard tubes and pipes are delivered with ends closed with plastic plugs or caps.

### Hot finished tubes and pipes

The tubes are shipped in round bundles with diameter max. 800 mm, max. mass is 3 500 kg.

On request hexagonal bundles.

#### Standard methods:

The bundle binded by wire

The bundle binded by steel strap

Steel strap underlayed by paper tape (tapaten)

#### Non – standard methods:

The ends of bundle are wrapped in PE-foil or tapaten and foil

### Precision cold drawn tubes

The tubes are shipped in round bundles with diameter max. 800 mm, max. mass is 2 000 – 2 500 kg.

On request hexagonal bundles.

#### Standard methods:

The bundle binded by steel strap

Steel strap underlayed by tapaten

#### Non-standard methods:

The bundle is wrapped in PE-foil

The ends of bundle are wrapped in PE-foil or other material

Wooden mats round the bundle as a mechanical protection

Wooden box- tubes are in box lose or in bundle

Combinations of various types of packaging

### Pipe fittings

Metal boxes

Cardboard boxes on wooden palette

### Tube semiproducts

#### Standard methods:

Metal boxes (840 x 1 240 x 860 mm)

Hexagonal bundles

Hydraulic tubes are shipped in round bundles with mass max. 2 000 kg and length of 6 m binded by steel strap

#### Packaging according to customer requirements :

Cardboard boxes on wooden palette

Wooden boxes (mass max. 1 000 kg)

Large-volume bage BIG-BAGS

Palettes of wooden prisms



## Mechanical and technological testing of tubes and pipes

The tubes and pipes shall be subjected to the tests specified in individual standards.

### Mechanical testing

#### Tensile test at room temperature (*Zugversuch bei Raumtemperatur*)

Determined values:

The upper yield strength **ReH** or the 0,2% proof strength **Rp0,2** (MPa)

The tensile strength **Rm** (MPa)

Elongation **Amin.**(%)

EN 10002/1, DIN 50 145, ČSN 42 0310, ASTM A370 (ASME SA 370)

#### Tensile test at elevated temperature (*Zugversuch bei erhöhter Temperatur*)

Determined values:

The proof strength at the agreed temperature **Rp0,2** (MPa)

EN 10002-5, DIN 50 145, ČSN 42 0312

#### Hardness test (*Härteprüfung*) (according to agreement and possibilities)

Brinell: EN 10003, EN ISO 6506, DIN 50 351, ČSN 42 0371, ASTM E 10

Rockwell: EN 10004, EN ISO 6508, DIN 50 103, ASTM E 18

Vickers: EN ISO 6507, DIN 50 133, ASTM E 92, ASTM E 384

Conversion table *hardness to Rm* : DIN 50 150

#### Impact test at 20 °C (*Kerbschlagbiegeversuch bei 20 °C*)

#### Impact test at low temperatures (*Kerb. bei niedrigen Temperaturen*)

Determined values:

Minimum average absorbed energy **KV** (impact energy) (J)

EN 10045-1, DIN 50 115, ČSN 42 0381

#### Creep testing (*Langzeitwarmfestigkeit*)

The creep rupture properties shall not be subject to verification

Determined values:

The creep proof strength (*Zeitdehngrenze*) – **Rp** or (**Rt**) (MPa) at (t/A/T) –

e.g. XYZ (MPa) at 1% elongation, t= 100 000 h, T= 500 °C

The creep rupture strength (*Zeitstandfestigkeit*) – **RmT** (MPa) at (t/T) –

e.g. XYZ (MPa) rupture at t= 100 000 h, T= 500 °C (value for practice).

EN 10291, ČSN 42 0351, ASTM E 319

**Fatigue testing** – test is not included in standards for tubes and pipes

## Technological testing (Manipulating tests)

When tested in accordance with related standards the test piece shall withstand being tested without cracking.

The following tests are made to prove ductility of tubular products :

### **Bend test (Biegeversuch)** – (in full size tubular sections).

Test is used for pipe in sizes 2 in. or 65 mm and under. In this test a sufficient length of full size pipe is bent cold through (90°) around a cylindrical mandrel having a diameter e.g. 12 times the nominal diameter of the pipe.

EN 10232 is replaced by EN ISO 8491, ASTM A 370 (A 2,A 2.5), ČSN 420415.3

### **Flattening test (Ringfaltversuch)**

The test piece shall be flattened at room temperature between parallel flat platens until the distance between the platens H (in mm) measured under load reaches the value given by the equation in standard.

Tested are tubes - O.D. shall be 600 mm and under and with W.T. shall be 15% of O.D. and under.

EN 10233 is replaced by EN ISO 8492, DIN 50 136,ASTM A 370 and standards for tubes and pipes, ČSN 42 0415.4.

### **Flaring test (Drift expanding test)/ (Aufweitversuch)**

The test piece shall be expanded by a tapered mandrel, having an included angle of 30°, 45° or 60°

at the option of the manufacturer until the percentage increase in outside diameter shown in tables in standards is reached.

O.D. shall be 150 mm and under and W.T. shall be max. 10 mm.

EN 10234 is replaced by EN ISO 8493, DIN 50 135, ASTM A 370, ČSN 42 0415.5

### **Flanging (Flange) test (Bordelversuch)**

The test piece shall have a flange turned over at right angles to the body of the tube to the width required by the applicable material specifications.

O.D. max 150 mm, W.T. max. 10 mm.

EN 10235 is replaced by EN ISO 8494, DIN 50 139, ASTM A 370, ČSN 42 0415.6

### **Ring-expanding test (Ringaufdornversuch)**

The test piece shall be expanded with a conical tool until it breaks. The surface outside the fracture zone shall be free from cracks or breaks.

O.D. 18-150 mm (114,3 mm), W:t. 2-16 mm (12,5 mm)

EN 10236 is replaced by EN ISO 8495, DIN 50 137, ČSN 42 0415.7

### **Ring tensile test (Ringzugversuch)**

The test piece shall be subjected to strain in the circumferential direction until fracture occurs. After fracture the test pieces shall not show any visible cracks without the use of magnifying aids (excluding the fracture point).

O.D. above 150 mm, I.D. above 100 mm and W.T. 40 mm and under.

EN 10237 is replaced by EN ISO 8496, DIN 50 138

## **Others additional technological tests**

### **Crush test (upsetting test) (Anstauchen test)**

The test piece is placed on end and crushed endwise by hammer or press to the distance prescribed by the applicable material specifications.

### **Reverse flattening test (Reversionringfaltversuch)**

For testing of welds of electric welded tubing

### **(Transverse guided) Bend test of welds (Biegeprüfungen von Schweissnahten)**

This bend test is used to determine the ductility of fusion welds.

## **ISO 377**

Steel and steel products - Location and preparation of samples and test pieces for mechanical testing









EN			DIN			BS		NFA		UNI		ČSN,STN		GOST		PN-H		ASTM		JIS	
Ocel	W.Nr.	Standard	Ocel	W.Nr.	Standard	Ocel	Standard	Ocel	Standard	Ocel	Stand.	Ocel	Standard	Ocel	Stand.	Ocel	Standard	Ocel	Stand.	Ocel	Standard
E420	1.0575	103053	-	-	-	-	-	ES420	49-646	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
E420	1.0575	103055	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
E420J2	1.0599	10297-1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
E460K2	1.8891	10296-1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
E460K2	1.8891	10297-1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
E470	1.0536	10297-1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	TU56b	49311	Fe55-1	663	11550	42 0250	-	-	R55	84 023/7	1541	A519	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	TU56b	49311	Fe55-2	663	11550	42 0250	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	TU56b	49311	Fe540	7729	11550	42 0250	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	HFS8	63233	-	-	-	-	11650	42 0250	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
E590K2*	1.0644	10297-1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
E730K2*	1.8893	10297-1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
E275M*	1.8895	10296-1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
E355M*	1.8896	10296-1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
E460M*	1.8898	10296-1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

\* for information only









EN			DIN			BS		NFA		UNI	ČSN,STN		GOST		PN-H		ASTM		JIS	
Steel	W.Nr.	Standard	Steel	W.Nr.	Standard	Steel	Standard	Steel	Standard	Steel	Steel	Stand.	Steel	Standard	Steel	Standard	Steel	Standard	Steel	Standard
P355NH	1.0565	10217-3	WSiE355	1.0565	17178	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
P355NL1	1.0566	10216-3	TSiE355	1.0566	17179	-	-	TUE360B3	49-411	-	11503	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
P355NL1	1.0566	10217-3	TSiE355	1.0566	17178	-	-	-	-	-	11503	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
P355NL1	1.0566	10253-2	TSiE355	1.0566	2609	-	-	-	-	-	11503	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
P355NL2	1.1106	10216-3	ESiE355	1.1106	17179	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
P355NL2	1.1106	10217-3	ESiE355	1.1106	17178	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			SiE420	1.8902	17179	-	-	TUE420B2	49-411	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			SiE420	1.8902	17178	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			WSiE420	1.8932	17179	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			WSiE420	1.8932	17178	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			TSiE420	1.8912	17179	-	-	TUE420B3	49-411	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			TSiE420	1.8912	17178	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			ESiE420	1.8913	17179	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			ESiE420	1.8913	17178	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
P460N	1.8905	10216-3	SiE460	1.8905	17179	-	-	TUE485B2	49-411	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
P460N	1.8905	10217-3	SiE460	1.8905	17178	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
P460NH	1.8935	10216-3	WSiE460	1.8935	17179	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
P460NH	1.8935	10217-3	WSiE460	1.8935	17178	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
P460NL1	1.8915	10216-3	TSiE460	1.8915	17179	-	-	TUE485B3	49-411	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
P460NL1	1.8915	10217-3	TSiE460	1.8915	17178	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
P460NL2	1.8918	10216-3	ESiE460	1.8918	17179	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
P460NL2	1.8918	10217-3	ESiE460	1.8918	17178	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
*P620Q	1.8876	10216-3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
*P620QH	1.8877	10216-3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
*P620QL	1.8890	10216-3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
*P690Q	1.8879	10216-3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
*P690QH	1.8880	10216-3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
*P690QL1	1.8881	10216-3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
*P690QL2	1.8888	10216-3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

\* for information only







## Conversion table of Vickers hardness, Brinell hardness, Rockwell hardness and Tensile strength

Tensile strength N/mm <sup>2</sup>	Hardness			
	Vickers HV 10	Brinell HB	Rockwell HRB	Rockwell HRC
255	80	76,0		
270	85	80,7	41,0	
285	90	85,5	48,0	
305	95	90,2	52,0	
320	100	95,0	56,2	
335	105	99,8		
350	110	105	62,3	
370	115	109		
385	120	114	66,7	
400	125	119		
415	130	124	71,2	
430	135	128		
450	140	133	75,0	
465	145	138		
480	150	143	78,7	
495	155	147		
510	160	152	81,7	
530	165	156		
545	170	162	85,0	
560	175	166		
575	180	171	87,1	
595	185	176		
610	190	181	89,5	
625	195	185		
640	200	190	91,5	
660	205	195	92,5	
675	210	199	93,5	
690	215	204	94,0	
705	220	209	95,0	
720	225	214	96,0	
740	230	219	96,7	
755	235	223		
770	240	228	98,1	20,3
785	245	233		21,3
800	250	238	99,5	22,2
820	255	242		23,1
835	260	247	(101)	24,0
850	265	252		24,8
865	270	257	(102)	25,6
880	275	261		26,4
900	280	266	(104)	27,1
915	285	271		27,8
930	290	276	(105)	28,5
950	295	280		29,2
965	300	285		29,8
995	310	295		31,0
1030	320	304		32,2
1060	330	314		33,3

Tensile strength N/mm <sup>2</sup>	Hardness			
	Vickers HV 10	Brinell HB	Rockwell HRB	Rockwell HRC
1095	340	323		34,4
1125	350	333		35,5
1155	360	342		36,6
1190	370	352		37,7
1220	380	361		38,8
1255	390	371		39,8
1290	400	380		40,8
1320	410	390		41,8
1350	420	399		42,7
1385	430	409		43,6
1420	440	418		44,5
1455	450	428		45,3
1485	460	437		46,1
1520	470	447		46,9
1555	480	(456)		47,7
1595	490	(466)		48,4
1630	500	(475)		49,1
1665	510	(485)		49,8
1700	520	(494)		50,5
1740	530	(504)		51,1
1775	540	(513)		51,7
1810	550	(523)		52,3
1845	560	(532)		53,0
1880	570	(542)		53,6
1920	580	(551)		54,1
1955	590	(561)		54,7
1995	600	(570)		55,2
2030	610	(580)		55,7
2070	620	(589)		56,3
2105	630	(599)		56,8
2145	640	(608)		57,3
2180	650	(618)		57,8
	660			58,3
	670			58,8
	680			59,2
	690			59,7
	700			60,1
	720			61,0
	740			61,8
	760			62,5
	780			63,3
	800			64,0
	820			64,7
	840			65,3
	860			65,9
	880			66,4
	900			67,0
	920			67,5
	940			68,0

Values from standards DIN 50150, EN ISO 18265, ISO/TR 10108, ASTM E 140

## Summary of TDC for tube groups according to application

Tube group	EN	DIN	BS	NF A	UNI	ČSN,STN	GOST	PN-H	ASTM A ASME SA	JIS	ISO	
Hollow structural sections	10210-1 (10025)	17121, 17124 (17100)		49-501		42 0250	8731 (1050, 19281)		A 500 A 501	G 3444	6302	
For machine parts and general use	10294-1 10297-1 10083-1-3 10084	1629, 1630 17200 17204 17210	6323/1,2	49-311 49-312	663 7729	42 0250	8731	74219 (84018) (84019) (84023/7)	A 53 A 519	G 3445	2937 2938	
P r e s s u r e	For room temperatures	10216-1	1629, 1630	3601	49-112 49-210	7287	42 0250	8731, (1050)	74219 (84023/7)	A 53	G 3454 G 3455	9329-1
	For elevated temperatures (boiler)	10216-2	17175	3059/1,2 3602-1 3604-1	49-211 49-213	5462	42 0251	8731 TU14-3-190 TU14-3-460 4543,20072	74252 (84024)	A 106, A 192 A 209, A 210 A 213, A 335 A 556	G 3456 G 3458 G 3461 G 3462	9329-2
	Alloy fine grain steels	10216-3	17179									
	For low temperatures	10216-4	17173	3603	49-215	5949	42 0165			A333, A 334		9329-3
	For heat exchangers	10216-2 10216-4	17173 (17174) 17175 (17177) (28180, 28181)	3606	49-215 49-243 49-245	5462 5949	42 0165 42 0251	550 1060		A 179, A 178 A 214 A 333, A 334	G 3461 G 3462	6758 6759
For welding and threading	10224 10255	2440, 2441 (2442), 2460	1387	49-115	8863 6363	42 0250	3262	74220 74200	A 53 A 795	G 3452	65 559	
Line pipe	10208-1 10208-2	2470-1/1629 2470-2/17172			7088				API 5L ISO 3183-1,2		3183	
Casing and Tubing									API 5 CT ISO 11 960		11960	
Precision seamless cold drawn standard tubes	10305-1	2391-2	6323/1,4	49-310 49-312	7945	42 0260	8733 12132, 21729	74240 (74220)	A 519	G 3445	3304	
Cylinder tubes HPZ and HP	Precision tubes from steel St 52, E 355 Type HPZ for mechanical treatment, Type HP - "ready to use"											
For hydraulic lines	10305-4	2391-2c/2445-2	7416	49-330	7945	42 0260		74245	A 822	JOHS-102		
Injection tubes	Deliveries upon agreement only (ČSN 42 6718, DIN 73000, ISO 8535-1)											
Bearing tubes	ISO 683-17	17230										
Cold sized welded tubes	10305-3 (10305-5)	2394-2 (2395-2)	6323/1,5	49-646	7947	42 0142 (42 6713)	10707	74241	A 513	G 3445	3306	
	10305-2 10305-6	2393-2	6323/1,6		7946	42 0142 42 6714			A 513 A 512		3305	
Buttwelding fittings	10253-1,2	2609	1965-1	49-186		ŽP05-05			A 234, A 420		3419	
Submerged arc welded steel tubes and pipes	TDC Standards – see survey table on page 102											

## Contacts

### Železiarne Podbrezová a.s.

Kolkáreň 35, 976 81 Podbrezová, Slovakia

Exchange tel: +421/48/645 1111

http: //www.zelpo.sk, www.steeltube.sk

e-mail: admin@zelpo.sk

### Sales

- Sales of cold-drawn tubes:

inland +421/48/645 3085, 645 3086, 645 3077

+421/48/645 3050

export +421/48/645 3041, 645 3045, 645 3046

- Sales of hot-finished tubes:

inland +421/48/645 3081, 645 3074

export +421/48/645 3041, 645 3034, 645 3046, 645 3037

- Sales of elbows and welded tubes:

inland +421/48/645 3083, 645 3075

export +421/48/645 3034, 645 3037

- Sales of tube semiproducts:

inland +421/48/645 3076

export +421/48/645 3045, 645 3046

- Sales of steel blooms:

inland +421/48/645 3083

export +421/48/645 3034, 645 3037

- fax:

+421/48/645 3032, 645 3042, 645 3072

### Commercial representatives:

#### PIPEX Italia S.p.A.

Via Paleocapa 10, 28041 Arona (Novara), Italy

tel.: +39/0322/235511

fax: +39/0322/44688

e-mail: info@pipex.it

www.pipex.it

#### ŽP TRADE Bohemia a.s.

Ztracená 272, 161 00 Praha 6, Czech Republic

tel.: +420/235 301 190, 235 300 731

fax: +420/235 300 760

e-mail: business@zptrade.cz

#### SLOVRUR Sp. z o.o.

ul. Brandwicka 138, 37-464 Stalowa Wola, Poland

tel.: +48/15/844 80 45-6, 844 80 51, 844 80 95

fax: +48/15/842 02 34

e-mail: slovrur@fg.onet.pl

www.slovrur.pl

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